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PRESIDENT RUBIO WOUNDED.

SIX BULLETS POUR INTO CAR.

SENSATIONAL CLIMAX TO INAUGURATION.

MEXICAN YOUTH'S MAD ATTACK.

THREE PEOPLE HIT.

Mexico City, Feb. 5. A dastardly attempt at assassination of the new President, Senator Ortiz Rubio, fortunately without fatal consequences, was made to-day at the conclusion of the ceremony of the Presidential Inauguration.

A youth jumping forward from the huge crowd, fired six shots at the new President, who was wounded in the face.

The shots were fired just as President Rubio's car was leaving the Palace after the swearing-in of the Cabinet.

One shot hit a bystander, who was sent to hospital, while the assailant was immediately placed under arrest. The wound he sustained was taken before the Minister for War and subjected to a close interrogation, but he refused to answer questions. The authorities expressed the opinion that he was a religious fanatic.

Secrecy For Some Time. For some time, no official information was disclosed regarding the effect of the rain of bullets at President Rubio's car.

Eventually, it was officially announced that a bullet had struck the President in the jaw, and that the bullet had lodged itself.

Some time later, the doctors summoned to attend the injured announced that the bullet had been extracted and that President Rubio's condition is not serious.

Further details of the sensational incident were not forthcoming until some time later when a statement was made to Press representatives.

Wife's Narrow Escape. It appears that several of the bullets passed through the car. One of the shots grazed the President's wife, while his little niece, Senora Ofelia Ortega, was slightly wounded.

Another bullet shattered the windscreen, showering glass over the chauffeur, Rubio's secretary, his sister-in-law and Senora Ortega.

Political Outrage. Later, it appears that the assailant is twenty-two years of age. He has admitted that he is an adherent of Vasconcellos, the candidate of the "Anti-Reelectionist" Party, whom Rubio defeated in the Presidential election.

Over fifty thousand people had thronged the great National Stadium to witness the inaugural ceremony, which terminated in such dramatic fashion.

Presidential Address. President Ortiz Rubio, in a speech which was loudly applauded, pledged the Government to five years of hard work. He promised an immediate attack on outstanding economic and social problems.

The President also warned counter-revolutionaries that the social movement, championed by the Revolutionary Governments of Mexico, was a fait accompli. The restoration of a Conservative, even of a Moderate, system was impossible, because the country was intent upon the radical work of regaining the heritage of its race.

1928 Murder Recalled. President Ortiz Rubio was today succeeding Emilio Portes Gil as President of Mexico. The latter's period of office in the Presidency was short, he having

NANKING'S LOAN DEALINGS.

PRIOR FOREIGN CLAIMS IGNORED.

ACTION DEMANDED.

London, Feb. 6. This morning's newspapers give prominence to a report upon economic conditions in China, compiled by Sir H. H. Fox, the Commercial Counselor to H. M. Legation in Peking, and Mr. H. J. Brett, Commercial Secretary to the Legation, and published by the Department of Overseas Trade.

The Press, in commenting upon the views set forth, pay particular attention to the question of Chinese foreign loans.

The City Editor of the Morning Post for example, contrasts the smooth working of the domestic loans raised by the Nanking Government with the default in payments on the foreign loans.

He says that the fact that domestic loans are secured upon the increased Customs revenue, regardless of the prior claims of foreign loans, would appear to call for concerted action on the part of foreign bond-holders.—*Reuter.*

COMPROMISE ON THE DOLE BILL.

HOUSE OF LORDS ACCEPTS AMENDMENT.

London, Feb. 5. Lord Parmoor, for the Government, moved in the House of Lords to-day the compromise amendment passed by the House of Commons yesterday to the Dole Bill.

He said the compromise amendment did not delete the time-limit imposed by the House of Lords upon the operation of the Bill, but it extended the limit of one year to June, 1933.

Lord Salisbury, for the Conservatives, said he did not intend to ask the House to refuse the motion, which was thereupon passed without a division.

The deadlock between the House of Lords and the House of Commons over this matter was thus ended.—*British Wireless.*

EX-PRESIDENT TAFT DYING.

TWO SONS SUMMONED TO HIS BEDSIDE.

Washington, Feb. 5. Little hope is now entertained for the recovery of Mr. William Howard Taft, who collapsed suddenly recently and has been seriously ill ever since.

The doctors say that high blood pressure has developed and this may cause heart failure at any time.

Mr. Taft's two sons have been summoned to the bedside from Cincinnati while President Hoover and Mrs. Hoover visited the dying ex-President yesterday afternoon.—*Reuter's American Service.*

LINERS HAVE STORMY PASSAGE.

DAMAGE ON BOARD U.S. SHIP MINNEKAHDA.

New York, Feb. 5. Three Atlantic liners, the Cameronia, Dresden and Minnekahta, arrived in New York to-day, just three days late, as a result of serious fogs, heavy gales and stormy seas.

Nobody was injured in the crossing, but a huge sea shipped by the Minnekahta on Friday damaged her lifeboats, smashed some of her ventilators and tore away fifteen feet of railing. The smoking room was flooded.—*Reuter's American Service.*

FUTURE UNIONIST POLICY.

MR. BALDWIN ALL FOR SAFEGUARDING.

LEANS TOWARDS EMPIRE FREE TRADE MOVEMENT.

TRADE CONFERENCES.

London, Feb. 5. Concentrating on the fiscal question, which is rapidly becoming a dominant issue of domestic politics, Mr. Stanley Baldwin, the Conservative ex-Premier, made a pronouncement of the future Conservative policy before a crowded party audience at the Coliseum Theatre in London to-day. He visualised the event of his return to power and said that to cope with unemployment he must have a free hand in safeguarding the manufactures of the country.

The Conservatives, he went on, could never co-operate in the present Government's efforts to arrange a tariff treaty. He roundly denounced Mr. Graham's efforts in this direction, declaring:

Bows and Arrows. "It is like a country armed with bows and arrows making arrangements with a country armed with modern artillery that they will not add another bow and arrow to their armament for another two years."

"We have never used modern artillery. It is time we did. We have used it in a limited way in the form of target practice in safeguarding duties. We believe safeguarding duties to be a thoroughly efficient modern weapon adapted to the circumstances of a time where the circumstances of industry vary so infinitely as they do in this country."

Retaliation Urged. We could not begin to maintain the standards of our own people, he continued, unless we had power to use the principle of safeguarding freely and to retaliate with it.

We could use the principle of safeguarding in making trades with foreign countries, added the ex-Premier.

The Government themselves, he declared, should accept the responsibility of recommending to the House of Commons what industries should be safeguarded. Under his last Government applications for safeguarding were dealt with by committees set up by the Board of Trade.

Empire As A Unit. Mr. Baldwin then stressed the necessity, if the Empire is to persist, in the visualisation of the whole of the Empire as a unit, and he advocated a process of rationalisation of the dominant industries of Great Britain and the Dominions. We want to rationalise Imperially, he declared.

Inter-Imperial co-operation was an essential. There should be conferences between Home and Colonial industrial representatives to adjust safeguarding and mutual preferences, to agree on combined research and to provide further selling arrangements.

"Whether the day may come," he went on, "when the British Empire may become a unit in the sense that the United States is a unit, whether it may be guarded by one tariff with a vast area of free trade within, I know not. These things are of the distant future, but one thing I am assured, and that is proceeding step by step along the course I have recommended to you to-day, is the safest and surest to take."

Imperial Rationalisation. Mr. Baldwin said he had been trying to find what could be done to rationalise industry Imperially and not merely domestically, and he felt that every effort should be made to effect arrangements between industries (not politicians) of Great Britain and the corresponding industries in the Dominions and India.

He was absolutely opposed to the proposed tariff, because it was essential that no European commitments should be made which would prevent us from extending the policy of preference in the future.—*(Continued on Page 3.)*

CHURCH CONFLICT WITH STATE.

DISESTABLISHMENT URGED BY BISHOP.

YORK'S RESOLUTION.

London, Feb. 5. The most fateful gathering of leading Churchmen since the rejection of the Revised Prayer Book by the House of Commons was held in London to-day, and an earnest discussion regarding the future of the Church and its relation to Parliament ensued.

The gathering was the usual Church Assembly, held at Westminster, and a strong leaning towards Disestablishment was shown among a very strong section.

After a long debate, the Church Assembly passed a resolution, moved by the Archbishop of York, in favour of the appointment of a Commission by the Archbishops "to inquire into the present relations

SIR CECIL CLEMENTI IN SINGAPORE.

Huge Crowd Assembles For Official Landing.

AN AERIAL ESCORT.

Singapore, Feb. 5. His Excellency Sir Cecil Clementi, the new Governor of the Straits Settlements and High Commissioner for the F.M.S., arrived here to-day aboard the P. and O. liner Mantua, which was escorted into port by "Moth" aeroplanes belonging to the Flying Club.

His official landing was witnessed by an extremely large crowd, including many Asiatics. Subsequently, His Excellency proceeded to the Council chamber, where he took the oath of allegiance and received an address of welcome from representatives of all the communities.—*Our Own Correspondent.*

CHINESE LEAVES \$102,000.

PROPERTY REQUESTS TO FAMILY.

Hongkong estate to the value of \$102,000 was left by Jan Chan, otherwise Tse Chan, otherwise Tse Wan-man, otherwise Jay Wan-man, who died at No. 5, Sui Terrace, Hongkong on, or about September 22, 1928.

Probate has been granted to the executrix and executors appointed by the will, Jay Fong-shi (widow), Jay Yan-wa and Jay Kwok-wa (sons).

Testator left everything to his family including the following property:—No. 132, Connaught Road Central, No. 4a Chung Lane, No. 47, Square Street and No. 5, Sui Wah Fong.

BRITAIN AWARDED A SPEED TROPHY.

PRESENTATION MADE AT WASHINGTON.

Washington, Feb. 5. Senator Bingham to-day presented the Thompson Speed Trophy, won by Great Britain in the Schneider Trophy races in September, to Sir Esmé Howard, the British Ambassador.

The presentation was made at the British Embassy and the trophy will remain there until a new record has been established.

A smaller model of the trophy becomes the permanent possession of the record-breaker squadron leader, Sir Esmé Howard.—*Reuter's American Service.*

MUKDEN & SHANSI ALLIANCE.

CHANG HSUEH-LIANG'S OVERTURES.

IMPORTANT DEVELOPMENTS IN THE NORTH.

CHIANG'S ANXIETY.

Peking, Feb. 5. A strong appeal for harmony among the Nationalist leaders and a plea that they should sink their differences in order to preserve the peace of the country was made by General Chang Hsueh-liang in a lengthy telegram to Marshal Yen Hsi-shan yesterday.

General Chan suggests co-operation with the Shansi Governor, with the preservation of tranquillity in North China and the unification of the country as the first objective.

This statement is considered to be most significant as the wording of the telegram is regarded as tantamount to a proposal by the Manchurian Government to negotiate an alliance with Shansi. Such an alliance would certainly result in important political consequences.

Advice to Yen.

General Chang Hsueh-liang also congratulates Marshal Yen Hsi-shan on his success in suppressing the Tang Seng-chi revolt in Honan Province within a comparatively short period.

Referring to the best means of stabilising the North China situation, General Chang urges Marshal Yen to establish his Military Command at Peking at the earliest possible opportunity, assuming the post of Assistant Commander-in-Chief of the Nationalists.

The appointment of Marshal Yen was made at Nanking last month, during the Tang Seng-chi revolt, and this post is second in rank only to that of Marshal Chiang Kai-shek.

Replying to the cable, Marshal Yen wired from Taiyuanfu on Tuesday stating that with the extermination of the anti-revolutionary troops in North China the establishment of the new Military Command at Peking could be postponed.

Visit Deferred.

Marshal Yen added that his visit to Peking would be deferred for the time being. He endorses the suggestion of sincere co-operation between Mukden and Peking and expresses hearty gratitude for the attitude of the Mukden militarists towards the Shansi administration.

Marshal Yen concludes by assuring the "Young General" that Shansi will always be ready to put the welfare of the country above its own ends.

While it would be premature to suggest that some of the Northern militarists are at loggerheads, it is interesting to note that General Liu Chen-hui, Marshal Chiang Kai-shek's personal representative, arrived at Taiyuanfu on Monday evening for the purpose of interviewing Marshal Yen Hsi-shan.

Nanking's Orders.

General Lu has submitted a lengthy report of the military administration at Nanking to Marshal Yen, informing him of the National Government's decision to entrust all military affairs in North and North-Western China to him. Yesterday, General Chao, representing Marshal Yen on an important mission, departed from Shansi for Nanking to see Marshal Chiang.

The Chief of Staff of the Nationalist troops, General Chu Feh-teh, a close associate of Marshal Chiang, has tendered his resignation. Official circles are reticent about this development.

"At a meeting of the Central Political Council in Nanking yesterday it was decided to reorganise the Anhui Provincial Government by appointing General To Chen-chun, former Peking military leader, as Chairman of the new Anhui Provincial Council, which will consist of ten new Commissioners. The Commissioners of Finance, Civil Affairs, Education and Reconstruction have all been changed."

BRITAIN'S NAVAL REDUCTIONS.

NOT A POLICY OF UNILATERAL DISARMAMENT.

COMMONS QUESTIONS.

London, Feb. 5. The Government was closely questioned in the House of Commons to-day regarding the naval reduction recently decided upon, Mr. A. V. Alexander, the First Lord of the Admiralty, being asked what had led up to the decision.

He replied that the decision had been reached in pursuance of the declared naval policy of Government, a full statement of which was made by the Premier on July 24th. That statement made it clear that as progress was made with that policy, a reduction in the present new construction programme by way, either of suspension or cancellation, was probable.

After the fullest and most thorough examination by the Government of our naval needs and also after consideration of the economical use of public money, the Government considered the revised provision now made was adequate.

Asked what steps it was proposed to take to meet the decrease in employment occasioned by a further abandonment in naval construction, Mr. Alexander said the situation was engaging the attention of Admiralty. So far it had been found possible to carry out the reduction without reducing dockyard employment.

Later Sir Charles Cawston asked if the Premier intended to pursue a policy of unilateral disarmament regardless of the facts and circumstances.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald replied: "Certainly not. This is a well-devised programme, consistent with and well within the requirements of national security.—*Reuter and British Wireless.*"

SOVIET MASSACRE REPORT.

DESCRIBED AS RIDICULOUS INVENTION.

Moscow, Feb. 5. The shocking report, emanating from Riga, and published throughout the world, of the supposed massacre in Russia of hundreds of former Tsarist naval officers, who had refused to join the Sovietised Navy, is officially described as a "ridiculous invention of the Riga White Guard Press."—*Reuter.*

NEW POLICE CHIEF IN WASHINGTON.

PRESIDENT HOOVER MAKES SPECIAL APPOINTMENT.

Washington, Feb. 5. President Hoover has prevailed upon Major-General H.B. Crosby, the senior cavalry officer in the American Army, to accept the post of Commissioner of Police in Washington "in order to ensure that the Capital shall be free of organised crime."—*Reuter's American Service.*

SOVIET JUSTICE.

FOUR ALLEGED DEALERS IN FORGERIES SHOT.

Riga, Feb. 5. The four Monarchist officers, Schiller, Gaier, Fedoroff and Kartashev, whom the Soviet Supreme Court sentenced to death on January 23 for alleged distribution of forged Cheveronetz notes, have been shot.—*Reuter.*

SIX CRUISERS GO FOR \$286,000.

AMERICA GETS RID OF SOME OBSOLETE CRAFT.

Washington, Feb. 5. The Acting Secretary of the Navy Department has approved the sale of six obsolete cruisers, including the USS Charleston, the price being \$286,000.—*Reuter's American Service.*

SLOW MOTION AT CONFERENCE.

DOMINION DELEGATES FRETTING.

PLENARY SESSION CALLED AT THEIR URGE.

THE TONNAGE ISSUE.

London, Feb. 5. Some very frank speaking about the apparent tardiness of progress at the London Naval Conference developed as a result of a special meeting of the delegates from the British Dominions this afternoon.

It was felt that things were going well, but too slowly.

Professor Smiddy, the chief representative of the Irish Free State, was subsequently the spokesman of the Empire representatives at a meeting of the heads of the delegation when this aspect of the Conference was especially raised and the criticism generally endorsed.

Submarines Problem.

The French delegates also revealed themselves as disappointed at the state of affairs, and it was therefore decided to call a plenary meeting to deal specifically with the future of submarines. On this point, there is disagreement. Britain and America are in favour of abolition. Italy is inclined in that direction. It is hoped that, at the least, very substantial reductions will be achieved.

In the meantime, to-morrow's meeting will again tackle the crucial question of global tonnage versus limitation by categories.

To-morrow's Meeting.

The meeting of the heads of the delegations took place this evening. It was decided that the plenary session mentioned should be held on Tuesday next and that it should commence at eleven o'clock in the morning.

To-morrow's meeting which opens at three o'clock in the afternoon will be a meeting of the First Committee, the committee of the whole of the delegates.

France and Britain. Proceedings to-day were entirely preparatory. The meeting at St. James's Palace to-night followed a special meeting of Mr. H. L. Stimson, the principal American delegate, Mr. Tardieu, the French Premier, and Mr. Ramsay MacDonald to consider the position reached at yesterday's meeting of the First Committee.

It is now stated that the French standpoint has not been varied, this apparently meaning that they have not indicated their willingness to accept the counter-compromise submitted by Great Britain.

Mr. Tardieu arrived back in London from Paris afternoon, being met at the station by Mr. Briand and the other members of the French delegation. He returns to Paris again on Friday.

Optimistic Forecast.

French satisfaction with the progress of the Conference, as indicated in the communiqué issued by the French Cabinet after explanations by Mr. Tardieu and Mr. Briand, earlier this week, is further shown by the opinion expressed in French quarters in London to-day that the Conference will have concluded its labours three weeks from now.

The Dominions delegates are interviewing Mr. Ramsay MacDonald to suggest that some means might be devised for speeding up the proceedings. It is made clear that the Empire delegates are entirely satisfied that the work is progressing along lines entirely satisfactory, but they feel that quicker movement is possible without danger.

To-night eight hundred guests attended a Government Reception at Admiralty House in honour of the Conference. Those present included nearly every member of the different delegations, many members of the British Cabinet and many members of former Cabinets.—*Reuter and British Wireless.*

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SENT FOR TRIAL.

HAICHING CASE ENDS AT MAGISTRACY.

The culminating point in the prosecution of three Chinese in connexion with the Haiching piracy was reached yesterday at the Central Magistracy when Mr. Hamilton committed Lam Hing and Lam Ming, the first and third defendants, for trial at the next Criminal Session, there to stand their trial on charges of murder and piracy. The Magistrate discharged Chan Ma-ying, the second defendant, expressing himself satisfied that there was no evidence to justify his committal.

The prosecution of the three men, which has been conducted by Mr. L. R. Andrewes, the assistant Crown Solicitor, has occupied the attention of the Senior Magistrate for several weeks, the row having produced nearly thirty witnesses. The actual charges which they faced, and which the two committed men will have to answer at the Supreme Court are in connexion with the murder of Mr. Woodward, the third officer of the s.s. Haiching, the murder of the Indian guard, and with assault with intent to commit a piracy. All three men were described as Namsham Hokios.

Yesterday's proceedings opened with evidence on behalf of the prosecution by Sergeant Mottram. He said that on December 8, he went out to sea on board H.M.S. Scarpis and was later transferred to H.M.S. Sterling. On the latter ship he saw a number of Chinese. At his request members of the crew of the Haiching were separated from the passengers, and he later took the names from about 40 Chinese males. The tenth name on his list was that of Chan Ma-ying, the second defendant.

A Sergeant Interpreter, who assisted Sergeant Mottram in his examination of the Chinese on board the Sterling, said that he recognised the second defendant as being one of the men they interrogated.

Mr. L. R. Andrewes said that that brought his case to a finish.

Defence Reserved.

The first defendant was then cautioned, after which Mr. Hamilton said: "It is my duty to tell you that you are being committed to the Supreme Court for trial on these three charges, and that a barrister will be allowed by the Crown to defend you: I am prepared to write down anything you may say, and will also take down any depositions from any witnesses you may like to call."

First defendant:—I will make my statement at the Supreme Court. I reserve my defence.

Mr. Hamilton:—Have you any witnesses?—I want to call my master.

Mr. Hamilton:—Where can we find him?

Mr. Andrewes:—We have tried to find him, but have been unable to do so.

The first defendant said that he could be found in Chinese territory. The next witness he wished to call was Wong Tin-fat, of Shataukok.

Mr. Murphy:—We have him here.

Mr. Hamilton:—Bring him in the Court then.

The man was brought in and was identified by the defendant, who then said that he had a third witness, Chan Hung of Shataukok.

He was also present and was identified by the defendant.

The first defendant then said, "I want to call these three men."

Mr. Hamilton:—We can't find the first one, but you have the other two.

First defendant:—Yes, I will call these two men.

Jumped into the Sea.

The second defendant, after being duly cautioned, said "I want to make a short statement here. I was a passenger only. I did not commit any crime at all. On account of the row that was being made, I went up to the main deck and jumped into the water because I was frightened. Then I was saved by the crew of the Haiching, who took me on board a man-of-war."

OBITUARY.

DEATH OF R. N. DOCKYARD EMPLOYEE.

The death occurred at the Royal Naval Hospital, on Monday night, of Mr. Samuel Buckley Platt, a member of the Chief Engineer's Department of the Royal Naval Yard.

The late Mr. Platt had only been a resident of the Colony for 18 months, but during that time he had come to be held in high regard by a large number of friends. He was a member of the Craigengower Croquet Club, and of the Dockyard Recreation Club. Death occurred from diabetes, after Mr. Platt had been an inmate of the R. N. Hospital for over a fortnight.

At the funeral, which was held at the Protestant Cemetery, Happy Valley, on Tuesday afternoon, a large number of friends and colleagues were present, the service being conducted by the Rev. C. H. Hewitt, Royal Naval Dockyard Chaplain.

Wreaths were sent by the following:—Commodore R. A. S. Hill, Officers and staff, Chief Engineer's Department, No. 1 Fitters, Chief Engineer's Department, officers and staff, O.C.W.'s Department, the storekeeping staff, Naval Store Department, Chief Constructor's Office staff, the Electrical Department, the storekeeping staff, Naval Store Department, members of the Commander of Dockyard's staff, staff of the R.N. Armament Depot, the chargemen, Chief Engineer's Department, the Civil Secretary and Cashier, the European office staff, Naval Store Department, members of the Royal Naval Yard Police, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur A. Lopez, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Basto, Mr. L. E. Basto, Mr. Pun Ping-nam; members of the Dockyard Recreation Club, Professional Officers' Society, the Agreement Employees' Association, the Commissioned and D.O.'s Club, the R.D. and A.T.O.A.

count of the row that was being made, I went up to the main deck and jumped into the water because I was frightened. Then I was saved by the crew of the Haiching, who took me on board a man-of-war."

Mr. Hamilton:—Do you wish to call any witnesses?—My master is not in the Colony now, but we have dealings with a pig dealer in Hongkong.

It was stated by the prosecution that a representative of the firm whom the second defendant named was in Court.

Mr. Hamilton said that it was not necessary to call him, as there was no case against the second defendant, except that Mr. de Mello thought he saw him on board the Haiching.

The third defendant said that he wished to reserve his defence for the Supreme Court. He would make no statement now.

Subsequently he added "Your Worship, I am hungry and I can't speak. I want to know if I am allowed to speak at the Supreme Court. When my time comes I have a lot to say."

Third Man Discharged.

Mr. Hamilton assured him that he would have the opportunity of speaking as much as he liked and that he would be defended by a barrister.

Third defendant:—I shall have no witnesses.

Addressing Chan Ma-ying, the second defendant, Mr. Hamilton said:—I am of the opinion that the evidence given in this Court is not sufficiently strong against you to justify your being committed to the Supreme Court. Therefore on these two charges of murder and one of piracy, I shall discharge you.

To the first and third defendants, His Worship said that they were committed to the next Criminal Session at the Supreme Court, where they would stand their trial on the three charges.

WOMAN'S IDEALS.

PLACE AND INFLUENCE IN THE WORLD.

The place and influence of woman in the world was the subject of an interesting and most instructive lecture, given by Father R. W. Gallagher, S.J., at the St. Patrick's Club yesterday evening, a large number of members and friends being present.

Addressing the audience, Father Gallagher said that though the first tremors of the modern movement to improve the status of woman were felt as far back as the middle of the 17th century, it was not until within the last 70 years that interest in the question was really aroused. It was undoubtedly called for, because of the worse-than-slave conditions in which woman was being exploited when the agitation started. It went too far, however, as it tried to make her in all things equal to man. It endeavoured to bridge a gap of God's own making and so injured as well as benefitted the object of its endeavours.

The speaker pointed out that in pagan countries the position of woman was completely subordinate. She was the chattel or property of man and had no right even in determining the most important event of her life. In the most polished civilisations of antiquity, Rome, Greece and Egypt, the position, in varying degrees, was the same. Polygamy and divorce were the right of the man, not the woman.

Influence of Christianity.

The teaching of Christ first opened men's eyes, monogamous marriages being restored and raised to the dignity of a Sacrament. Man and woman were to form an indissoluble partnership of morally equal beings. Christ declared the woman to be absolutely free to marry or not. Another factor in the elevation of woman was the glory of Mary, the Mother of God. Down the centuries she had been the ideal of Art, and the chivalry of the Middle Ages immortalized its courtesy towards and its reverence for womanhood in the beauty of its Madonnas.

Continuing, the lecturer said that the line along which the greatest effort was expended was the line of education. Although there were many clever women, education up to the 19th century was considered a superfluity for women. The pioneer of the movement to rectify this state of affairs was Frances Mary Buss, the results of her efforts being the presence to-day of schools and colleges everywhere.

The movement aimed at giving the girl the same education as the boy but had it done its best? The girl's destiny was not the same as that of the boy! Education should be the process of developing individuals so as to enable them to fulfil their particular roles in the most perfect way. Children were not educated but were made learned.

Woman's Fame.

The speaker asked if woman was less intelligent than man and indirectly answered the question by tracing the deeds of the many women of fame, but of the individual woman he could say nothing. After pointing out that men were invariably entrusted with the destinies of a nation the lecturer gave an interesting comparison of his investigations of names in books worthy of note in the great divisions of knowledge. The subjects he had selected, however, were subjects in which women, as a rule, took no interest, but he was astonished at the results of his tour through musicians and artists. These were branches which appealed to women and yet out of 69 great composers not one was a woman, of 48 modern composers of note only one was a woman, Mrs. H. H. Beach. Among the great masters of painting and sculpture there was not a single woman. He was not, however, denying that there have been and were first class women musicians and artists.

In one way woman's place in the world was bigger and more im-

A LABOUR DISPUTE.

RICE-CARRYING COOLIES' WAGES.

A labour dispute, which may produce serious consequences affecting over a thousand Chinese labourers, has arisen, following an attempt by Chinese rice firms at Nam Pak Hong to decrease the wages of the rice-carriers.

It is understood that rice firms, purchasing rice from the producing centres where a gold money standard is used, have been hard hit owing to the low exchange value of silver. To remedy the high cost of rice the firms now contemplate decreasing the wages of the labourers by 80 per cent. The decision to decrease wages was announced to the labourers yesterday through the foremen.

Enquiries made at Nam Pak Hong disclose that the rice and sugar firms are working together to find means to overcome the difficulty of exchange and it is understood that if they succeed in convincing the labourers of the necessity of decreasing wages the next step will be to secure a reduction of the charges of the steamship companies for the transportation of rice.

Union's Attitude.

It is estimated that well over 1,000 Chinese labourers in the employ of rice firms will be affected by this change. These workers belong to the Tung Tak Labour Union, which claims a membership roll of 20,000. The officials of the Tung Tak Union told a representative of the Press yesterday that the labourers were adamant in refusing to comply with the demand for a decrease, which, they said, would affect them seriously considering the high cost of living. The Union, on behalf of its members, has written to the Rice Firms' Association pointing out that the labourers decline to accept the change.

It is expected that there will be a meeting in one or two days between the officials of the Labour Union and rice firm owners, when it is hoped that an amicable solution to the dispute may be reached.

portant than man's. Before the advent of machinery woman lived the life for which she was created but with the coming of machinery she became the rival of man. New avenues of pleasure were open to her, making her discontented with her lot and ruining her appreciation of moral values. Her sense of modesty and reserve is not what it was. Books were now read unblushingly by girls.

Modern Girls Independent.

The modern girl was independent and was not content to do nothing and stay at home after her school days were over. For that she deserved all praise. She was, on the whole, healthier and better than her sisters of not many years ago but she was exposed to dangers which they did not meet and about which they knew nothing.

Before speaking of the wonderful work that women had done and were still doing the speaker mentioned that the thing which struck one most was prone to be unduly stressed. Generalisations which were not justified were often made. The modern young woman, whose conduct deserved censure, was in the very small minority. Were it otherwise there would be very little hope for this poor old earth of ours. Most women realised their work in life and did it.

The lecturer then commented upon the work woman was doing in various professions, mentioning in particular teaching, nursing, prayer, motherhood and sanctity.

In conclusion, the speaker said that woman was as great in the sight of God as man. Her influence in the things that really counted was greater. Her aim should be not emancipation in the

POPULAR VICTOR DANCE RECORDS

- | | | |
|-------|-----------------------------|--------|
| 22215 | Campus Capers. | F.T. |
| | (Sophomore Prom.) | F.T. |
| 22204 | Through. | F.T. |
| | (Why Do You Suppose) | F.T. |
| 22203 | Chant of the Jungle. | F.T. |
| | (That Wonderful Some-thing) | F.T. |
| 22118 | Canto-Siboney. | TANGO. |
| | (No Orles.) | TANGO. |
| 22197 | Deep in the Arm. | F.T. |
| | (I'll Close my Eyes.) | F.T. |
| 92194 | My Sweetest than Sweet | F.T. |
| | (A Year from Today.) | F.T. |
| 22187 | Why was I Born. | F.T. |
| | (Here Am I.) | F.T. |
| 22185 | I Can Do Wonders. | F.T. |
| | (My Man is on the Make.) | F.T. |
| 22158 | You Made Me Happy. | F.T. |
| | (There is Too Many Eyes.) | F.T. |

TSANG FOOK PIANO CO.

8, Des Vaux Road, Central.

(Entrance Ice House Street.)

Telephone C. 4648.

ASAHI BEER

BEST QUALITY LAGER BEER

Specially Brewed for Export.

Dai Nippon Brewery Co., Ltd.
Tokyo, Japan.

Sole Agents:—

Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, Limited.
Hongkong

sense of throwing off all restraint; she should emancipate herself from all that might lower her dignity. She should shine as an example to others in whatever calling she be. Thus and only thus would woman be really free and take the place which God intended she should in this world and the next.

Gets you well

and keeps you well that is the object of SCOTT'S Emulsion which builds, nourishes and strengthens. Your doctor knows it. Ask for

SCOTT'S Emulsion
The protector of life

SALESMAN \$AM

JUST AS SAM AND GULL GOT ALL THEIR FINE FURS OUT ON DISPLAY, IN CAME THE WEALTHY FUR BUYER, WHOM SAM MET IN CHICAGO—

WHOOPEE! LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS IS GONNA BOOM.

MR. GULL, MEET MR. SNIGGLE! HE'S THE GENT I'VE BEEN TELLIN' YA ABOUT—CAME ALL THE WAY TO OUR TOWN, AND TO OUR STORE, BECAUSE HE'S LOOKIN' FOR THE BEST IN FURS!

GULL TO MR. SNIGGLE: I'VE SURE COME TO THE RIGHT PLACE!

MR. SNIGGLE: I'VE SURE COME TO THE RIGHT PLACE!

Sam Muffs On

JUST LOOK AT OUR FURS! FINEST EVER! GOWN! BEAR SKIN, SEAL SKIN, WALRUS SKIN, SEAL SKIN, WALRUS SKIN, SEAL SKIN—YA CAN'T BUY ANYTHING BETTER ANYWHERE!

I BELIEVE YOU'RE RIGHT! MY SEAL SKIN TAKE MY EYE! I'VE GONNA DO MY BUYIN' RIGHT HERE!

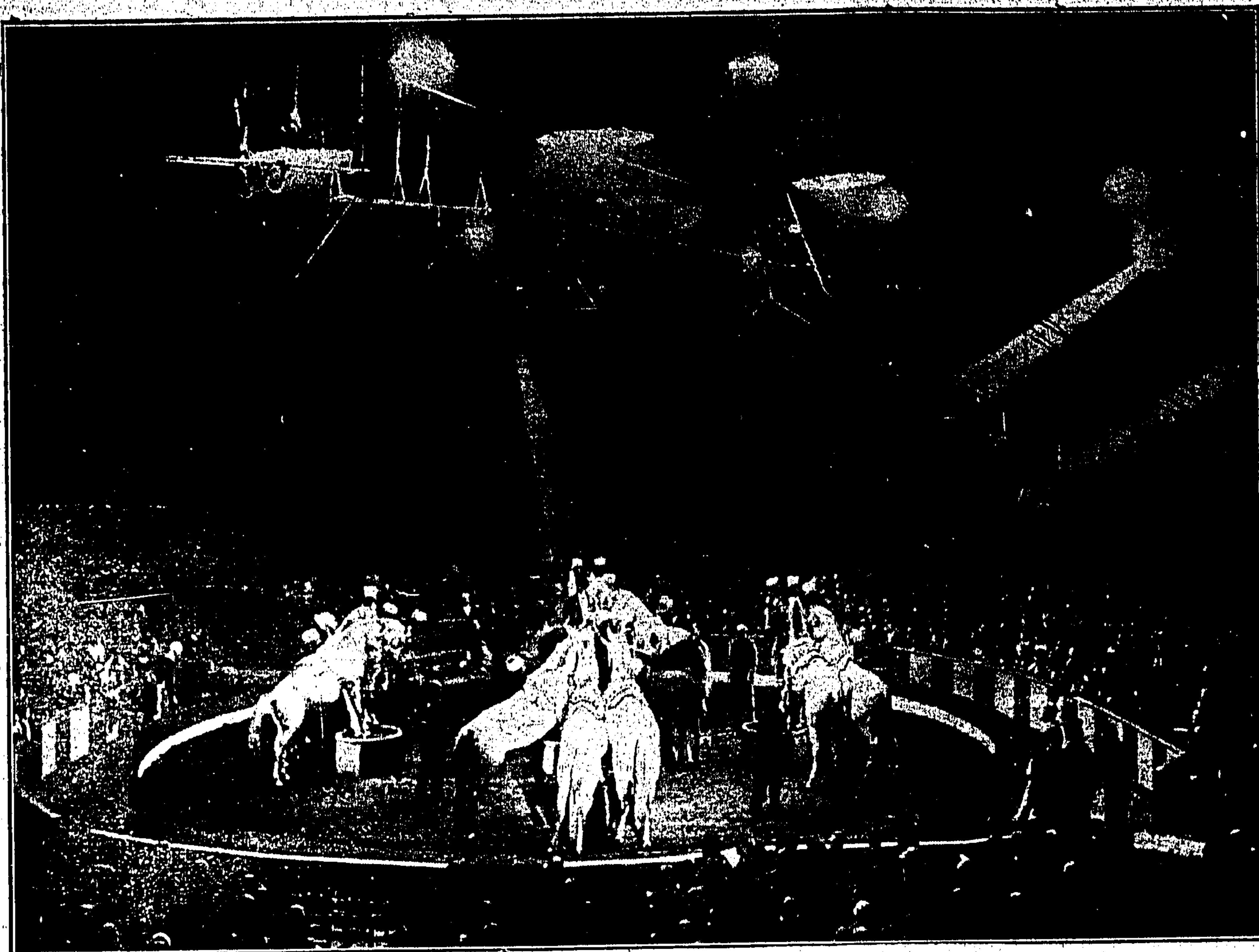
HOT HAMBURGER! THY OAG'S GOIN' THRU—WILL GET A NICE BONE OUTA THIS!

OUT OF ORDER.

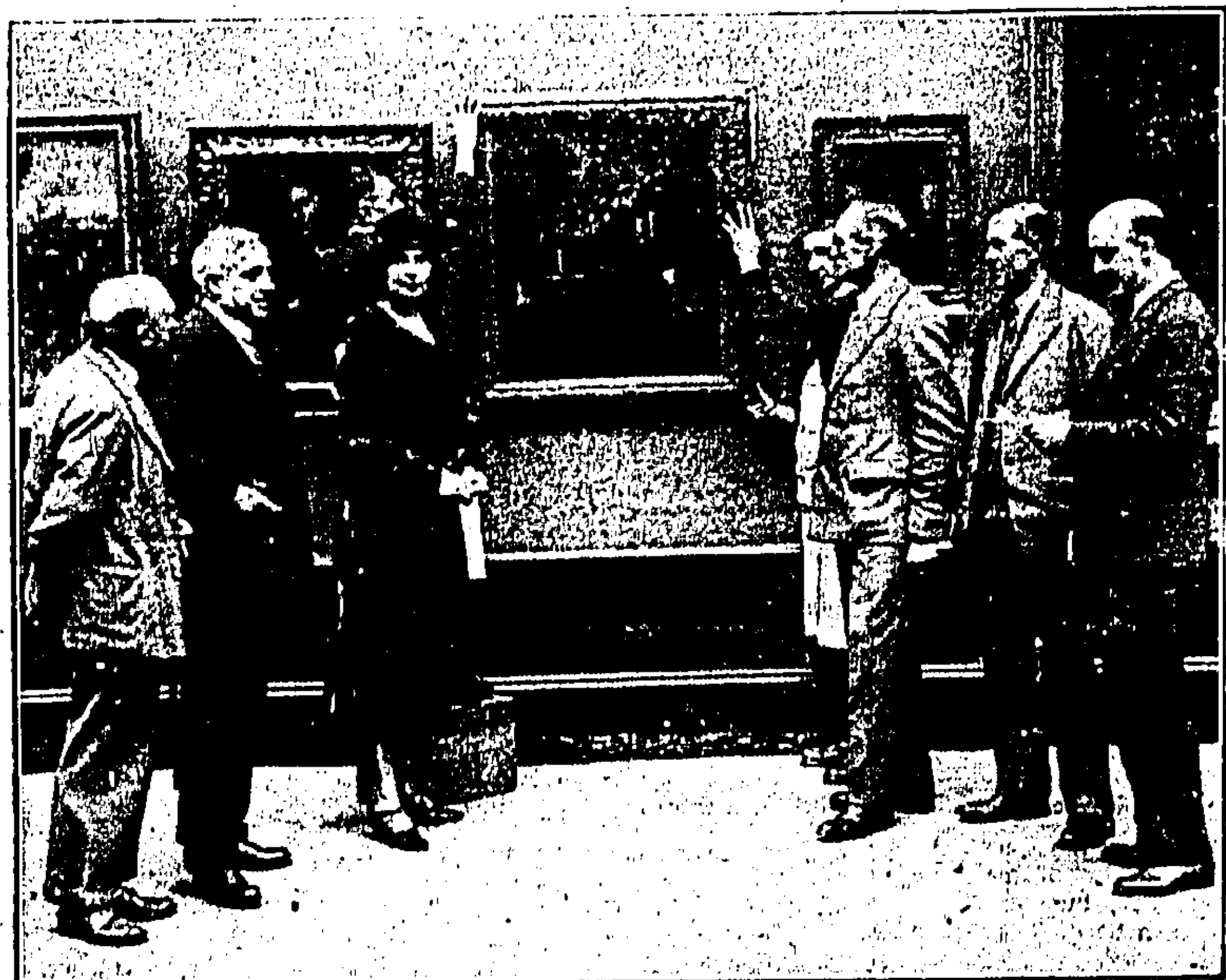
By Small

JUST HOW SOON CAN YA MAKE ME UP A NICE PAIR OF EARMUFFS?

OUT OF ORDER.



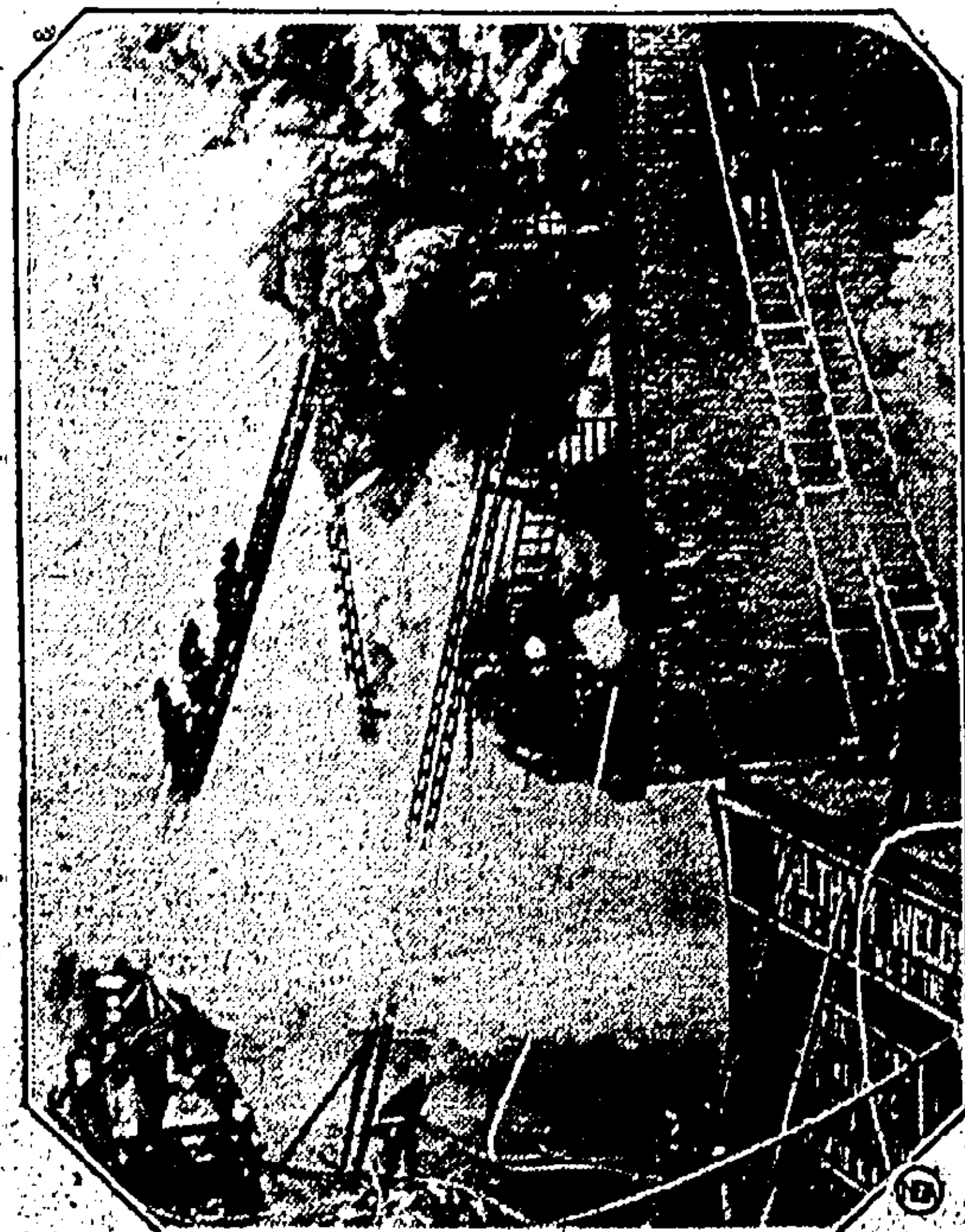
Our picture shows the equestrian pot pourri act of Ibsi Neb Nassah in Mr. Bertram W. Mills's tenth annual circus at Olympia. This act has never been seen before in England. (Times copyright).



Some of the Burlington House Committee at work hanging the masterpieces for the exhibition of Italian Art. Left to right:—Mr. Charles Ricketts, R.A., Commendatore Modigliani, Lady Chamberlain, Mr. W. G. Constable, Mr. Archibald Russell, and Major A. A. Longden. (Times copyright).



Miss Gladys Stanley, Mr. Fred Whittaker ("Puss"), and Miss Kitty Beldy in "Puss in Boots," the Christmas pantomime at the Lyceum Theatre, London. Mr. George Jackley was the leading comedian. (Times copyright).



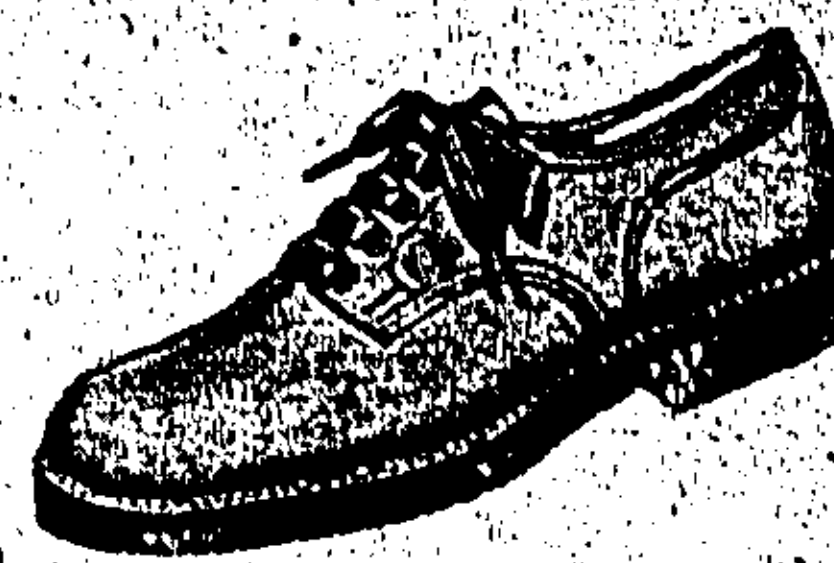
A remarkable picture showing a recent fire at a Baltimore factory at its height. Many women were burned to death.



In the seventh revival of Treasure Island at the Strand Theatre, London, Mr. Robert Lorraine played the double parts of John Silver and Blind Pew. He is seen (right) as Blind Pew with the pirates at the treasure chest. (Times copyright).

a perfect stance
with the new

K
Golf Shoes



Made of soft pliable willow calf or grained hide. Soft and kindly to the feet—giving a good grip on the hardest ground—lessening the fatigue of the longest day on the links.

Made with Rubber Soles or Leather, with nails, in all sizes and fittings.

Mackintosh's

Before You Decide---See

**THE NEW
SILENT
KELVINATOR**

SO SILENT..... so startlingly quiet even in starting..... that you will watch this new Kelvinator and wonder whether it is running.

AND coupled to silence, a host of tested, proven features including the Cold Keeper for quick freezing of desserts, etc.

SEE THE NEW KELVINATOR FIRST!

Agents—REISS, MASSEY & CO., LTD.

EXCHANGE BUILDING.....Tel. C. 673.

Now Being Exhibited at—

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & Co., Ltd.

FURNISHING DEPARTMENT,

AND AT

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC CO.

SHOWROOM.

Whiteaways
WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW & CO. LTD.

LAST WEEK

OF OUR

**GREAT
WINTER SALE**

COMMENCES ON

TO-DAY.

Final Bargains.

TO-DAY'S WANTS

25 WORDS — ONE DOLLAR

(\$1.50 IF NOT PREPAID)

The following replies have been received:—

544, 545, 547, 550, 556, 566, 593, 595, 598, 618, 626.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED.—Expert male Stenographer for Indo China. Reply Secretary, P. O. Box 22.

WANTED

WANTED GOLF CLUBS. A good set of second hand clubs required. Must be cheap, putter, mashie, iron and niblick, with or without bag would do. Write Box No. 627, care of Hongkong Telegraph.

WANTED.—Matched at Repulse Bay. Good price will be paid for same. Write Box No. 625, "Hongkong Telegraph."

FOR SALE.

Offers invited for DESIRABLE RESIDENCE in Peak District (near Motor Road).

Furnished or unfurnished; Modern Sanitation; Four Large Rooms with Enclosed Verandah; Two Bathrooms, Pantry, Drying Room, etc., etc. Write:—Box No. 564, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

PREMISES TO LET.

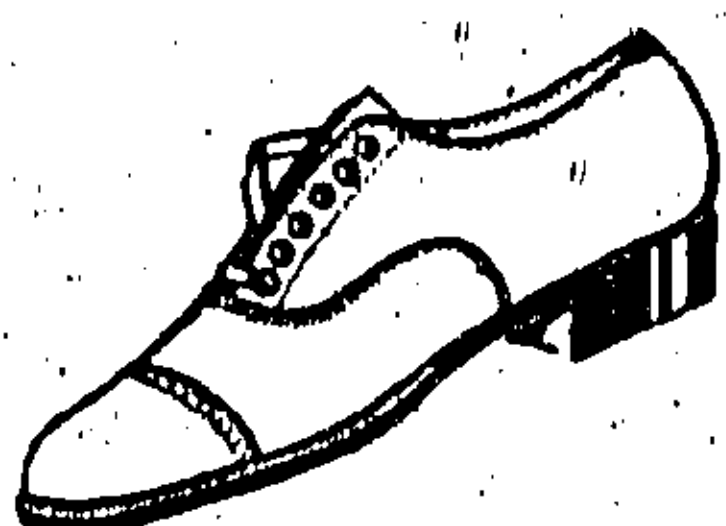
TO LET.—Office Rooms, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building. Apply to Sang Kee, same Building.

CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT

Mortgage Bank & Estate Agents. "PEAK MANSIONS" Six-roomed and Five-roomed apartments

Prince Edward Road, Kowloon Detached and Semi-detached villas. Modern construction with garage.

"Cambay Buildings" Flats with modern conveniences.

MASSEUR R. SHIMIDZU. **ASSEUSE H. HONDA.** **ASSEUSE S. KIRAKI.** Recommended for many years by Government Civil Hospital, Peak Hospital, etc., and by all the local doctors. 24, Wyndham Street, Tel. C.4945.Excellent Value
LOTUS and Delta
Shoes for MEN.Delta 848
21.00 a pair.

LOTUS and DELTA SHOES

are reliable shoes made from the finest quality leathers by expert workmen.

LANE, CRAWFORD, Ltd.
Men's Wear Stylists.

Hongkong Horticulture Society.

ANNUAL SHOW

CITY HALL

on
6th MARCH.

—Keep the date free and come to the Show.

TRINITY COLLEGE OF MUSIC

LOCAL EXAMINATIONS
May 1930

THEORY and PRACTICAL Entry forms now ready and may be had from the local Secretary.

Wm. Anderson,
c/o The Anderson Music Co.
St. George's Building,
Hongkong.

PERMANENT WAVING

By Madam Kalls
The very latest method
2 HOURS Tester's Beauty Parlour
KEYSMAILLY BLDG.
Tel. C. 2103.

JULIETTE BEAUTY SALON

PERMANENT WAVING
Scalp—Skin and Hair
Specialist.

Late of NESTLE'S, New York.

1—Wing Lok Building, Kowloon.
Tel. K. 1215.SAFEGUARD YOURSELF
AGAINST

FINANCIAL LOSS

THROUGH
ACCIDENTS & SICKNESS
BY A POLICY

CHINA UNDERWRITERS, LTD.

Hongkong Bank Building, 14 Des Voeux Road Central.
HONGKONG. Tel. C. 1121/2.

New Advertisements

ST. STEPHEN'S COLLEGE, STANLEY.

School will re-open on Monday, February 17th at 9 a.m. at Stanley. School prospectuses may be obtained from Mr. Li Hoi Tung, Manager, Messrs. Banker & Co., Bank of China Building, Queen's Road Central. NEW STUDENTS will be received by the Warden at the offices of Messrs. Banker and Co., Bank of China Building, on Friday, February 14th, at 9 a.m.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Notice is hereby given that the Ordinary Yearly Meeting of the Shareholders in this Corporation will be held at City Hall, Hong Kong, on Saturday, the 22nd February, 1930, at 11.30 a.m. for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Board of Directors together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1929.

The Register of Shares of the Corporation will be closed from Monday, the 10th February to Saturday, the 22nd February, 1930, (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

A. C. HYNES,

Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 3rd February, 1930.

THE "STAR" FERRY CO., LTD.

Notice to Shareholders.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE THIRTY-SECOND ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING OF THIS COMPANY will be held at the Office of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., on Friday, the 14th February, 1930, at 11 a.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1929.

The Register of Shares of the Company will be CLOSED from Friday, the 7th February, 1930, to Friday, the 14th February, 1930, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,

F. H. CRAPPELL,

Secretary.

Hongkong, 3rd February, 1930.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

OCEAN STEAM SHIP CO., LTD. AND CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Consignees per Company's Vessel "MENELAUS" From UNITED KINGDOM via SINGAPORE.

are hereby notified their cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf Kowloon, where it will be at Consignees' risk and subject to terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown on and after 6th February.

Optional cargo will not be landed here, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesday and Friday, between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 12th February will be subject to rent.

All claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 26th February or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Agents.

Hongkong, 6th February, 1930.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

And

UNDERWRITERS.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

General Average.

The Steamship,

"PENANG MARU"

It is hereby notified that the s.s. "Penang Maru", with cargo on board from Calcutta, Mangalore and Singapore, touched about on the 21st January, 1930, when leaving Singapore and had to put back to port for repairs, and in consequence thereof General Average has been declared.

A part of the cargo, which was on board the above steamer at the time of the accident, is expected to arrive here by s.s. "Tushima Maru" on or about 10th and s.s. "Lima Maru" on or about 15th instant, the remainder by the "Penang Maru" on or about 20th instant.

Consignees of cargo from the above said ports are requested to sign G. A. Bond at our Office and to pay a deposit of Five (5) per cent of the valuation of their consignments before Bills of Lading will be countersigned for delivery.

NOTICE.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, HONGKONG, ANNOUNCES A

FREE LECTURE

ON CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

By
Hon. WILLIAM E. BROWN,
C.S.B.

of Los Angeles, Cal.

Member of the Board of Lectureship of The Mother Church,
The First Church of Christ,
Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts.In the Old Chamber of Commerce Room,
City Hall.

TUESDAY

FEBRUARY 11th, 1930.

At 5.45 p.m.

The Public is cordially invited to attend.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

N. Y. K. LINE.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

From EUROPE and STRAITS.

The Steamship

"KAMO MARU"

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 11th February, 1930 will be subject to rent.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Co.'s representatives on any Tuesdays and Fridays, at 2.30 p.m. within the free storage period.

All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,

Hongkong, 4th February, 1930.

THE BEN LINE STEAMERS, LIMITED.

From ANTWERP, LONDON and STRAITS.

The Steamship,

"BENEDI"

Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of The Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 12th instant, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 26th inst., or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 11th instant at 10 a.m. by Messrs. Goddard and Douglas.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.

Agents.

Hongkong, 6th February, 1930.

THE BEN LINE STEAMERS, LIMITED.

From MIDDLESBRO' LONDON STRAITS and MANILA.

The Steamship,

"BENAVON"

Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of The Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 12th inst., will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 27th inst., or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 12th inst. at 10 a.m. by Messrs. Goddard and Douglas.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.

Agents.

Hongkong, 6th February, 1930.

SATISFACTION!

YOU WILL GET IT
FULLY AT THE

FIAT GARAGE

67, Des Voeux Road S. Tel. C. 4821

Lammert's Auctions

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on Friday,
the 7th February, 1930,
commencing at 2.30 p.m.at their Sales Room,
Duddell Street.

A Large Quantity of Valuable Household Furniture,

comprising:—

Teak Desks, Glass Cabinets, Typewriters, Iron Safe, Glass Cabinet, Tapestry Covered Armchairs, Couches, Pianos, Gramophones and Records, Carpets, Rugs, Electric Heaters (220 and 110 Volts), Porcelain Ware, Brass Ornaments, Pictures, etc., etc.

Teak Extension Dining Tables, Teak and Cane Seat Chairs, Slideboards, Dinner Waggon, Glass Ware, Cooking Utensils, Teak Round Tables, Ice Chests, etc., etc.

Teak and Iron Bedsteads with Mattresses, Single and Double Wardrobes with Bevelled Mirrors, Dressing Tables, Chests of Drawers, Linen, Washstands, Toilet, Crockery, Chamber Stands, etc., etc.

and
A Quantity of Nice Blackwood Furnitureincluding:—
Cabinets, Chairs, Flower Stands, Joss Table, Tea Poy, etc., etc.and
One Herring Hall Marvin SafeOn View from Thursday, the 6th February, 1930.
Catalogues will be issued.

Terms:—Cash on delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,
Auctioneers.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on Wednesday,
the 12th February, 1930,
commencing at 2.30 p.m.

at No. 13, Broadwood Road

"Ridge House"

A Quantity of Valuable Blackwood and Household Furniture,
(particulars from Catalogues)

On View from Tuesday, the 11th, February 1930.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,
Auctioneers.

BY ORDER OF THE VENDOR.

Particulars of the Valuable

Leasehold Property Situate at

Shau-ki-wan in the Colony of

Hongkong

to be sold by

Public Auction

on

Friday the 14th,

February, 1930

at 3.30 p.m.

at their Sales Room

Duddell Street.

Shau-ki-wan Inland Lot Nos. 510, 511 & 512. For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

Lammert Bros.,
Auctioneers.Keeping him in hot water
doesn't make a husband more
tender.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

Week—end Specialty.

ROYAL OXFORD
SAUSAGES.

80 cents per lb.

On sale Saturday.

The Dairy Farm Ice & Cold Storage Co., Ltd.

POST OFFICE NOTICE

RADIO NOTICES.

The Radio Office, where full information concerning all wireless services may be obtained at all times, is situated on the ground floor of the P. and O. Building in Des Voeux Road, next to the General Post Office. Individuals and firms are recommended to register their telegraphic addresses at the Radio Office. No charge is made for this.

INWARD MAILS.

From	Per	Date
Java	Tjilarang	February 6.
Amoy	Talma	February 6.
Manila	Empress of Asia	February 7.
Japan, Shanghai and Europe via Siberia (London 18th Jan.)	Hakusan Maru	February 7.
U.S.A., (San Francisco 10th Jan.)	Pres. Harrison	February 8.
Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Kutsang	February 9.
Europe via Negapatam (papers only, London 9th Jan.)	Pres. Grant	February 9.
Manila	Pres. Lincoln	February 10.
U.S.A., (San Francisco 17th Jan.)	Kutsang	February 10.
Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Changta	February 11.
Europe via Negapatam, papers only London 9th January	General Metzinger	February 11.
Australia and Manila	Alipore	February 11.
Japan and Shanghai	Pres. Cleveland	February 14.
U.S.A., (Seattle 26th Jan.)	Karmala	February 14.
and Shanghai	Taiyo Maru	February 17.
Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Kitano Maru	February 21.
Japan and Shanghai	Hawaii Maru	February 21.

OUTWARD MAILS.

Registered and Parcel Mails are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day.

For	Per	Date and Time
Saigon	Yuan Lee	Thurs., Feb. 6, 3.30 p.m.
Shanghai	Menclous	Thurs., Feb. 6, 3.30 p.m.
Hainan	G. G. Morlin	Thurs., Feb. 6, 5 p.m.
Manila, Australia and New Zealand	Keemun	Thurs., Feb. 6.
Shanghai	Registration	5 p.m.
	Letters	6 p.m.
Amoy	Tjilarang	Thurs., Feb. 6, 5 p.m.
Holhow, Pakhoi and Haiphong	Limchow	Fri., Feb. 7, 3.30 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Haiyang	Fri., Feb. 7, 1 p.m.
Formosa	Banavon	Fri., Feb. 7, 1 p.m.
Manila, Australia and New Zealand	Himalaya Maru	Fri., Feb. 7.
	Registration	12.45 p.m.
	Letters	1.30 p.m.
	(Due Brisbane 26th February)	
Haiphong	Chinhua	Fri., Feb. 7, 5 p.m.

Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles

Hakusan Maru Sat., Feb. 8.

K. P. O.

Registration Feb. 7, 4.30 p.m.

Letters Feb. 8, 9 a.m.

G. E. O.

Registration Feb. 8, 8.45 a.m.

Letters Feb. 8, 9.30 a.m.

(Due Marseilles 9th March)

Straits and Calcutta Talma Sat., Feb. 8.

Bellerophon Sat., Feb. 8, 2.30 p.m.

Pres. Harrison Sat., Feb. 8, 5 p.m.

Liangchow Sat., Feb. 8.

Registration Sat., 5.00 p.m.

Letters

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow Hozan Maru Sun., Feb. 9, 9 a.m.

Bangkok via Swatow Kwangchow Sun., Feb. 9, 9 a.m.

Japan, Honolulu, U.S.A., Canada, Central and South America and Europe via San Francisco

Pres. Grant Mon., Feb. 10.

Parcels Mon., Feb. 10, 3 p.m.

Registration Mon., Feb. 10, 4.15 p.m.

Letters Mon., Feb. 10, 5 p.m.

(Due San Francisco 5th March)

Shanghai and "Europe" via Siberia Pres. Grant Mon., Feb. 10.

Registration Mon., Feb. 10, 5 p.m.

Letters Mon., Feb. 10, 5 p.m.

G. P. O.

Registration Feb. 11, 1 p.m.

Letters Feb. 11, 1 p.m.

G. E. O.

Registration Feb. 12, 1.45 p.m.

Letters Feb. 12, 2.30 p.m.

(Due Marseilles 14th Mar.)

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow Hai Ning Tues., Feb. 11, 2 p.m.

Swatow Foo Shing Tues., Feb. 11, 5 p.m.

Amoy Kutsang Tues., Feb. 11, 5 p.m.

Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., Central and South America and Europe via Vancouver B.C. and Europe via Siberia

Empress of Russia Wed., Feb. 12.

Parcels Wed., Feb. 12, 5 p.m.

Registration Feb. 12, 9.15 a.m.



"A Pleasure To See."

Some girls have such a delightfully fresh natural complexion and reflect such radiant health and charm that the sight of them gives pleasure wherever they go. There are others, on the contrary, who, whilst possessed of beautiful features, can only be looked upon with feelings of sadness because of their sickly appearance, despite whatever artificial means they may adopt to try to hide the ravages of ill-health.

It is a mistake to suppose that lip-stick and cosmetics make good outwardly the signs of anaemia or of those other debilitating troubles from which so many women suffer at intervals. The only way to restore natural plumpness and colour to the cheeks, rosy to the lips, sparkle to the eyes, true womanliness to the figure, is through the blood, by purifying and enriching the blood. Not only do Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do this, but they revitalize the nerves, regulate the bodily functions, revive the appetite, build up the whole system.

In brief, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a powerful remedy for all disorders which are traceable to impoverished blood and general weakness of the nervous system, and they are equally good for men as well as women. Chemists everywhere sell them \$1.50 per bottle, \$3. for 6 bottles. But remember, nothing is just as good as

Dr. Williams' PINK PILLS

"A HOUSEHOLD NAME IN 54 COUNTRIES"

RHEUMATISM

2 Tablets 3 times daily gives instantaneous relief

GENASPRIN

for sale at Chemists and Dispensaries
Sole Agents:—
W.R. LOXLEY & Co.

MASSAGE HAIR

MRS. S. UZUNOYE

Expert Masseuse
87, Queen's Road C., 2nd floor.

SHAMEEN

PRINTING PRESS

AGENTS FOR

Hongkong Telegraph

TO WHOM ALL LOCAL ENQUIRIES SHOULD BE ADDRESSED.

CINEMA NOTES.

PICTURIZATION OF GREAT NOVEL.

When Thornton Wilder astounded the literary world with "The Bridge of San Luis Rey", readers speculated and marvelled. Out of all the controversy and discussion came one unanimous statement "They'll never be able to make a moving picture of it."

But it seems that the one definite thing the amazed critics said about the book was wrong. For now playing at the Queen's Theatre is a play with talking sequences that on the screen, is as great a sensation as was the original novel in literature. "The Bridge of San Luis Rey" not only was made into a motion picture—but into an astoundingly good one.

Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's vivid transcription of the Pulitzer prize winning novel is unlike any picture in the world. It has literally placed thoughts ahead of characters on the screen. It lays bare human lives, and from them lets the audience assemble an idea. It was done by several methods, primarily by the greatest cast ever assembled for a single picture, with every player hand-picked to fit the particular role. The idea of the novel was strictly adhered to, and utmost fidelity was used by Charles Brabin in directing. Strange light effects and impressionistic settings added to the effectiveness of it all. The spectacular wreck of the great bridge, the massive cathedral scenes and the intimate life stories of the characters all blend in a gripping whole.

Lilly Damita as the fiery dancer is one of the outstanding spots in the play. Ernest Lawrence is a pathetic and sometimes comical figure as Uncle Pio, and Henry B. Wallhall is seen as the priest, the Juniper. Pepita, the convent girl, is played beautifully by Raquel Torres, and Emily Fitzroy and Mikhail Vavitch win the character honours as the Marquesa and the Viceroy. Don Alvarado and Duncan Rinaldo as the twin brothers Manuel and Esteban are also perfectly cast, and both have some remarkable scenes in the picture, which, as a matter of fact, gives every player many rich opportunities.

"The Rough Riders."

Theodore Roosevelt was particular about who went to war with him. He organized the only "exclusive regiment" in history when he assembled the Rough Riders for the fight with Spain. Thousands applied for enlistment in the outfit and thousands were refused. Family connections, excellent reputations, wealth and breeding didn't mean a thing. What Roosevelt wanted was the finest aggregation of mounted fighting men he could get and he chose his men for stoutness of heart, sharpness of eye and mind and the ability to sit a bad horse.

All these types are seen in Paramount's picturization of "The Rough Riders" written for the screen by Hermann Hagedorn, biographer for Theodore Roosevelt, and directed by Victor Fleming. The picture is now showing at the Majestic Theatre, Kowloon. It has a cast of thousands with five well-known stars, Mary Astor, Charles Emmett Mack, Charles Farrell, Noah Beery and George Bancroft, with Frank Hopper as Roosevelt. This picture is recommended to all lovers of stirring historical drama.

Advices have been received from the Trans-Pacific Passenger Conference to the effect that all local fares from Hongkong to other ports in the Orient by steamers of the American Mail Line, Canadian Pacific, Dollar Line and Nippon Yusen Kaisha, have been placed on a gold basis, effective 1st February, 1930.

WOMAN'S WORLD

FOR OUR LADY READERS.

Behind the Scenes.

AT A MANNEQUIN PARADE.

The mannequin, languidly elegant and carefully attired, saunters round the room. She wears a thousand-guinea sable coat, a hat to go home and dream about, and as with a magnificent gesture, she throws open her coat to show the vividly embroidered lining she reveals a princess dress of satin crepe de Chine that has, apparently, been moulded to her slim figure. Jewellery, shoes, stockings, bags and even complexion are en suite.

Scrambling for Elegance.

But behind the scenes is a different story. In a room that seems to be full of dresses girls scramble for the various parts of their elegant ensembles. One complains that she "cannot walk" in her brown satin shoes—although for three days an expert has tried in vain to fit her to her satisfaction.

Another has split a princess frock at the side-seam and an agitated "wardrobe mistress" is bustling round her with safety-pins. Another has laddered her stocking. A fourth voice complains loudly that another mannequin has gone, "up-stage" in her favourite scarlet hat. And so on indefinitely and with variations.

Careful Watching.

At one parade four women were in charge of seven mannequins—because a manager of the firm explained, the girls are so careless in slipping in and out of the frocks that valuable models are damaged unless there is proper supervision.

Another show, on a larger scale entailed 100 mannequins. To display the dresses to the hundreds of women present they had to walk, in that mincing gait which is technically correct but terribly tiring, for over a mile twice in an afternoon with one change of costume between. Each of the hundred pairs of shoes worn had, in consequence, to be carefully fitted.

That Off-the-Eyebrows Angle.

A harassed "stage manager" inspected each girl as she passed, adjusting the "alt" of a coat or in nearly every case, pushing a touque or baret to the fashionable "off-the-eyebrows" angle.

"And," she complained, "they will all pull their hats over their eyes the minute they get round that corner."

Which they did!



A new tailored bag of brown suede has a cutout frame of maroon on the flap, showing the monogram underneath. Very interesting is the slide fastening under the flap.



A long, pointed wrap-over panel, bordered with black astrakhan, features this Jonny coat frock of black satin. Ermine borders the astrakhan tie and muff.

Women and Music.

[By a Disillusioned Male.]

Nothing is more irritating to a music-lover than chattering during a recital. Particularly irritating when the chatterers are friends or relations, because they have to be lived with afterwards, and may long remember and cast up one's looks of hatred or heated words.

Of the sexes, women are easily the worst offenders. No matter how good the performance to which they are supposed to be listening, they still chatter, and what can be more annoying?

Imagine. They have been provided, gratis, with a good seat, settled comfortably, handed a programme opened at the appropriate place, provided with chocolates and cigarettes, and then—when the mere male who has paid for all this is being wafted away into a heavenly dream-world of emotion by the magical notes of an instrument played by a master hand, he is jerked back to earth by his companion who insists on his answering some fool question like, "Don't you think, dear, that Blank's chocolates are so much nicer than those we had last week?"

Or else she has spotted someone she knows and she must needs point her out and give you a resume of the latest scandalous story current about that "friend," regardless of the fact that all around her floats the inspired

interpretation of a musical masterpiece by a world-famous orchestra.

The Everlasting Small Talk.

Magical moments thus lost are never recaptured. To discern this trait in women, it is not necessary to wait until you take one to a public festival of music. They inflict their everlasting small talk on even gramophone lovers.

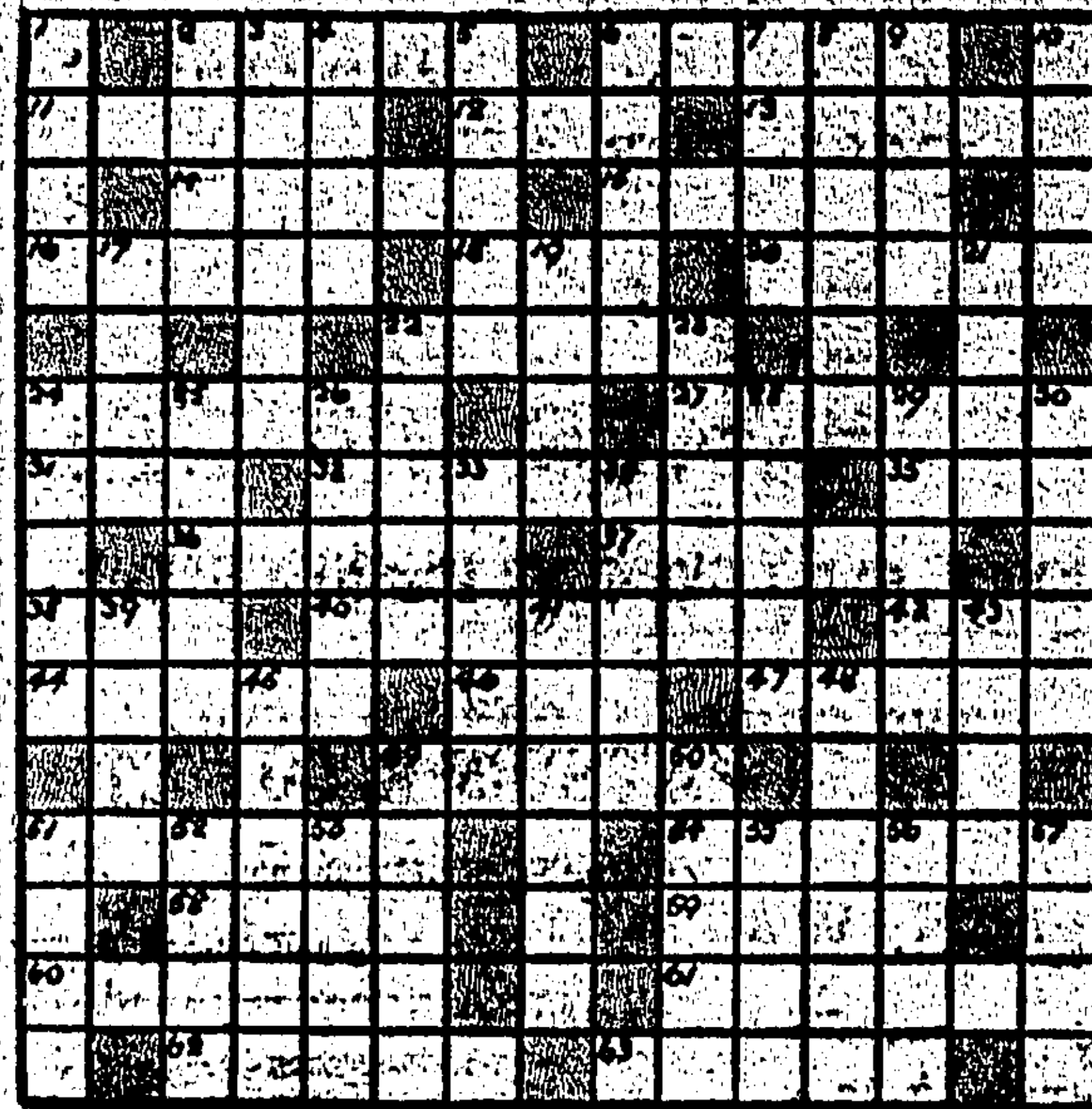
Not even the most haunting of tunes nor the most famous of singers is accorded more deference in the matter of alliance than the average passer-by bestows on a barrel-organ.

Much might be forgiven the fair sex in matters musical, were it not that they are such ardent hypocrites.

Tell a feminine friend that you have just acquired, at great expense, a set of records by say, Caruso or Gaili Curci. Tell her the recording is a marvellous piece of work, and that she has only to close one's eyes to imagine the singer is actually in the room, and let's a certainty that she'll say, "Oh, how lovely! You really must let me hear them sometime."

"Certainly," your misguided generosity prompts you to reply, and you forego an important engagement in order to make a convenient date for her. Then, when the time arrives and she is comfortably seated in your best armchair, and you've switched on the gramophone, she will interrupt the most glorious notes of the artist with some such remark as, "Yes, it's quite nice, dear, but what kind of needles do you use? We use..." &c. &c. Oh, aren't women wonderful!

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Across

- 2 Pulsate.
- 6 Fogs.
- 11 Harmonize.
- 12 Sign of the zodiac.
- 13 Not those.
- 14 Combating-ground.
- 15 That place.
- 16 Wandering person.
- 18 Cry of a cow.
- 20 Telegraphic code.
- 22 Respecta.
- 24 Stringed instrument.
- 27 Hit lightly.
- 31 Consumed.
- 32 Subterfuge.
- 35 Bother.
- 36 Adapted.
- 37 Works.
- 38 Fear.
- 40 Dealers in cloth.
- 42 Knowledge.
- 44 Noblemen.
- 47 Jewel.
- 47 Attempt.
- 49 Animal.
- 51 Consecrate.
- 54 Tarnish.
- 58 Wicked.
- 59 Secretly.
- 60 Agree.
- 61 Repress.
- 62 Ringlet.
- 63 Rigid.

Down.

- 1 Inclined.
- 2 Public conveyance.
- 3 Forerunner.
- 4 Pastoral pipe.
- 5 Censure.
- 6 Prime mover.
- 7 Stalk.
- 8 The pharynx.
- 9 Prophet.

10 Occasion of festivity.

- 17 Leave out.
- 19 Cereal.
- 21 Moved with haste.
- 22 Diseased state of the system.
- 23 Track of animal.
- 24 Dead.
- 25 Discourage.
- 26 Grants loans.
- 28 Victim misled.
- 29 Duties.
- 30 Covered with down.
- 32 Proverb.
- 34 Paragraphs.
- 36 Becams woven.
- 41 Hen of a peafowl.
- 43 Comfort.
- 45 Takes cattle to market.
- 46 Means of entry into field.
- 48 Girdle.
- 50 Two times.
- 51 Haul.
- 52 Waistcoat.
- 53 Prong.
- 55 Fortwith.
- 56 Encircles a wheel.
- 57 Fees.

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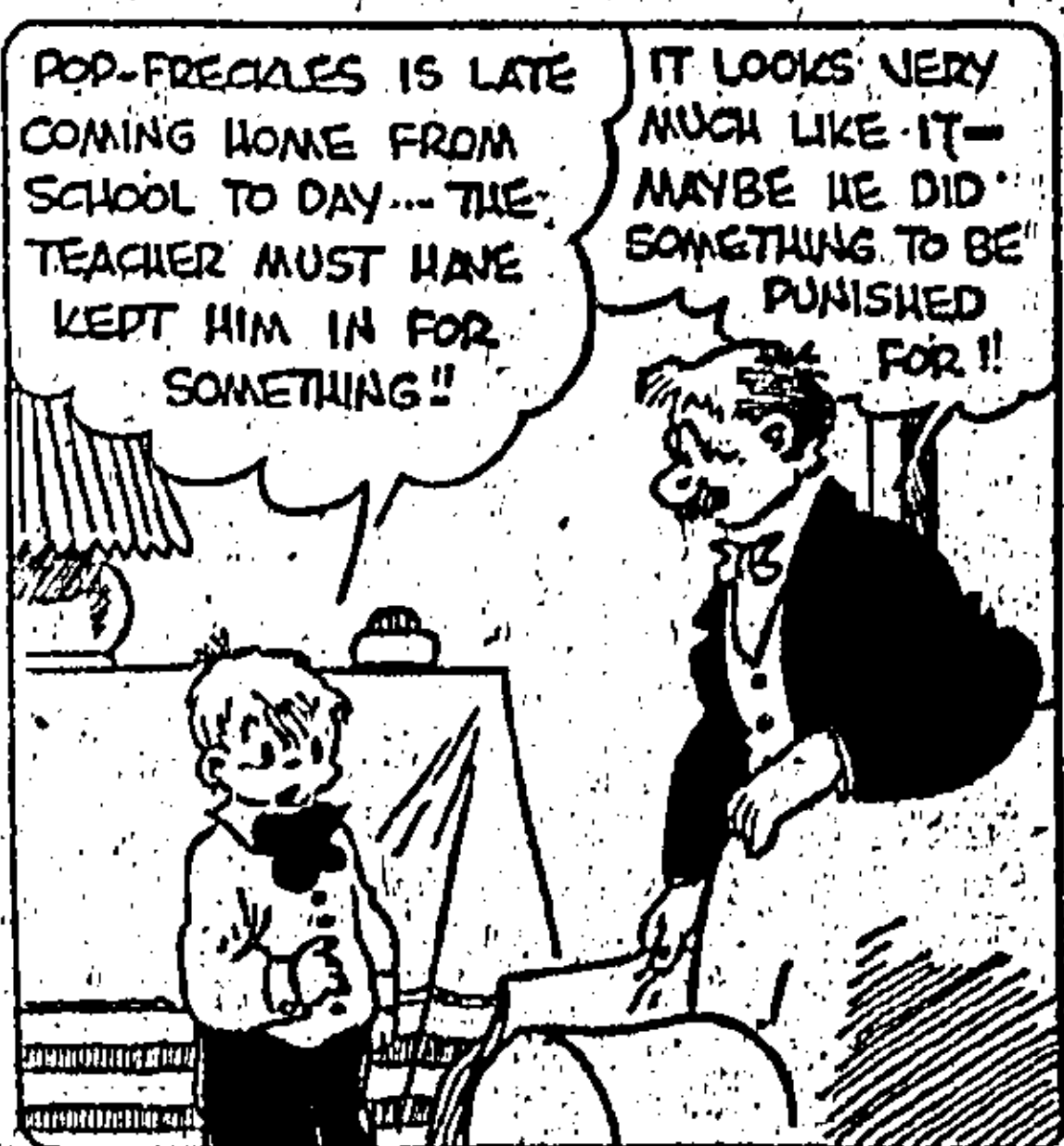
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THURSDAY FEBRUARY 6, 1930.

THE COALITION POSSIBILITY.

There will, we imagine, be very many people who will endorse the suggestion thrown out by Mr. J.L. Garvin, to which we gave some prominence yesterday, that a definite move should be made by the Prime Minister to seek a real coalition with the Liberals, in order that matters of extreme importance to the country and the Empire should be handled in a non-party spirit. The editor of the *Observer* bases his appeal on the sentiment expressed by Mr. Ramsay MacDonald in his New Year message, in which he said "The nation calls for a union of service in setting our house in order so that the place which we have inherited may still be ours." Accepting that declaration as having been made in all sincerity, Mr. Garvin suggests that it lies in the power of the Labour Premier to turn the House of Commons into a working reality as a Council of State by agreeing to work side by side with Mr. Lloyd George for a period of, say, two or three years.

The thought which naturally suggests itself is whether the Labour Party is prepared to put considerations of State before thoughts of its own prestige. We can conceive that if the matter were left to Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, he might go heart and soul into the coalition movement, but we very much doubt whether he could command any considerable following from the rank and file of his party. Seemingly, the Liberals are in a mood to work in co-operation with Labour, but, as Mr. Lloyd George has more than once pointed out, any arrangement reached will have to pay due regard to the strength of Liberal opinion as registered in votes at the last General Election, and not merely on a basis of relative membership of the two parties in the House of Commons. So far, the Labourites have been significantly silent on this matter of a frank concordat between themselves and the Liberals. It may be, of course, that they are awaiting developments arising from the Naval Conference. Indeed, it has even been hinted that if the Five-Power parity proves a success, Labour might even go to the country for a further expression of confidence, in the hope of securing an independent majority. If that betokens the real mood of Labour

at the moment, there would not appear much prospect of an alliance with the Liberals. Conceivably, Mr. MacDonald and his followers might view the matter differently in the event of nothing tangible accruing from the naval parity, but in that case the Liberals might resent being utilised for the purpose of supporting Labour and retaining for it a share of the spoils of office.

The disinterested observer, or, to put it in another way, the man who is not blinded by partisanship, would, we feel sure, welcome a breakaway from the present purely party method of handling national and Imperial affairs. Mr. Garvin says that after nearly ten years of political muddle and commercial disappointment, the Government must be carried on effectively and authoritatively if we are to avoid further weakness as a nation. Industrially, he points out, we cannot afford to let another year pass without some definite gain of ground, whilst the looming problem of India cannot be competently faced by any Government not based upon an assured majority in the House of Commons. Mr. Garvin thinks that the present Prime Minister can rise above party, and he calls upon him to meet the occasion, quoting these words that have cleared the will and purpose of many a soul in a moral crisis: "Let the counsel of thine own heart stand, for there is no man that is truer unto thee than it."

The Future of Spain.

A week since the speedy departure from the power of General Primo de Rivera has produced sufficient progress to engender hopes of a new and better Spain. The most encouraging sign is the atmosphere of quiet prevailing. The country is evidently prepared to give General Berenguer an opportunity of justifying his succession to the Premiership and of fulfilling his promises as to the restoration of the democratic government. The new broom has already been vigorously applied where it was most needed. The entire Cabinet, with the exception of the Premier himself, has been drawn from civilian political circles, the National Assembly is to be dissolved and a general election arranged at the earliest possible moment. Opponents of the Dictatorship, who suffered loss of their positions or were thrown into gaol because of expressed disapproval, are to be reinstated or granted their liberty as the case may be. In fact, the Berenguer Government has set out with the object of destroying all vestiges of the Dictatorship. Primo de Rivera did a great deal of good for his country, though he could hardly have done worse than his predecessors, who in 1923 had reached the height of inefficiency. Reform was badly needed but the question is whether such reforms as were effected by the Dictatorship were not purchased at too great a cost. The main effects of the regime were to narrow the interest and increase the apathy of the citizen, who should rather have been encouraged to share in the government of his country.

General Primo de Rivera was not far-sighted. He deprived himself of the forces most necessary to success, namely, freedom of public opinion, an unfettered Parliament, and an outspoken Press. Spain, of course, offers great difficulties. It is one of the most dilapidated countries in the world, ranking twentieth among European countries from an educational standpoint, and its economic status is not much better. Such conditions are these which might call for Dictatorship, but not if that type of government tends to destroy when it intends to construct. General Berenguer is bent on removing the disabilities under which Primo de Rivera suffered, and he bids fair to succeed. If he gains the confidence of the country, a re-awakened Spain may soon become an important factor in the councils of Europe, even though her geographical position normally conduces to aloofness.

MUSICAL JOTTINGS.

The Jottings. A Temporary Discontinuance—The English Singers—Some Facts about Early English Music—Shanghai Objects to \$5 Seals.

[BY "ALLEGRO"]

"Allegro" must take leave of his long-suffering readers this week, for a period of some months. The Musical Jottings will be discontinued until next Winter when they will most likely be resumed again, all being well.

Reminiscences of these Jottings carry us back to the first article which appeared in 1926. It was immediately followed by the sending of anonymous typewritten letters which informed the Editor and myself that nobody wanted to hear my views on matters musical, and that I would do better to stick to my regular job. Unfortunately the amusing series of epistles soon came to an end and subsequent critics have always confined their comments to the correspondence columns.

In the midst of announcements and criticisms of concerts, reviews of gramophone records and general remarks on music locally and at home there have been one or two suggestions in the Jottings which have borne fruit, as, for instance, the provision of a certain background for concerts at the Theatre Royal, the formation of a local Musical Society, the reduction in prices charged by Mr. Strok for celebrity concerts here and the better advertising given to Helena May Musicals. Were I Mr. Hannen Swaffer, of course, we should have had a new Concert Hall by now and a concert-grand piano permanently installed for the use of professional artists who play here!

It is a matter for regret that there is not sufficient space to deal at length with the gramophone records that are sent for review each month. It is only possible to single out a few worthy of special mention among the various types (instrumental, vocal, dance, etc.). But for the benefit of those who take a keen interest in their gramophones I would repeat the recommendation made some while ago, to subscribe to *The Gramophone*, a monthly periodical edited by Compton Mackenzie, in which appear regular criticisms of all records issued by the principal companies, in addition to many interesting articles on music and a technical section dealing with gramophones. The subscription is only 14/- per annum, post free, and the office address is 58 Frith Street, London, W. C.

The booking has opened for the English Singers and they will probably be pleasantly surprised with the reception accorded them here. On the second night, Feb. 15th, the party from Government House will attend and encouragement will come from a quarter to which we often look in vain for patronage of music. The programmes for the two evenings are not the same, though certain items are repeated; they consist of motets, ballets, madrigals, folk songs, etc., and the difference between these types of sixteenth-century compositions is described in explanatory notes. There are some interesting brief summaries of what the songs are about, for instance: *Though Ameryllis dance depicts a lover who, unsuccessful with two ladies, decides that he will "love no more."* *My Phyllis bids me pack away* portrays a lover, dismissed by his lady but consoled by the thought that he "need not sing another song." A quarrel between a surly husband and his teasing wife is represented by a duet (printed as *John, come kiss me now, 16th century*). On a par with this is a trio, *The Three Fairies*, in which the fairies at mid-night put the house in order and pluck the lazy serving-maids. A unique group represents Italian Street Cries (*Chimney Sweeps, Rag and Bone, and Hot Chestnuts*), composed about 1800.

Among the old English composers represented are William Byrd (1543-1623), Orlando Gibbons (1583-1625), Henry Purcell (1658-1695) and Thomas Morley (1558-1602). A reference to a musical dictionary reveals that Byrd was a celebrated English Church composer; chorister at St. Paul's; organist at Lincoln. In 1576 he and his teacher, Tallis, received a patent granting them a monopoly of the "printing and selling of music and music papers" for twenty-one years. This was not a bad monopoly to acquire. I wonder if there was an early edition of the Performing Rights Society in those days!

Orlando Gibbons was one of the most important of early English composers. His printed piece *Fantasia a Trois*, for viols (1610) is the oldest engraved musical work in England. His madrigals and motets, pieces for the virginal, and church compositions complete his published works. Henry Purcell was organist at Westminster Abbey when he was twenty-two (1680); and composer in ordinary to the King three

DAY BY DAY.

NO WIFE SHOULD TELL HER HUSBAND OF HER MISTAKES, DOMESTIC OR OTHERWISE; HE WILL SEE QUITE ENOUGH OF THEM FOR HIMSELF.—*Marie Connor Leighton.*

Only one case of small-pox was notified in the Colony yesterday.

The P. & O. s.s. Khyber from Hongkong arrived at London on the 4th February at 3 p.m.

The Shanghai interport golfers left by the s.s. Korea Maru. By the same boat Mrs. A. W. G. H. Grantham and Mrs. W. R. Scott were passengers.

Admitting a charge of resisting arrest, a woman hawk was fined \$10 by Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning. The defendant, who was arrested for selling without a licence, was fined another \$5 for that offence.

Mr. Tipple, of the Royal Air Force, and Mr. J. M. Mackenzie, of Essex Crescent, Kowloon, were each fined \$5 by Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning for allowing their dogs to be abroad without muzzles.

The official opening by H. E. the Officer Administering the Government, of the main buildings and the additional hostel of St. Stephen's College, at Stanley Peninsula, is to take place on Tuesday, March 26th, and not on March 4th, as has been intimated.

Three unemployed Chinese appeared before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning on charges of being in possession of 42 tael of prepared opium. Mr. Leo d'Almada, esq., defended the first two men and applied for a remand. The case was adjourned till next Tuesday, bail being allowed in the sum of \$4,000 each.

The manager of the Man Gang contractors firm was summoned to appear before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning for failing to have a watchman at his magazine on the hillside at Argyle Street. The defendant failed to appear and the summons was adjourned for one week. His Worship intimating that if the defendant did not appear next week, a warrant would be issued for his arrest.

Convicted of a charge of stealing a woollen shawl from the first floor of 312, Portland Street, a Chinese, who appeared before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, was sentenced to six weeks' hard labour for having one previous conviction for larceny. It was stated that the defendant went to the complainant's house to rent a cubicle and, seeing the shawl on the bed, put it under his jacket. He was chased and caught in the street.

years later. He has never been excelled in the simplicity, purity, and vigorous handling of his musical works.

Thomas Morley, English counterpointist, was a pupil of Byrd. He was a gentleman of the Chapel Royal. The first regular treatise on music published in England was written by him: *A Plaine and Easy Introduction to Practical Musick*, 1597.

There is quite a revival of these early English composers, who in their day made a much greater contribution to modern music than is generally realized. "Our own national contribution to the development of harmony and counterpoint has been a big one," writes Percy Scholes in his *Crochete*; "...it was this Englishman (Dunstable, in the 15th century) who brought to a practical point the efforts of five centuries of striving, showing how could be solved the problem of counterpoint—the artistic weaving together of melodies..." In the fifteenth and sixteenth century treatises of Italy, Germany, Flanders and Spain, Dunstable is referred to as the master spirit of the earlier choral age. He was succeeded by the sixteenth century madrigalists, in whose works the English Singers have specialised. When Rubenstein gave historical recitals of pianoforte music he always opened with some pieces by Byrd and Gibbons, for with these men the "royal line" began. Bach's suites and Handel's Lessons, Mozart's and Beethoven's Sonatas, Chopin and Schumann and Scriabin are a superstructure erected upon an English foundation.

That Hongkong is not the only place that greets an artist with poor houses when \$6 is asked for a seat and the artist is comparatively unknown, is evidenced by a remark in a letter just received from a musical resident of Shanghai: "Fleta, the tenor, had a good house when he sang with the orchestra, but at his recitals the attendance was poor. The public doesn't want to pay \$8 any more." The reserved seats for English Singers cost \$4, the unreserved \$2. It is as well to emphasize this, for a false rumour gained currency last week that the prices were \$8 and \$3.

The Very Idea!

A new encounter has taken place in the war now being carried on between the various makers of talkie apparatus. A suit for infringement of patent has been brought against Powers, Cinephone by the Western Electric Co.

The plaintiff is Electrical Research Products, Inc., under whose licence Western Electric Company, Ltd., operates in the British Isles.

Mr. F. S. Fisher, a director of Western Electric Co., Ltd., stated: "The issuing of this writ is in line with our policy to clarify the patent situation and to protect exhibitors who have installed Western Electric against infringement of their rights. The Western Electric Co., also announces that the statement which appeared in the Press to the effect that a settlement had been reached in the talking picture patents disputes between the Dutch-Germans and the American groups has no support in fact as far as Western Electric is concerned."

On this point, Mr. F. S. Fisher stated that there had been no recent conversations between the Dutch-German groups and Western Electric interests, and that according to present arrangements, no meetings between the groups were scheduled.

"My wife has the worst memory I ever heard of."
"Forgets everything, eh?"
"No, remembers everything."

(The owner of an Elizabethan mansion has advertised for a supply of crickets.)

The mansion's a mellow, romantic old pile
(Maybe there's a ghost in the time-honoured style);
Its rafters are solid; its doorways are wide;
There must be an owl in the branches outside.

The hearth in the hall is a roomy affair
Where spluttering logs give a Christmasy air,
And to keep the traditional spirit alive
The cricket contingent is due to arrive.

Employer: Before I can engage you, you will have to pass an intelligence test.

Girl Applicant: Intelligence test? Why the advertisement said you wanted a typist.

Judge Turner at Westminster County Court: Women now have the vote, get into Parliament, and rule the country, but they always do, in this court, get into a ditch over dress.

A woman at Shoreditch County Court: After all, a husband is a lottery.

No one has yet discovered a sure way of winning money by backing horses.—The Common Sergeant, Sir Henry Dickens, at the Old Bailey.

I never use the telephone.—Judge Oler at Whitechapel County Court.

Woman at Willesden: I have had my name down so long for a council house that, in the meantime, I have had five children.

Lady: "I must go. I have to meet my husband at 5 o'clock. What is the time now?"

Hostess: "It is now 6 o'clock."

Lady (sitting down again): "Ah, then, I still have half an hour."

WHO WAS....

FATHER TOM LOFTUS?

The publication of Lever's novel, "The Confessions" of Harry Lorrequer, gave enormous offence to one of the author's friends, Father Comyns of Kilkee, Co. Clare.

What Father Comyns strongly objected to in the novel was the character of a certain priest, Father Tom Loftus, for Lever had evened his tale by making Father Loftus say many things which really model priests do not say, and do many things which really model priests do not do, and tell many tales which the Simon Pures would blush to hear. To be sure, the good father was made a very likeable fellow, sweet-tempered, kind and cheery, but nevertheless, many readers frowned upon him, and the biggest frown of all, for a special and particular reason, came from Father Comyns of Kilkee, Co. Clare.

His special and particular reason was that the character of the too, too genial ecclesiastic was an unmistakable portrait of himself, and he considered it a shabby return for the hospitality which he had once extended to the novelist. When Lever realised the wound which he had caused he was deeply sorry, but the breach between the two was never healed.

AMERICAN CLAIM TO SEA PARITY.

TRADE ALMOST EQUALS THAT OF BRITAIN.

RAPID ECONOMIC EXPANSION CHIEF CONCERN.

NEW WORLD COLOSSUS.

BY CHARLES HODGES.

Authority on International Relations at New York University.
(Second Article: Copyright, 1930)

Against a picture of a Great Britain which lives off the world's trade, there is the contrasting position occupied by the United States, which claims naval parity with Britain, a principle which has been accepted.

Other nations see the United States as a colossus that dominates the New World. It is all in terms of the self-sufficiency of the American people—the varied richness of natural resources, only approached by Russia; the primarily domestic food supply, still large enough to permit the surplus to form one-fourth of the world's export trade in wheat; the population, 40 to the square mile instead of Britain's 481, with still room to grow; business mainly dependent upon the most highly developed domestic market in the world, afforded by free trade among 48 States under a single government.

This spectacle of 120,000,000 of people enjoying a standard of living for a continent far above that of even the most advanced individual nations of the Old World, in short, enters every angle of the naval discussion.

THE COMMERCIAL STRUGGLE.

The changing international role of the United States has come as a shock to the rest of the world.

The nations no longer find themselves dealing with a 19th century America—one occupied overwhelmingly with the conquest of a continent. A 20th century United States, emerging full-grown from the World War, looks outward on world opportunities. The pioneer iron trails of trans-continental railways continue as economic highways of the new American business abroad.

There is no comfort in the fact that the "land of big business" has espoused peaceful overseas expansion. Its "painless imperialism" has changed the world scene. From dollars invested abroad to automobile exports and the ocean carrying trade, America's economic power is the dominating post-war development.

A bird's-eye view of the international economic arena reveals a new commercial struggle under way. Significant in the light of Anglo-American naval rivalry, the United States has replaced German competition against Britain's pre-war market supremacy. To-day the international commerce of the United States actually rivals that of Britain herself. Each of these industrial powers is doing about one-sixth of the world's business.

Since the pre-war period when all eyes were turned on Germany's commercial challenge, the United States has increased its share of the world's import trade by one-third; her exports, the more fruitful source of friction among nations, are a quarter greater.

These shifts in the proportions of the world's trade are sufficient to make market readjustments react upon the old world exporters.

U. S. Foreign Trade a Luxury.

The view that the foreign trade of the United States is a luxury is prevalent abroad. To these shell-shocked neighbours—Great Britain, France, Germany—only their own foreign trade is a necessity.

Even the more far-sighted British financial circles reflect the opinion that American trade in foreign fields "is a desirable sideline rather than an urgent necessity." A 10-billion-dollar stake, however, would hardly seem to be "in the nature of a by-product of America's economic activity."

Gigantic though the domestic market is, American production has a capacity for expansion which presents a quite contrary picture. Whereas American exports formerly were predominantly raw materials, the proportion of manufactured goods has risen sharply. These constituted but one-twentieth of American exports a century ago. They were only one-tenth of the whole at the time of the Civil War. But by 1900, even, they constituted a fourth. To-day, finished goods total over a third of the whole—with semi-manufactured goods, nearly one-half.

In short, American production has reached the point where foreign trade directly affects prosperity. The exports of the United States now represent from 10 to 15 per cent. of the nation's total production. More and more, important American industries find foreign fields essential to their own stability and growth.

Despite Resources, U. S. Not Self-Sufficient.

Varied though the resources under the American flag are, the United States is far from being self-sufficient. It is a contradiction of the very conditions on which modern economic life rests. The most elementary geographic facts make clear what "dependent America" means. Not only are there many products essential to industry which the United States lacks—from antimony to manganese and nickel among the ferrous alloys vital to the steel business; asbestos for insulation; mica in the electrical industry; silk, among the textiles. Being a temperate zone nation, the tropical produce now figuring so largely in modern life must be obtained from neighbours closer to the Equator. From bananas and coffee to vegetable oils, the Caribbean, Pacific, and Far Eastern lands play a valuable part in industry.

U. S. Must Keep Open Highways of Trade.

If the United States is "selling the world," she is also purchasing heavily abroad.

Together, the outgoing and the incoming currents of commerce constitute a vast movement of goods. This overseas trade aggregates 100,000,000 tons of cargo a year. Nearly 6,000 vessels, totalling 20,000,000 tons gross, are employed. The cargo has a value of nearly eight billion dollars—the freight bill exceeds 725 million dollars.

The "highways" of this trade—merchant shipping—were borrowed largely before the European conflict by the United States from her competitors. The outbreak of war jarred the American into the realization that foreign commerce, carrying trade and sea power were interwoven inextricably. The acute needs of the belligerents in 1914 diverted tonnage overnight from the services needed by the United States for both the export of her manufactures and the import of essential commodities.

From the establishment of the United States Shipping Board in 1916 to the Merchant Marine Act of 1928, steady progress has been made in the direction of greater American independence on the high seas. Exclusive of the protected inter-coastal services via the Panama Canal, some 1,700 American flag vessels of 7,000,000 gross tons are engaged in foreign trade. They transport 40 per cent. of the import cargoes, what the United States buys abroad, and 22 per cent. of what foreign

RELIABILITY TRIAL WINNERS.

MOTOR CYCLE PRIZES NOW ALLOTTED.

DINNER ARRANGED.

The actual winners of the silver trophies put up for competition in last Friday's motor cycle reliability trial are announced, following a mutual arrangement between the two riders who tied for the first place.

Mr. E. S. Rogers wins the handsome silver cup presented by the Texas Company for competition among members of the Motor Cycle Section H.K.V.D.C. only, and Mr. S. J. Clarke wins the imposing trophy which constituted the premier award in the open section. The second prize, also a silver cup, goes to Mr. F. S. W. Smith, the third to Mr. D. Davies and the fourth to Mr. H. G. Williams.

In addition, Messrs. Rodgers, Clarke and Williams each receive a silver cup as members of the most successful team.

The trophies are to be presented at a dinner, which it is hoped all competitors in the trial will attend, to be held at Messrs. Lane, Crawford's restaurant on a date to be decided. Competitors and others desiring to attend this function are asked to send their names to the Secretary of the trial as soon as possible.

ers purchase in America. This makes somewhat less than one-third of the vessels in the American trades under the flag of the United States.

Though 32 other nations participate, the British shipping amounts to 40 per cent. of the foreign tonnage. Here, again, Britain most extensively feels the economic development of the United States.

U. S. Is Veritable "Island Continent."

If the insular situation of Great Britain has dominated her world policies the future of the United States will tend more and more to be determined by her own geographic position.

The United States, to all intents, is an "island continent." Facing in the Atlantic and the Pacific, the two great oceans of our times, the American people have a unique naval problem. Their inter-oceanic position makes the Panama Canal of premier importance in both peace and war.

Not only does the United States find itself obliged to think strategically in terms of the Atlantic and the Pacific. Both domestic and foreign trade lines converge upon this Central American crossroads.

Just as the British predominate in the Suez Canal traffic, so the United States leads in the use of Panama. Over 6,000 vessels pass through this waterway annually, those under the American flag constituting approximately half the total number.

This volume of trade is vital to the efficient economic life of the American people. Any interruption in the East-and-West movement of shipping would block vast cargoes of every kind of commodity from foodstuffs to raw materials; dislocate prices, and glut the land transportation.

In wartime, the Panama Canal, were it blocked, would affect the

PRETTY CATHEDRAL WEDDING.

CAPT. D. SKINNER & MISS M. M. COLTON.

A pretty wedding took place at St. John's Cathedral yesterday afternoon, the contracting parties being Captain Donald Skinner, eldest son of Mr. J. H. Skinner, of Auckland, New Zealand, and Miss Mabel Musgrave Colton, L.R.C.M., only daughter of Mr. Charles A. C. Colton, A.M.I.C.E., and Mrs. Colton, of "Rockliffe," Burns Bay, Lane Cove, New South Wales, Australia. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. R. H. Brougham, M.A.

The bride, who was given away by her father, was attired in a white Chantilly lace frock, with shoulder poy and trail of orange blossom, over pink Chantilly lace on white satin. She also wore a Brussels lace veil over a pink Chantilly lace train, with a bouquet of orange blossom, and carried a bouquet of white roses and white sweet peas, with tulle and streamers.

Miss Gardiner was the bridesmaid, and she wore a dress of shell pink crepe de chine and carried a bouquet of roses, with tulle and streamers. With the bridesmaid was Mrs. Sanderson, a friend, who wore a dress of beige georgette and carried a bouquet of sweet peas with streamers.

The bride's mother was attired in a gown of mastic georgette, with lace coat, and she carried a bouquet of chrysanthemums with tulle and streamers to tone.

Dr. M. Nicolson was the "best man."

After the ceremony, a reception was held at the Roof Garden of the Hongkong Hotel, and later the couple left for their honeymoon, the bride's going-away dress being a navy and mastic crepe de chine ensemble, with hat to match, and large fox fur.

THE SINO-SOVIET PROBLEM.

EMERGENCY DISCUSSION AT NANKING.

Nanking, Feb. 5.

The Habarovsk Protocol was discussed at a meeting of the Central Political Council this morning, when the matter was again referred to the Foreign Relations Committee for examination.

An emergency meeting of the Council is being held to-morrow morning, when the matter will again be discussed. It is expected a decision will be reached, whereupon Mo Teh-huei, who has been conferring with Government officials, will return to Mukden to report to Chang Hsueh-liang.—*Reuter*.

Nanking, Feb. 5.

It is learned reliably that Marshal Chiang Kai-shek will leave for Canton on Thursday.—*Reuter*.

United States disastrously in economic organization. Above all, the ability of the navy to operate in either the Atlantic or the Pacific would be destroyed.

The control of these 6,000 miles of sea-ways—stretching from the Pacific coast of America, down through the Panama Canal, thence through the Caribbean up the Atlantic coast—is the pre-eminent factor in the sea power of the United States.

CANTON CONSULAR CHANGE.

MR. H. PHILLIPS SUCCEEDS MR. G. S. MOSS.

A VARIED CAREER.

Canton, Feb. 5. Mr. Herbert Phillips, C. M. G., O. B. E., arrived in Canton this morning by the s.s. Talsan to assume the post of H. B. M. Consul-General in Canton, vice Mr. G. S. Moss, C. B. E. Mr. Phillips will take over on Friday from Mr. Moss who will leave for Home on Saturday, by the s.s. Karmala from Hongkong.

Mr. Phillips is arriving from Home leave and is very senior in the Consular Service in China; he is also the first full Consul-General to be in Canton since Sir James Jamieson left early in 1926. He has enjoyed a long and successful career in the Consular Service in China and is well known in almost all the Consular Stations, having been appointed Inspector General of Consular Establishments in the Far East during 1925 and 1926.

Mr. Phillips was born on the 8th July, 1878; he passed the competitive examination on the 19th January, 1898, and was appointed Student Interpreter in China on the 1st March of that year. He was decorated with the China Medal in 1900, and was promoted to be Second Class Assistant on the 5th April, 1902. He was Acting Vice-Consul at Tientsin during 1903 and 1904; and Acting Chief Clerk and Registrar of the Supreme Court at Shanghai in 1905. On the 16th August, 1906, he was promoted to be a First Class Assistant. He was Acting Vice-Consul at Chungking from December 12th, 1907, to April 12th, 1909. For a few months he was Assistant in the Mixed Court in Shanghai, and then was Assistant in the Chinese Secretary's Office in Peking during 1908, 1910 and 1911. He was Acting Chinese Secretary during 1910.

On the 12th May, 1911, he was promoted to be one of H.M. Vice-Consuls in China, and was appointed to be Consul for the Consular District of Wuchow, to reside at Wuchow, on the 14th March, 1913, but did not proceed. He was appointed Consul at Shanghai, let April, 1913. On the 14th June, he was called to the Bar at the Middle Temple, and was made an O.B.E., on 1st January, 1918. He was appointed Acting Consul at Newchwang April 17th, 1919; in charge of the Consulate, at Foochow from December 17th to April, 1922; received a new commission as one of H.M. Consuls in China, on March 1st, 1922; and from the 3rd July, 1923, to the 15th December, 1925, he was in charge of the Consulate at Harbin. He was appointed Inspector General of Consular Establishments in the Far East, with the personal rank of Consul-General, on July 1st, 1925, and was in charge of the Consulate-General for Nanking (residing at Shanghai) in 1927. He was made a C.M.G., on 1st January, 1928.

There will be other changes in the British Consulate-General in Canton this month. Mr. G. E. Stockley, who has been Acting Vice-Consul for some time, is proceeding on Home leave by the s.s. Karmala, and his place is being taken by Mr. Geoffrey. Another Assistant will be arriving towards the end of the month in the person of Mr. Hughes.—*Our Own Correspondent*.

EXCHANGE RATES.

	London, Feb. 5.
Paris	124.02
Brussels	34.905
Amsterdam	12.117
Berlin	20.285
Copenhagen	18.195
Vienna	34.555
Helsinki	193.4
Lisbon	108.25
Bucharest	818
Buenos Aires	48.4
Shanghai	1/11.4
Yokohama	2/0.7/82
New York	4.89 1/2
Geneva	25.105
Milan	92.50
Stockholm	18.125
Oslo	18.21
Prague	164.4
Madrid	36.895
Athens	275
Rio	5.19/82
Bombay	1/6.29/82
Hongkong	1/6.4
Silver (spot)	20 1/2
Silver (forward)	10 1/2

—*British Wireless*.

NEW MEMBER OF PRIVY COUNCIL.

AUSTRALIAN PREMIER APPOINTED.

London, Feb. 5. H. M. the King has approved the appointment of Mr. Scullin, Prime Minister of the Commonwealth of Australia, to be a member of His Majesty's Privy Council.—*British Wireless*.

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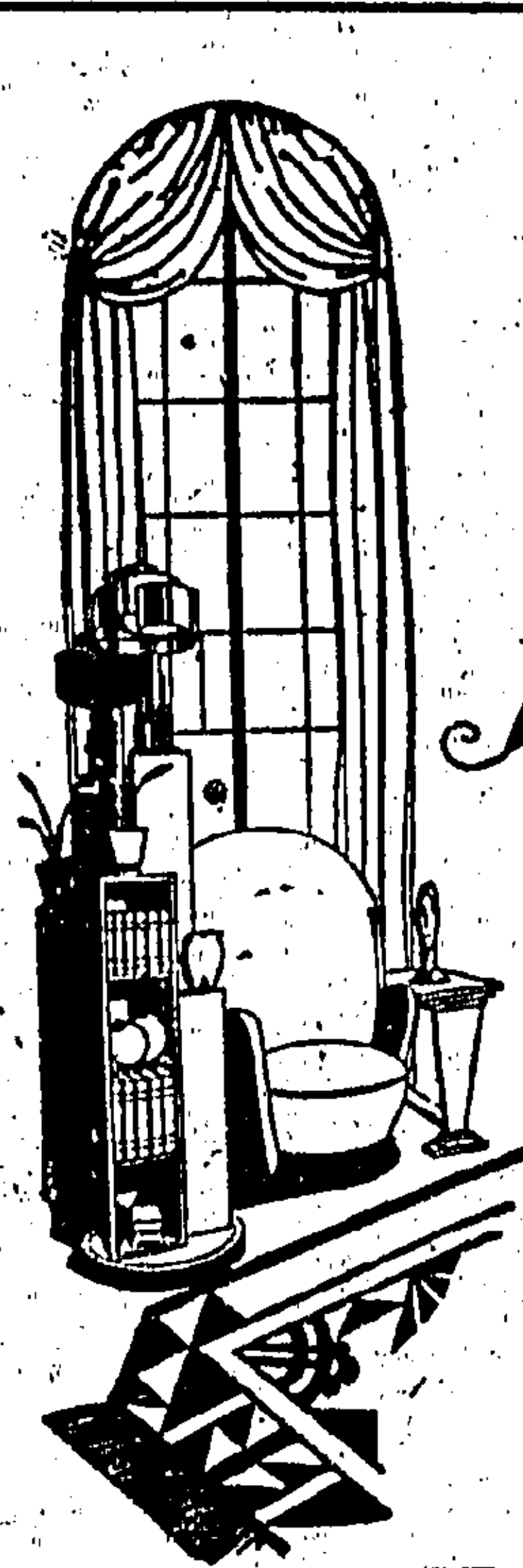
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Viyella Flannel	Union	(Nett)	\$18.50
Tricoline			7.50
Trimola			13.50
Silk			8.50
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"Atlas" Pyjamas			12.50
B. V. D. Sleeping Suit			8.50
			4.00

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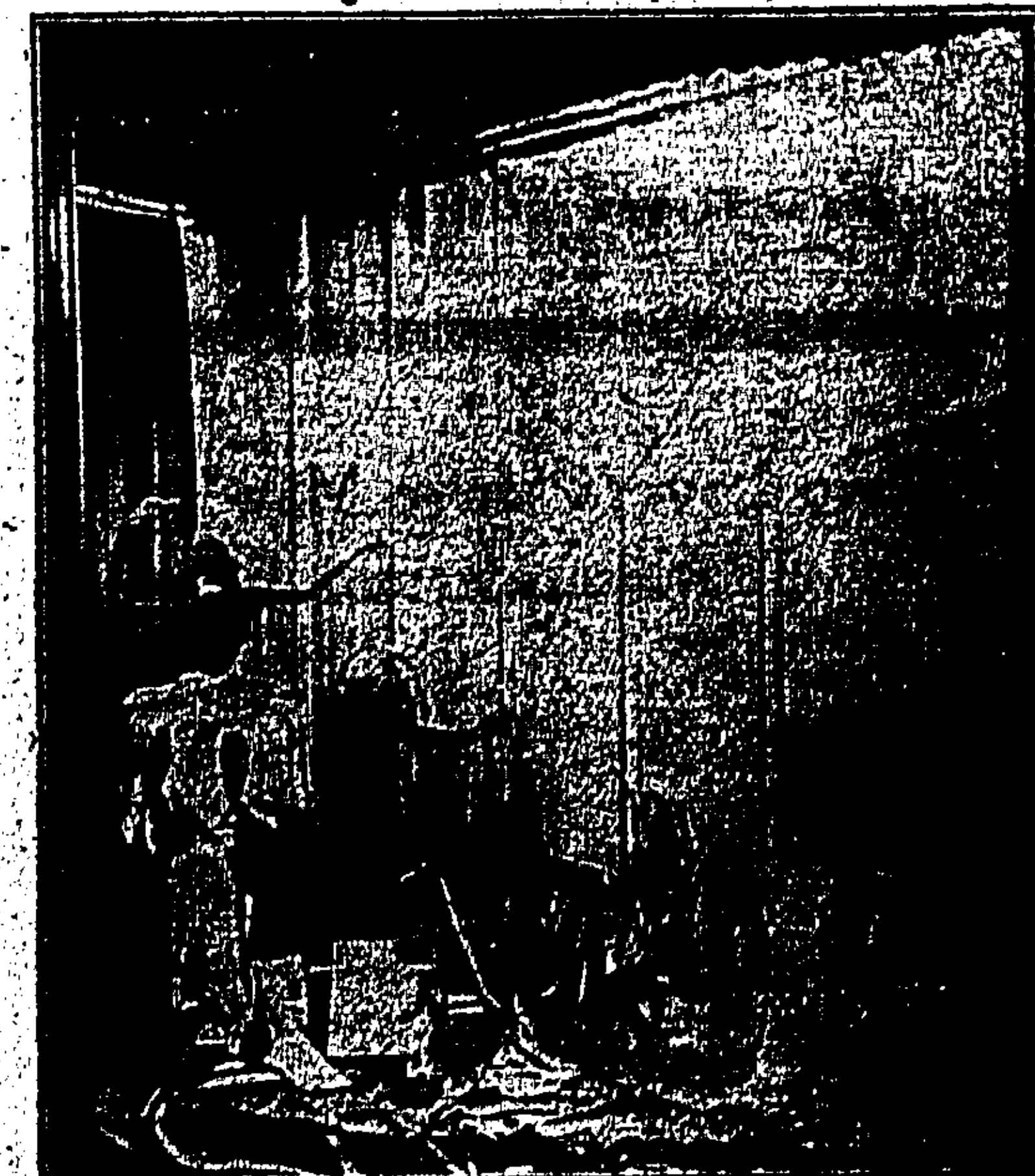
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THE WORLD OF SPORT



INTERPORT GOLF.

SHANGHAI JUST DEFEATS MANILA.

BLINKO MAGNIFICENT.

The Shanghai golfers left this morning after having spent an interesting and enjoyable though not altogether successful week at Fanning. After a run of successes in Interport golf matches they were narrowly beaten by Hongkong on Saturday and Sunday, but they gained some compensation by a victory over Manila by two points in a one-day match yesterday. Originally it was to be a two-day affair, with foursomes on Tuesday and singles yesterday, but owing to the late arrival of the Manila men it was decided to confine it to one day, 18 holes foursomes in the morning and 18 holes singles in the afternoon.

The result of the match was that Shanghai won by two points. The fourballs ended with honours even, but in the afternoon Shanghai proved slightly superior individually and won four of the six singles. It was a great struggle all day, as is shown by the fact that three of the singles finished on the last green.

Blinko's Skill.

The outstanding player of the day was Blinko, probably the longest driver in the Far East. Blinko went out with the forefinger of his right hand heavily bandaged. He told a *Telegraph* representative that he had sprained it and feared that he would be handicapped considerably. That bandaged finger, afterwards proved to be a great joke among the Manila men, for Blinko put up such wonderful golf that no man could live with him. He reeled off "birdies" and bogeys with unfailing regularity and in the morning fourball actually got an "eagle" three at the tenth, being on the green in two and sinking a long putt on the trickiest green of the course. He won both the matches in which he was engaged—the fourballs and the singles—by 8 up and 7 to play, remarkable figures when it is considered that the games were over only eighteen holes. In the morning fourballs he went round in 70, six under bogey. He so completely dominated the play that it was only necessary for Lock, his partner, to chip in twice during the whole round, and then he had to do the holes in "birdies" to beat Blinko. Blinko continued his fireworks during the afternoon, when he was opposed to "Bob" Mason. He started off by winning the first four holes off the reel, was seven up at the turn and finished the match at the eleventh green, 8 and 7. Mason called the game a "tragedy."

Stylish Player.

Next to Blinko, honours on the Shanghai side went to Kenneth Cumming, who, with C.O., halved the fourballs with Shanghai's leading pair, Fielder and Parrott, and won his singles against Douglas, a former Hongkong player, by 3 and 2. Cumming's golf has been modelled on the right lines. He is one of the most stylish players who have ever appeared on the Fanning course. Both in the fourballs and the singles he was very steady. He did not reach the brilliance of Blinko, but he was always making wonderful shots when his opponents least expected them. His approaches and putting were deadly.

Lock, a little fellow, drives a very long ball, due to perfect timing. He was rather overshadowed by Blinko in the fourballs. The feature of his display yesterday was the wonderful recovery he made in the singles against Parrott, the Manila captain. The latter was down three, but Lock put up a great fight to save the match and only went down on the last green.

C.O. Cumming, Dennison and Bowling all played well at one time or another. C.O. is a player who is likely to figure in a great many Interports in the years to come.

The Manila Men.

On the Manila side, Fielder proved himself to be the best player. He has played in Interports at Fanning before, and is a most difficult man to beat. He partnered Parrott in the fourballs against the two Cummings, pulled the match out of the fire at the seventeenth and almost won it at

LEAGUE CRICKET.

THE RECREIO TEAM FOR SATURDAY.

The following will represent the Recreio in a League match on Saturday, against the R.A.S.C. at King's Park: L. J. Gutierrez, H. A. Alves, D. P. Xavier, H. A. Barros, O. M. Sousa, J. H. Figueiredo, J. E. Noronha, G. A. Gutierrez, F. J. Remedios, A. P. Pereira and F. H. Carvalho.

University Second Eleven.

The following will represent the University second eleven in their League cricket match against the C.C.C. on the University ground at Pokfulam at 2 p.m. on Saturday: F. Hinton (captain), A. A. Aziz, A. Chan Fook, K. T. Loke, G. E. Yeoh, P. L. Tan, K. P. Gan, C. Candah, E. M. Adams, A. T. Nomanbhoy and H. Nomanbhoy.

LOCAL HOCKEY.

The following will represent Club de Recreio against the Hongkong Hockey Club "A" on Friday at King's Park Ground at 5 o'clock sharp: C. Barros, F. M. Silva, D. C. Alves, H. R. Pina, F. A. Barros, F. V. Ribeiro, F. J. Remedios, J. H. Figueiredo, A. M. Xavier, H. A. Botelho, and H. A. Noronha. Reserve: J. A. de V. Soares.

SETTLING THE POINT IN GOLF



Holding Opponent's Ball

A player must hole out with his own ball at every hole, under penalty of disqualification. However, in match play if a player's ball knock the opponent's ball into the hole, the opponent shall be deemed to have holed out on the last stroke.

In medal play, the ball knocked into the hole must be replaced and the player who knocked it in incurs one penalty stroke.

The eighteenth. In the afternoon he had a great struggle with C. O. Cumming and finished one up on the last green.

Colonel Parrott played a steady game throughout the day. He is a player who studies every stroke he makes, particularly on the greens, where he sank some very long putts during the course of the day. It is probable the Colonel will not forget that "explosion" shot of his at the tenth for many a day. He was in the sand bunker on the edge of the green with his second, and in attempting an "explosion" he fell over to take the sand and the ball went about fifty yards up into the wood.

"Bob" Mason was off colour all day long. Somehow things never went right for him from the start. Mackay, who was paying his first visit to Fanning, proved himself a player of great promise. He drives a long ball and is particularly effective with his mashie. The greens, however, had him guessing a good many times.

Douglas was steady without doing anything brilliant and Cothran showed quite good form. Details:

Fourballs.	
Shanghai.	Manila.
C. O. & E. M.	Fielder & Parrott
Cumming & Lock	Douglas & Mackay (9/1)
Dennison & Bowling	Mason & Cothran
Blinko & Lock (6/7)	
Singles.	
Shanghai.	Manila.
Blinko (5/7)	Mason (11 up)
C. O. Cumming	Parrott (10 up)
Lock	Douglas (10 up)
E. Cumming (1/2)	Mackay
Dennison (1 up)	Cothran
Bowling (6/7)	

GETTING IT BOTH WAYS.

POLICE & "DOG NO BIGGER THAN RAT."

A sequel to the recent prosecution of Capt. R. G. Carvey, master of the President McKinley, who was fined for permitting the landing of a dog without a permit, was the issue of summons against Mrs. U. W. Strelley, the owner of the dog, who was called upon to appear before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning. The defendant's address was given as the St. Francis Hotel but it was intimated that the defendant could not be found at the address given. It was stated that she was now residing at 49, Lyndhurst Terrace.

His Worship adjourned the original summons for one week for re-service at the new address.

The summons against Mrs. Strelley accused her of, being the owner of the dog, landing the animal without a permit from the Colonial Veterinary Surgeon on January 28.

The dog was described by Captain Carvey as being no bigger than a rat.

FUTURE UNIONIST POLICY.

(Continued from Page 1.)

order to supplement and fortify Imperial trade agreements.

Exclusive Markets.

He wished to see conferences between representatives of Britain and the Dominions in such industries as steel, cotton and wool to discuss types of production which the Dominion industry might fairly manufacture exclusively for its own markets, and what British manufactures should be sold in those markets.

He said that the development of the Crown Colonies was primarily a question of money. It must be the earnest endeavour of the Government to do its utmost to benefit the trade entering these Colonies, particularly the cotton trade.

Appalled About Russia.

Mr. Baldwin added that it made his blood boil to see the way the State-controlled Russian Press and Russian statesman referred to the British Government. The Conservatives resented the secrecy of Anglo-Russian diplomacy, but a much more serious thing was the persecution of Christians in Russia. The Government's indifference to what was going on was inexplicable.—*Reuter and British Wireless.*

SEPARATION CLAIM.

PORTUGUESE COUPLE AT VARIANCE.

A summons claiming separation, the legal custody of a child, maintenance and costs was brought by Mrs. Bertha Joanna Soares against her husband, Mr. Joaquim Roque Soares before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning.

The complainant alleged that the defendant had been guilty of persistent cruelty to her and of wilful neglect to provide, reasonable maintenance for her and had by such cruelty and or neglect caused her to leave and live separately and apart from him.

Mr. J. T. Prior appeared for the applicant while Mr. Leo d'Almada, snr, represented the husband.

The case was adjourned for one week for hearing on the afternoon of Thursday next at 2.15 p.m.

SHARE PRICES.

TO-DAY'S QUOTATIONS.

The following is the list of local share quotations issued to-day:

Banks.

Hongkong Bank, \$1325 b.
Chartered Bank, \$161 n.
Mercantile A. & B., \$281 n.
East Asia \$97 b.

Insurance.

Canton Ins., \$715 n.
Union Ins., \$379 b.
North China, Ins., Tls. 160 b.
Yangtze Ins., \$50 n.
China Underwriters, \$2 n.
China Fires, \$340 b.
H. K. Fire Ins., \$327 b.

Shipping.

Douglases, \$251 s.
H. K. Steamboats, \$27 s.
H. K. Tugs, \$2 s.
Indo-Chinas, (Def.) \$70 n.
Union Waterboats \$231 b.

Mining.

Benguets, \$31 b.
Kailans, 54/- n.
Langkots, Tls. 13.60 n.
S'hai Explorations, Tls. 1.30 n.
Raub, \$131 b.
Tronohs, 21/- b.

Docks, etc.

Kowloon Wharves, \$150 b.
Whampoa Docks, \$32 b.
China Providents \$5.75 s.
Hongkows, Tls 196 b.
New Engineering, Tls. 7.50 n.
Shanghai Docks, Tls. 1231 sa.

Cottons.

Ewo Cottons, Tls. 16.65 b.
Oriental, Tls. 2.30 b.
S'hai Cottons, Tls. 85 (old) b.

Lands, Hotels, etc.

H. and S. Hotels, \$12.70 n.
H. K. Lands, \$66 b.
S'hai Lands Tls. 195 n.
Humphreys, \$14.10 b.
Realities, \$8.65 b.
Chinese Estates \$98 s.

Public Utilities.

Tramways, \$19.40 b.
Peak Tram, (old) \$11.75 n.
Star Ferries, \$73 n.
China Lights, (Old) \$191 s.
H. K. Electric, \$72 s.
Macao Electric, \$23 b.
Telephones \$9.65 b.
China Buses, Tls. 161 b.
Singapore Traction, 10/- s.

Industrials.

China Sugars, \$1 n.
Malabons, \$27 n.
Cald: Macg. Ord: Tls. 11 n.
Canton Ices, \$2.50 n.
Cements (Comb.) \$15.70 sa.
Ropes \$7.25 b.
United Asbestos \$5 b.

Stores, etc.

Dairy Farms, \$22.90 b.
Watsons, \$11.75 b.
Der A. Wings, \$80 s.
Lane Crawford, \$2.10 b.
Mackintosh, \$18 b.
Sinceros, \$12 n.

Miscellaneous.

Amusements, \$28 b.
Constructions, \$1.30 b.
B'que Ind. G. Bonds, 61%
H. E. G. Loan 5% s. Prem.

A cable has been received by Mr. William Anderson, local secretary of the Trinity College of Music, London, stating that Mr. Mallinson, the examiner, is leaving London in April, and is due in Hongkong to conduct examinations early in June.

W. J. Clavarne, a seaman of the a.s. Patrick Henry, was sent to the Kowloon Hospital by the ship's agents yesterday suffering from a fractured leg. In a report which was subsequently made to the Police there was no mention of how the injury was received.

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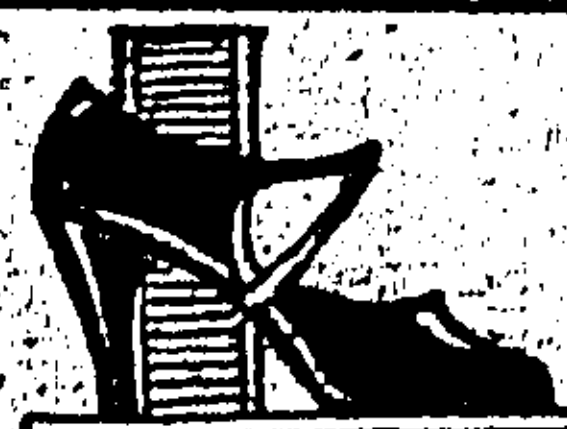
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CEMENT COMPANY'S FUTURE.

A BREAK WITH SHEWAN TOMES & CO.

COMPENSATION PLAN.

Considerable interest, as manifested by a large attendance of shareholders, was taken in the extraordinary general meeting of the Green Island Cement Company Limited, which was held in St. George's Building yesterday afternoon in pursuance of a Requisition made to the Directors. Two extraordinary resolutions were originally intended to be put before the meeting.

The first was "That the firm of Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co. be removed (pursuant to Article XI (8) of the Articles of Association of the Company) from the office of General Managers of the business of the company." The second resolution was "That Gibb, Livingston & Co., Ltd., of Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong, be appointed the General Managers of the business of the company with a remuneration of \$1,000.00 per month and a commission of 2½ per cent. on the annual balance of the working account of the year to be taken before any allowance or deduction has been made from such working account for depreciation of property, rents, buildings, machinery and stocks of goods and materials of any kind."

The first resolution was carried on the proposition of Mr. E. Davidson, seconded by Mr. Bulmer Johnson, together with an amendment proposed by the chairman (Mr. C. A. da Rosa) seconded by the Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga, "That the firm of Messrs. Shewan, Tomes and Co., be removed pursuant to Article XI (8) of the Articles of Association of this company from the office of General Managers of the business of the company but be paid as compensation for such removal any such sum as the company in general meeting may hereafter decide."

Speaking with regard to the resolution approving the appointment of Messrs. Gibb, Livingston and Co., Ltd., as General Managers of the business of the company, Mr. E. Davidson said that proxies sufficient to make the required majority to pass the resolution had not been lodged and he would not propose it as it would be a waste of time. Following this, the chairman gave a comprehensive review of the events leading up to the proposal.

The Chairman:—Gentlemen.—This meeting has been convened under the terms of the Company's Articles of Association, Article No. 9 Sub-section 3, as the result of a Requisition signed by 15 shareholders representing some 115,000 shares, and notwithstanding the fact that since the receipt of the Requisition in question the interest of the Requisitionists has been reduced to 88,000 shares, nevertheless such holding is within the statutory number and so conforms to the Article in question.

The secretary, having read to you the resolution mentioned in such Requisition, I will now call upon one of the gentlemen who requisitioned the meeting to propose the first of these resolutions, and to address the meeting in support thereof.

Mr. Davidson:—As I hold proxies for the Requisitionists, I will, with your permission, move the first resolution on notice. As shareholders are fully acquainted with the reasons that have been advanced for this resolution I don't propose to make any further remarks but I will ask someone to second it.

Mr. Bulmer Johnson:—I beg to second it.

The Resolution.

The Chairman:—Gentlemen.—On behalf of the Board of Directors and a large number of shareholders in this company, I now beg formally to propose the following as an amendment to the resolution you have just heard proposed by Mr. Davidson and seconded by Mr. Bulmer Johnson:

"That the firm of Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co., be removed pursuant to Article XI (8) of the Articles of Association of this Company from the office of General Managers of the business of the company but be paid as compensation for such removal any such sum as the Company in General Meeting may hereafter decide."

In sponsoring the amendment before you, I will preface my remarks by stating that your Board has already comprehensively set its views before you in a circular letter addressed to shareholders under date the 15th November, 1929, and it is therefore unnecessary to travel over the same ground again, but it appears to me the opportunity to review briefly the course of events leading up to the action taken by your Board in this matter.

Directors' Statement.

As at present constituted, the Board of this company includes Directors who, with one exception, have served thereon for a period of several years, and I may incidentally add that the Directors have a material stake in the company inasmuch as its holding represents more than 10% of the issued capital thereof. During its period in office your Board has devoted a considerable amount of time and close attention to the affairs of the company, particularly in view of the fact, which is common knowledge, that the company has, during the past five years, passed through a period of severe depression necessitating conservation of its financial resources in order to effect complete modernization of its plant, which will, of course, entail heavy capital expenditure, which expenditure is, I may add, vitally essential to the future of its undertaking with a view to bringing it back to the high standard of earning power which it enjoyed for a period of years prior to the year 1925.

Reasons for Amendment.

I do not propose, at this juncture, to regale you with a lengthy dissertation regarding the policy undertaken in this relation as it will be necessary for me to refer to this matter later when I address you in opposition to the second of the resolutions before the meeting to-day. Nevertheless, it is necessary for me to point out that, in connexion with the amendment I now place before you, your Board, in sponsoring the matter of adequate compensation to the General Managers, has been prompted by the following important factors:

- (1) That the General Managers are, in their opinion, entitled to reasonable compensation for loss of office and
- (2) That the terms under which your Board propose that Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co., shall relinquish the General Managership of this company include, inter alia, a covenant to the effect that Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co., shall not assume competitive agencies in relation to the marketing of cement covering a period of five years.

I may incidentally further state that the views of your Board are shared (subject to a reservation as to the amount of such compensation) by a number of shareholders amongst whom are included either the Requisitionists or supporters of the proposed change in administration, your Board having been so informed at an informal meeting held on the 14th of August, 1929, which was convened for the purpose of affording an opportunity for an interchange of views on this subject.

Rumour Refuted.

I may here mention that on the 27th of November last (a week after the letter requisitioning this meeting was received) a letter was addressed to Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co., as General Managers of the company, by shareholders representing 92,000 shares (a majority of whom have signed the Requisition) dealing exclusively with an impression which they intimated had somehow got abroad to the effect that the signatories were averse to the principle of compensation. That impression was emphatically corrected by the letter last referred to, which, moreover, went on to state that no organized opposition would be made to fair and reasonable compensation being paid to Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co. in the event of the termination of their appointment as General Managers.

In the light of the views set forth in the letter just referred to, your Board, after due consideration, decided that the most equitable manner in which the question of compensation could be dealt with would be to furnish shareholders with the fullest and frankest information on this subject, and to leave the issue on the question of compensation to be decided upon by shareholders in general meeting.

Amendment's Provisions.

In view of this decision, it appears unnecessary for me to stress that should this amendment be carried, your Board will, in the near future, take steps to review the whole question of compensation on the basis which I have just outlined to you, and will then place the matter before the shareholders of the company in general meeting in the terms of this amendment. In these circumstances it seems to me that the amendment, as it stands, should be acceptable to the general body of shareholders, inasmuch as it provides for the removal of the General Managers, and leaves the issue on the matter of compensation to be adjudicated upon by the domestic forum. I would accordingly request you, when the amendment has been duly seconded, to record your votes in support thereof.

THE COMPANY'S HISTORY.

Strong Case Made Out by the Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga.

The Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga said:—Mr. Chairman and gentlemen.—The orthodox formula adopted by the second of any resolution, or an amendment thereto, is the one that usually commends itself because of its brevity—"I have pleasure in seconding." I propose on this occasion to depart from this stereotyped phraseology. The question under discussion, no less than the momentous issue involved, calls for the submission of arguments for your serious consideration.

It is with mixed feelings that I rise to second the Chairman's amendment to the original Resolution calling upon the shareholders of the Green Island Cement Company to cast themselves adrift from the firm of Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Company in their position of General Managers of the business of the Company.

My feelings are, in the first place, those of regret that in the evolution of modern industrial and commercial progress, as well as those of practical principles underlying the policy of economical administration, old associations and tried friendships long established must, sooner or later, be parted.

At the same time, I feel a sense of pleasure that if, as business men, we feel sentiment must make way by the compelling force of circumstances, a section of the shareholders of this Company is not so devoid of the sense of its moral—if not also of its legal—obligation that if the Company, on the ground of expediency, should free itself from general managership, the firm of Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Company, who had acted as general managers for nearly 35 years, should receive adequate and ample compensation for the relinquishment of their office.

A Significant Fact.

Before I submit the reasons in support of my arguments there are two facts—and they are important facts—I wish to emphasize. The first is that the Requisition for this meeting was signed by 15 shareholders representing 115,000 shares. Whatever the reason, it is a most significant fact that a weakening in the ranks of the requisitionists has taken place to the extent of a dwindling in their shareholding from 115,000 to 88,000. In other words, their fighting strength has been impaired to the extent of 23.48%.

No factor is more injurious to a combatant than the impairment of his force. The second fact which I would ask you to bear well in mind is that emerging from the Chairman's speech. It is this. Subsequent to the date of the Requisition, the General Managers received a letter from shareholders, with interest in the Company to the extent of 92,000 shares, intimating that they desired to correct an impression, which had got abroad, that it was not intended to pay any compensation whatever. That wrong impression has now been corrected on behalf of the signatories of the letter in question, and, in their own words, "no organized opposition will be offered to fair and reasonable compensation being paid to Messrs. Shewan, Tomes and Co. in the event of the termination of their appointment as general managers."

I would not attempt to disguise my admiration of a gracious act of gallantry which, at once, places in its true perspective the position of the general managers in relation to the attitude of the major body of the shareholders on the principle of the labourer being worthy of his hire. At an early stage I took an active and a continuing part in personal discussion arising out of the issuance of the circulars on behalf of the Company on the one hand, the general managers, and the requisitionists, respectively, on the other. I desire, therefore, to record my admiration of the prompt and unreserved correction of an erroneous impression which, if allowed to persist, might not have been conducive to a free, frank and friendly discussion of the momentous issues which we are met here to-day to decide.

The requisitionists having made their intentions clear, the way to a satisfactory conclusion of our deliberation and discussion is comparatively smooth.

Compensation Question.

The issue resolves itself into one as to whether compensation shall or shall not be paid to Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Company. To their credit be it said that the firm had and has no intention of obstructing the wishes of the shareholders to administer the affairs of the Company by themselves through a Board of Directors. The only point in difference is: Should the general managers receive any compensation for stepping aside from the conduct of the business of the company for which they have been responsible since 1895, and, if so, what is considered a fair and reasonable compensation? Having decided the first point, the second, the Chairman has informed us, remains to be debated at a future general meeting of shareholders.

In this connexion may I offer one suggestion? The issue of Founder shares is a common enough practice with joint stock companies. If the allotment of Founder shares be not practicable because of some technical difficulties, let Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co. be paid compensation in the equivalent of fully-paid shares. The difficulty of ready cash would be obviated and an old and honourable association of Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co. with the Company would still be retained.

It would be a graceful act, at any rate, from shareholders to their general managers. There is the further advantage that we would thus forge a new link in the chain connecting the present with the past, when we owed so much to Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co. The bonds of friendship need not be severed for good.

It will help us if, at this stage, I beg your forbearance to present to you very succinctly the history leading up to Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Company's general managership. If time had permitted it, I would like to go more into detail but I will not detain you longer than I can help. The facts that I will present to you in tabloid form are material and illuminating and will, I hope, assist you in reaching the only conclusion possible, and that is, that justice and fair play be meted out by a council of level-headed men of business who will render unto "Caesar that which is Caesar's."

Company's History.

The Green Island Cement Company, Limited, was started on the 22nd March, 1899. Mr. Cressy Ewens, a solicitor then practicing in Hongkong and at one time in partnership with a gentleman now occupying a seat on your Board of Directors, and Mr. Yu Siu Wang were the promoters of the Company. The nominal capital was \$1,000,000 of which \$765,000 was paid up. Its modest beginning was located on "Ilha Verde" at Macao, and it was from the English translation of the name of this little island—"Green Island"—that the Company derived its name, the product of which is now so familiarly known throughout the industrial world of the Far East.

The works, consisting of about 12 bottle kilns with the necessary grinding plants, etc., did not realize the expectations of the promoters. The Company did not prosper.

On the 3rd January, 1891, Messrs. Arnold, Karberg & Co. were appointed the General Managers, who raised \$50,000 in debentures.

It is useful to quote a few extracts from the annual reports of the Company to show how its difficulties proved almost insurmountable until the present firm of general managers succeeded to the office.

It is recorded in the report for 1892 that "towards the close of that year rates became so unremunerative that we were compelled to reduce the production considerably, the financial situation not allowing us to sell at a loss, or to allow the agglomeration (that is the word used in the report) of heavy stocks." The value of sales in that year amounted to \$100,317.89.

Prospects in 1894.

At the annual meeting held on the 14th March, 1894, the shareholders were confronted with extremely gloomy prospects, for "we had to face an almost complete falling off in the demand and a further decline in prices, which compelled us to practically close the factory." These were the dark forebodings of 1894.

On the 1st December of that year the prospectus was issued of a new Company, with the same name, formed for the purpose of acquiring and taking over as a going concern the business and undertaking carried on by the old Company. The property consisted of the Cement Factory in Green Island, Macao.

Messrs. Arnold, Karberg & Co. endeavoured to form the new Company with 20,000 shares of \$5 each to take over the assets and liabilities of the old Company. Of these shares 16,880 were to be allotted to the shareholders in the old Company and the balance 3,120 to be offered to the public. The public were unresponsive and this effort to provide new capital failed. The Colony as a whole did not have the courage to put up a comparative pittance as an aggregate of \$85,000. Mr. Shewan, singlehanded, pledged his firm to the extent of \$90,000.

Then it was that a nascent industry of so much potential value was threatened with total extinction. Messrs. Arnold Karberg and Co. signed the annual report for the last time in 1895. The reports for the following year bore the signature of Messrs. Shewan and Co. the original firm name of Messrs. Shewan, Tomes and Co. the present general managers. The firm was founded by the senior partner, Mr. Robert Go-

dan Shewan. Mr. Shewan is still at the head of his firm, I am happy to say, and enjoying his usual robust health and, with his alert mind, in spite of his years unostentatiously giving of his best in foresight, ripe judgment and experience, and brilliant talent in the industrial service of this Colony.

When the effort to float new capital failed, Mr. Shewan approached Mr. Kramer, manager of Arnold, Karberg & Co., for his (Mr. Shewan's) firm to take over the management of the Cement Co. These two gentlemen were close friends, Mr. Shewan was advised that "there was nothing in it." Mr. Kramer was "sick of it." Nothing daunted, however, Mr. Shewan, in his ability to "dip far into the future," "dreamt dreams" and, far as the human eye could see, saw the vision of a prosperous Kowloon now made still more prosperous by reason of its industrial enterprises fostered and developed by the progressive policy of a helpful Administration.

Mr. Kramer, required of Mr. Shewan the reimbursement of a sum of \$50,000 and the guarantee of an overdraft with the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank of \$40,000. So, even in those early days, with the experimental cement industry in Hongkong or rather at Macao, in its death throes, the then general managers had to be reimbursed to the extent of \$90,000. Mr. Shewan accepted Mr. Kramer's terms, and the re-birth of a key industry of such incalculable benefit to Hongkong had its beginning.

Turning of the Tide.

In 1898, for the first time also, the name of the late Sir (then Mr.) Paul Chater appeared as a Director.

With the admission of Mr. C. A. Tomes as partner, the firm name of Shewan and Co. was changed to Shewan, Tomes and Co., and ever since 1897 the signature of Shewan, Tomes and Co. has appeared on every annual report.

In 1897 it was found desirable to considerably increase the output and a large and valuable site was acquired at Hok Un, Kowloon. The area of the work is 1,120,678 sq. ft. It is recorded in the report for 1898 that "the new works at Hok Un were making good progress; the site was all levelled and ready for commencing foundations." The works were completed in 1899, cement produced in November of that year, and sales from Hok Un began at the beginning of 1900.

We read in the report for 1904 that "the increased consumption, especially in this Colony has kept pace with our enlarged facilities for production."

A further extension of the factory was effected in 1906.

Notwithstanding large additions to plant both factories kept at full pressure. This was the gratifying statement appearing in the Company's report for 1907.

Financial Position.

It appears to me unnecessary to retrace the history of the financial position of the Company. It has been given in detail in the statement accompanying Messrs. Shewan, Tomes and Co.'s circular letter to shareholders of the 15th November last. I will summarize that statement in a few lines dating from the time when Messrs. Shewan, Tomes and Co. took over the management.

Paid-up Capital	
in 1895	200,000
1897	271,975
1898	350,797
1899	498,812
1900	598,040
1901	1,000,000
1905	1,500,000
1906	2,000,000
1907	4,000,000
1917	3,000,000
1924	3,400,000

And \$9,245,447.23 has been paid in dividends by the Company managed by Messrs. Shewan, Tomes and Co.; they took it over in 1895 when "it was moribund and certainly bankrupt, and as a business proposition it commended itself to no one." Such was the work of the general managers that they earned for shareholders no less a sum than nearly \$10,000,000 out of a moribund company.

The statement, as I have submitted, contains nothing but bare facts. To the unbiased and unprejudiced mind the only conclusion to be drawn from these facts is that Messrs. Shewan, Tomes and Co. deserve well of shareholders and in our recognition of their services the least we can do is to record at this meeting to-day an unmistakable admission of their "very strong and justifiable claim for full and adequate compensation from the Company."

I fail to see how shareholders can equitably negative such a proposal. I venture to think it would be monstrous if we did. And if we did, then the conclusion is forced upon me that commercial morality in Hongkong is doomed and "gentlemen's agreement" must be considered a delusion and a snare. I refuse to think that the mercantile community of this Colony will invite the opprobrium that should be fully merited if, at the same time as they remove the general managership of the Green Island Cement Co., Ltd., from Messrs. Shewan, Tomes and Co., they resolutely set their face against a claim, that to my mind, can be established in equity and substantiated in law. If they did, then the finger of scorn can be justly pointed at us, and it should be difficult for us to overcome the derision.

I remain to be convinced by any argument advanced against compensation. The mover of the original resolution has contributed nothing to enlighten us as to the motives of the authors of the resolution, who, curiously enough, are conspicuous by their absence. So far as I am personally concerned the arguments contained in their circular have made no impression on me, excepting that they leave me more convinced than ever that the case for and not against compensation remains unshaken and incontrovertible.

I therefore second the chairman's amendment. (Amplause).

The chairman then put the amended resolution to the meeting and it was carried *nem con.*

SECOND RESOLUTION.

Withdrawn Because of Small Support.

The chairman:—Gentlemen.—We now come to the second resolution which reads:

"That Messrs. Gibb, Livingston & Co., Ltd., of Victoria in the Colony of Hongkong be appointed the General Managers of the business of the Company with a Remuneration of \$1,000.00 per month and a commission of 2½ per cent. on the annual balance of the working account of the year to be taken before any allowance or deduction has been made from such working account for depreciation of property, rents, buildings, machinery and stocks of goods and materials of any kind."

and which I will again ask one of the Requisitionists to propose. Mr. Davidson:—Sir, as I hold proxies for the Requisitionists I would, in the ordinary course, have proposed this resolution, but as you have been good enough to allow Mr. Tinson and myself to scrutinize the proxies, it is known to me that, although a substantial number of proxies have been lodged in support of this resolution, there are not sufficient to make the majority which is required to pass this resolution. I think it will be a waste of time if I propose it and therefore I will not do so.

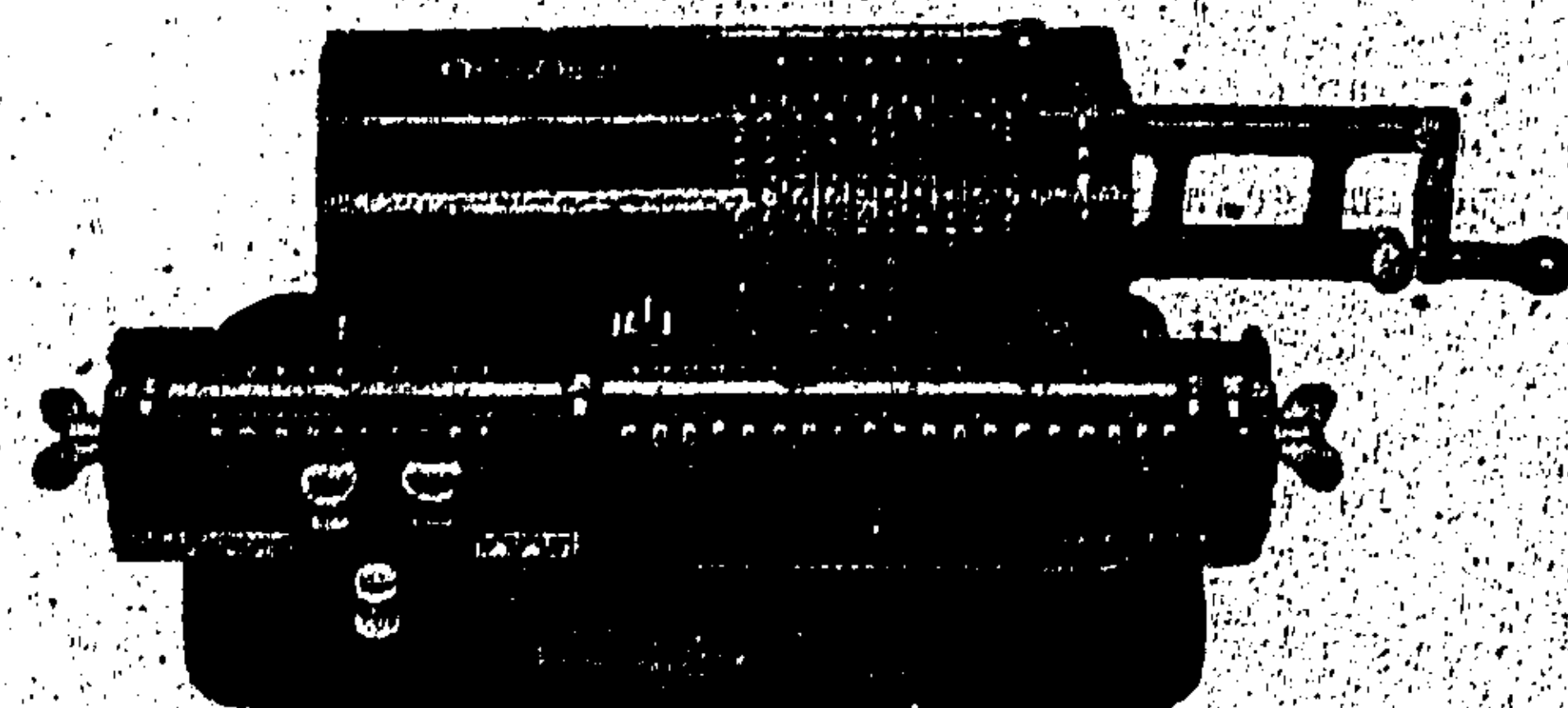
A Retrograde Step. The Chairman:—Gentlemen.—Although the resolution which you have just heard read will not be before the meeting in view of the statement made by Mr. Davidson, I think it desirable to review the events leading up to its proposal. The circular dated 15th November last, which I have previously referred to, fully sets out the views of the Board on this matter, and your Directors see no reason to alter these views, particularly as they are firmly of the opinion that it would be a retrograde step in the history of the company to appoint further General Managers.

Shareholders will doubtless reflect that at the last annual general meeting a shareholder suggested that the General Managers' commission should be reduced so as to make such commission commensurate with the net profits earned by the company. Your Directors, after much careful thought, and having in view the best interests of the company, went beyond the suggestion made, by deciding to endeavour to relieve the company altogether from the financial burden which the maintenance of the office of General Managers would entail.

Expensive Administration. In arriving at this decision it was, and is, the considered view of the Board that the company is committed under the present regime to an expensive form of administration offering no adequate advantage technically or commercially, and placing the company in the control of two distinct bodies, whilst retaining for the Directors the entire onus of responsibility—in which regard I desire to emphasize that in the opinion of the Board the dual control of a company such as ours does not tend to secure the best results, either in the manufacture or the marketing of the company's product, and with regard to the foregoing position I would point out that a close association between the members of the Board, and what I may term the executive personnel of the company, must, so long as human nature is what it is, be a matter of considerable difficulty, since the administrative heads must perforce feel that their allegiance to the General Managers is paramount, consequently such state of affairs does not conduce to the attainment of that collaboration between the Directors and the Executive which is essential to

(Continued on Page 10.)

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QUEEN'S BUILDING

CEMENT COMPANY'S FUTURE.

(Continued from Page 9.)

the conduct of the business of any company, let alone one engaged in a manufacturing industry.

Directors' Outside Interests.

The Requisitionists of this meeting in their circular dated 15th November, 1929, and addressed to the shareholders of the company, in support of the appointment of new General Managers, state, *(inter alia)*, that such appointment is desirable for the reason that it is considered that the Board of Directors, acting alone, would not be in a position to devote to the company that amount of care and attention which is so essential to a manufacturing concern.

On this debatable question it appears advisable for me to point out that, if the arguments so put forward are to carry the weight which is attributed to them, then similar arguments must apply to the very many companies not only in Hongkong but elsewhere, as it is a matter of common knowledge that even in London, leading companies to-day are in an identical position *vis-a-vis* the constitution of their respective Directorates. In these circumstances I feel that an argument based upon the assumption that, because the present members of the Board are also Directors of a number of other local companies, this Company should suffer as a result, is fallacious.

Board's Heavy Work.

Moreover, whilst I am naturally averse from offering for your consideration anything in the nature of a eulogy of the present Board, it does appear requisite for me to inform you that during the past four years an exceedingly heavy volume of work has been carried out by the Board, and that as a result your company is to-day in the position of having ready to hand a strong programme of development based upon a centralisation of its manufacturing plant at Hok-On, in which connexion a most favourable contract, both financially and otherwise, has been placed with the well-known firm of Messrs. Vickers Armstrong Ltd., which contract, when completed, will furnish the company with the most modern cement producing plant in the Far East, and

having regard to the fact that the financial arrangements in connexion therewith are based upon the principle of "payment against performance," your company is duly safeguarded in the matter of satisfactory operation of the plant, as the onus thereof devolves upon the contractor. I may here add, that 60% of the contract price of this new installation will not be payable until the plant is in production up to the specification standard, and that 40 per cent. thereof will be withheld covering various periods up to one year thereafter. Incidentally it may interest you to learn that your Board has effected exchange contracts in relation to the above installation which show a saving, on the present level of exchange, of some five lakhs of dollars.

Whilst on the subject of policy, I may add that your Board took steps some two years ago to close down the Deep Water Bay Brick Works, which had, for many years, been a source of steady loss to the company.

Cost Analysed.

A further point upon which the Requisitionists have laid stress, as justifying the appointment of another firm as General Managers, concerns the relative saving to be effected by the company in consequence of the ostensibly lower scale of remuneration proposed. In this relation, and as a matter of interest, I have had prepared an estimate of the cost to which the company would be put by the proposals set forth, computation having been based on an average of the company's profits during the five years immediately preceding the year 1925, such years being in the nature of normal years and therefore up to the standard to which we at least hope again to attain on completion of the new installation. On this basis, the proposed scale of 2½ per cent. plus a fixed charge of \$1,000.00 per month, would in effect, saddle the company with an expenditure of \$40,000.00 per annum, in return for which my Board fail to see that the company would receive any materially corresponding benefit.

New Managers Not Wanted.

Therefore, bearing in mind the fact that the company has a most excellent technical and executive staff, and that your Directors are not only fully cognisant of the

difficulties which have arisen in the past, but also alive to the possibilities of the future, they feel they have placed before you ample justification for stating that to saddle the company with further General Managers will but be to give effect to the continuance of a system which, in their carefully considered opinion, offers no advantages whatsoever. Furthermore, I claim that the explanations which I have just given to you form a logical and conclusive answer to the reason adduced as sponsoring for the desired change.

Seeing that what I have already stated is the considered view of the Directors, and that as the result thereof they are seeking a separation of our interests from an old established firm, whose chief, in the person of Mr. Shewan, has always commanded with this Board the high respect to which his experience entitled him; I need hardly say more regarding the proposal to turn over the control of the Company's affairs to new General Managers, who, however estimable they may be, can only come into a business which is absolutely strange to them.

Whilst on this point, I may further intimate that I believe it to be the considered view of the general body of shareholders of this company (and I here wish to make it clear that my references are solely directed to the matter of General Managers *vis-a-vis* the interests of this particular company) that the company's best interests cannot be served by continuing a form of administration which entrenches the General Managers by the Articles of Association without any *quid pro quo* in the nature of a substantial financial holding in the company and/or an undertaking to guarantee a regular outlet of any material portion of the company's manufactured products.

It is with pleasure, therefore, that I announce that the views of the Directors are shared by a large body of shareholders as recorded by the proxies filed with the company.

Some of you have informed me of your intention to address the Meeting and we shall be glad of your views. (Applause.)

Mr. Gould's Speech.

Mr. J. Gould:—Gentlemen,—As I feel that, in a way, I am responsible for the reorganisation movement now in progress because of what I said at the last

LOCAL HOCKEY.

CLUB DEFEAT NAVY IN SHIELD MATCH.

The Club were too strong for the Navy in the U.S.R.C. ground yesterday afternoon, when the sailors lost their first round match in the Sim Shield by one goal to four. The Navy side must have felt the loss of players from both the Kent and Berwick.

After the Navy had made ground, the Club commenced combined rushes, the usual method being for Francis and his two inside forwards to make ground, pass to Owen-Hughes on the wing, and wait for his return pass after the defence had been drawn over was from Owen-Hughes, who sent the ball hard over the bar, after Bramley had kicked off in defence.

Although the Club forwards were playing up, both Isaacs and Frere were holding them well, and Passmore was safe behind them. Sticks against Divett on two occasions possibly prevented a score, when the Club were in good position. A good run by the Navy forwards ended in them obtaining a corner, and sticks were given against the Club near the circle. The first serious shot at goal, however, was from Owen-Hughes, who took a hard drive. The ball rebounded into play, and Divett shot for Bramley to save, but Divett took the ball before Bramley could clear and hooked it into the goal.

Francis scored a third goal for the Club just before half-time, getting a fine pass from Marriott.

Even play characterised the first ten minutes of the second half, though Smallwood had had luck in being stopped near goal after boring in from a good run down.

The Club added their fourth goal through Divett, who took a good pass from Owen-Hughes, and scored with a hard shot.

The Navy played up well in the last twenty minutes, and a hard shot by Welby was well saved by Gregory near the post. Gregory had not been called upon before, and had not touched the ball in the first half. McIntyre, for the Navy, made two good runs down, forcing a corner from Gregory from the second. At the other end, Marriott was pulled up twice for off-side, with an open goal before him.

Between these two attacks, Smallwood had run down the centre of the field, but spoiled his effort by giving effects when about to shoot.

The Navy goal was scored just after this, McIntyre hanging in a hard shot from Surtees' pass. More pressure by the Navy forwards ended in Garnett shooting wide, and Surtees doing the same from a more difficult angle just afterwards.

For the Club, Marriott did not turn out, Rodgers taking his place at left back. Mitchell going to Rodgers' place at right-half, Marriott taking the inside left position. Both Club backs were in form. Dand played his usual sound game, and the positioning of the Club defence was excellent. This match marked the end of the first round of the Sim Shield. The Army have won both matches, against the Club and the Navy, the Club have beaten the Navy and lost to the Army, and the Navy have lost both matches played.—B.M.T.

annual meeting, may I be permitted to offer a few remarks in regard to what has already been achieved by the Board, as disclosed in the chairman's speech.

Before doing so, however, it seems only right and proper that we, who are what I might term of the opposition camp on the second resolution, should express our appreciation to the sponsors of that resolution for withdrawing it and by refraining from pressing it to a vote. By so doing, they have rendered it possible for this meeting to be conducted in an atmosphere of harmony and friendliness, and to that extent we owe them our thanks.

Saved Half a Million.

Now, gentlemen, you have heard the chairman tell us, in his own modest way, what the Board has recently achieved in the domain of finance and in the ordering of our new plant. By acting promptly, they have saved us in the one case about half a million on exchange, and in the other by inserting a vital proviso in the contract that "payment is to be against performance." That shows, us the Board in a new light—it shows us a Board alive to its duties, it shows us a Board taking keen and real interest in the welfare of the company, but above all it shows us a Board not afraid to act when occasion requires.

Well, gentlemen, they have made a most auspicious beginning—let us hope that they will continue the good work.

In conclusion, I should like to quote you some words spoken by Mr. Stanley Baldwin not long ago, to an assembly of manufacturers and business men at Glasgow. Mr. Baldwin warned his hearers that if they wished to retain their markets, there must be "retrenchment, retrenchment, and

GARRISON NEWS.

MATCHES IN AREA SOCCER LEAGUE.

A very open and interesting match in the Hongkong Area Soccer League ended in "D" (M.C.) Company, K.O.S.B. drawing with the R.A.M.C. team, each side scoring once. Teams: "D" Coy, K.O.S.B.—Shears, Feast, Maxwell, Cotton, Beattie, Wilson, Torrie, Twynholm, Toal, McKenna, Kilbride.

R.A.M.C.—McGowan, Edwards, Joyce, McLeavy, Dodson, Thomas, Elbow, McAsland, Elliott, Devlin, Goodwin.

Although the Medicals made ground from the kick-off, their attack was repulsed, and the Borderers forwards were set going. McKenna had had luck to head a ball over the bar, but the Medicals responded with similar luck to Elliott at the other end, a good shot going just wide of the post. Midfield play, without any score, was the order until half-time.

Goal gave a repetition of the header over the bar early in the second half, after the Borderers had made all the running. After an attack by the Medicals, the Borderers forced a corner, and Kilbride scored a fine goal.

Strenuous play by the Medicals, in an effort to equalise, ended in Elliott putting in a good shot just before the final whistle.

Navy Matches.

In a match in the 8th Destroyer Flotilla League at Happy Valley yesterday afternoon, Bruce defeated Sterling by four goals to nil. Teams: Bruce—Barnes, Millar, Parr, Hooper, Gregory, Grubb, Hawes, Pearson, Joyne, Bennett, Barrett.

Sterling—Darrell, Rothbard, Robson, Borriem, McCabe, Edwards, Breemchley, McKellar, Malkin, Crawthorn, Lock.

The opening play went in favour of Bruce, though they were at first unable to penetrate their opponents' defence. Joyne missed a fine opportunity, a pass from Hawes, with only Darrell to beat, going astray.

An attack by Sterling was foiled by Millar, and the Bruce forwards were sent away again, Joyne netting the ball, only to have the goal disallowed for off-side. A shot by Pearson was well taken by Darrell, but Bruce were definitely the better side, and the hammering at the Sterling defence met with success, Joyne getting the ball in front of Darrell and shooting hard into the net. The Sterling forwards made a determined attack on the kick-off, Barnes having to punch out a shot from Lock, and McKellar having hard luck in hitting the post.

Bruce went back, and Joyne passed out to Barrett. Darrell came out of his goal to clear, and the ball rebounded off Barrett into the net. Further attacks on both sides were stopped by resolute backs until the half-time whistle was blown.

Although Bruce were first to press in the second half, and though they forced a corner early on, they could not score, though keeping the Sterling players in their own area.

Joyne added third goal from Hawes' pass, and Bennett ran through his own goal to clear, and the ball rebounded off Barrett into the net. Before the end, shots from McCabe and Breemchley were dealt with by Barnes, and the Bruce once more finished a game with their goal unpenetrated.

Another game, of a friendly nature, between the Daymen and Seamen of the Sandwich, ended in a draw of one goal each, at Happy Valley yesterday. Chapman scored first for the Seamen, and Clarke equalised for the Daymen shortly before the interval. There was no score in the second half, which was well-contested.

Navy Hockey.

A hockey match at Happy Valley yesterday afternoon resulted in Sirdar defeating Heralds by two goals to nil. Arbutnot scored in the first half, and Edmiston added another goal in the second half.

Rugby Football.

It is understood that a Rugby match, between the Small Ships and K.O.S.B., will take place on Monday afternoon on the Club ground. This will be the first time this season that the Borderers have fielded a full fifteen, though several players from the regiment have played in the Triangular Tournament.

again retrenchment." Well, gentlemen, those words apply as truly here as in England, and I feel confident that our Directors will always bear them in mind.

The chairman:—Thank you very much, Mr. Gould. I think the Board will follow Mr. Baldwin's advice. A confirmatory meeting will be held on the 26th. Instant for the purpose of passing as a special resolution, the first resolution which has been passed this afternoon.

The Attendance.

Directors supporting the chairman were as follows.—Sir Robert Ho Tung, Mr. J. H. Taggart, Mr. J. Scott Harston, Mr. C. F. McNamee, Mr. Li Tse-fong, Mr. G. C. N. Tinson (secretor to the Directors) and Mr. A. Keith (secretary). Shareholders present were the Hon. Mr. J. P. Bragg, the Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Shenton, and Messrs. W. B. Bailey, F. P. Soares, Sen Kon-chi, H. J. M. Figueredo, A. C. Botelho, J. W. Shewan, A. L. Shields, Mr. Bragg, H. Dwyer, J. Gould, J. T. Bagram, C. B. Johnson, A. C. Figueredo, J. B. Pereira, Li Yat-hoy, Li Po-chun, Kwok Kam-hang, A. A. Botelho, J. A. da C. Soares, N. V. A. Croucher, G. C. Macdonald, P. M. N. da Silva, E. Davidson, E. J. de Figueredo and F. B. Silva.

GOLFERS DINE.

GATHERING OF THE INTERPORT TEAMS.

Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila Interport golfers gathered at Messrs. Lane, Crawford's restaurant last night, when the Royal Hongkong Golf Club entertained their visitors to dinner.

Mr. G. S. Archbutt, captain of the R.H.K. Golf Club, presided over the gathering, and after the Royal toast and that of the "President of United States" had been duly honoured, he proposed the health of the visitors, when he said:

Gentlemen, I now have pleasure in proposing the health of the two visiting Teams, and in doing so I would couple this toast with the names of the respective Captains, Mr. Pilcher, Shanghai, and Col. Parrott, Manila. (Hear, hear.)

These triangular Interport matches provide a great deal of interest and pleasure, and help to cement the bonds of friendship between the outlying portions of two great nations.

We hope that the members of the teams have been comfortable at Fanning and have enjoyed and will enjoy their stay here.

So far as the Shanghai team are concerned, they are leaving us to-night, and so we bid them welcome and good-bye. They have been fortunate in having lovely weather and we hope that Manila will be similarly fortunate.

Referring to the matches, I should like to say how sorry we all are that Mr. Ferguson contracted a bad chill and was unable to play. (Hear, hear.) I am sure he was just as sorry as we were. I understand that he is making good progress and we hope to see him back on the course very soon.

At this point I should like to thank Mr. Dodwell for taking over the duties of Captain on literally a few minutes' notice.

Broken Chain of Defeats.

So far as our match with Shanghai is concerned, we managed to win by a narrow margin, and it is interesting to know that this is the first time we have won in the last seven attempts. (Hear, hear.) We lost here in 1924, tied in Shanghai the same year, lost here and in Shanghai in 1925 and 1926, so that "we" lost five matches and tied once in the six previous attempts prior to this year.

On their last visit Shanghai won here and took the Cup back with them. We hope the insurance for the return journey on the Cup this year was not heavy. If it was, possibly they may be able to obtain a refund, as, of course, the Cup stays here. If Shanghai disclose the name of the Company with whom it was insured we might be able to help them as we hope to have to insure it ourselves here for months, if not years.

There was actually a tie in Shanghai in 1924 as I mentioned before, which is the nearest we have been to holding the Cup in recent years and so now we have got it we hope to keep it.

So far as Manila is concerned, we have yet to play them this year, but Manila have never beaten Hongkong here and we have never won in Manila. We might not grudge them a win here after we have won at Manila.

I should like to congratulate the winners of various individual matches and to wish the losers better luck next time.

Old Friends Welcomed.

I should also like to add that it gives us much pleasure to see old friends among the individual members of the Teams and to welcome the newcomers. Certain old stalwarts seem to crop up annually. I particularly refer to "Bob" Mason of Manila, Pilcher and Blinks from Shanghai. Blinks is a well-known reputation for hard hitting, but I believe that he finds it difficult to understand how an opponent of relatively much smaller stature can hit the ball so hard as Shewan does.

Before proposing this toast, gentlemen, I should just like to remark in passing that, as you know, it has recently been decided to officially recognise steel shafts, and I believe a controversy over the diameter of the holes on this putting green has been started again. Possibly the next thing which will be started on will be clothes. (Laughter.) Whatever the suggestions may be in this connection there cannot be any complaint that we are not becoming more colourful. I understand that a large order has been placed for pink pull-overs since the recent matches.

I now propose the healths of the two visiting teams, coupled with the names of the Captains, Col. Parrott of Manila, and Mr. Pilcher of Shanghai.

Annual Fixture Suggested.

Responding on behalf of the Shanghai team, Mr. Pilcher said that the visit of theirs to Hongkong was regarded as the premier fixture in their golfing programme in Shanghai, not only in the sense

LOCAL RADIO.

PROGRAMME FOR TO-DAY FROM ZBW.

The following programme is to be broadcast by ZBW, to-day on a wavelength of 365 metres—5.00-7.00 p.m. Programme of H. M. V. and Victor records, supplied by courtesy of Messrs. Montrose. "Flying Dutchman—Overture," (Wagner).

New York Philharmonic Orchestra under the direction of William Mengelberg.

"Gypsy Caprice," (Kreisler),

"Shepherd's Madrigal,"

Fritz Kreisler, (Violin Solo).

"If I Had a Talking Picture of You—Fox Trot,"

"Sunny Side Up—Fox Trot,"

Johnny Hamp's Kentucky Serenaders.

"Song of the Sea," Vocal Glee.

Light Opera Company.

"The Sorcerer"—Selection.

(Sullivan).

"Trial by Jury"—Selection.

The Band of H. M. Coldstream Guards.

"Tosca—Recondita armonia,"

(Stange Harmony).

"Manor Lescart-Douglas—Midi mal,"

(Maiden So Fair).

Benjamin Glig.

"Our Avenue," (Weston and Lee).

"Under the Moon,"

(Lyn, Wheeler and Snyder).

Gracie Fields.

"Organ Paraphrase on 'Love's Old Sweet Song,'"

(Melloy, arr. Meale).

"(a) Morning Dew, (b) The Old Oak Tree,"

(Power).

Arthur Meale.

7.00-9.00 p.m. Experimental transmission.

9.00 p.m. Chinese programme.

10.30 p.m. Close down.

WOMEN'S HOSTEL.

BALL IN AID OF UNIVERSITY SCHEME.

On Saturday evening a fancy dress ball is being held in the Great Hall of the University with the object of raising funds in aid of the University Women's Hostel Building. Fancy dress is optional but two prizes have been given by the Vice-Chancellor (Sir Henry Gollan)—one for the best ladies' costume and one for the best gentleman's. Mrs. Southern has consented to present the prizes, and there is every prospect of a very successful evening. The price of admission is \$2.50, which includes refreshments.

It is now just over two years ago since the Organising Committee issued its appeal for funds for the building of a Women's Hostel. The sum of \$120,000 is required, and up to date \$16,000 has been collected or donated. Sir Cecil Clementi referred to the need for a "Hostel in his last speech on University matters, but money has been slow in coming to hand. Seeing that the Hostel will be used mainly by Chinese women undergraduates it is hoped that philanthropic Chinese will come to the support of the scheme. Over \$1,000 was raised on the Ball last year, and hopes are entertained that an even larger financial gain will be the result of this year's function.

of competition but as an education in what hospitality could be. In Hongkong they found that everything had been thought out for them before they could think of it themselves, and he would like to say how much they appreciated all that had been done for them.

Mr. Archbutt had referred to the results of 1924-25-26, which meant that they played twice one year and missed the next. Personally he would like to see it altered into an annual fixture. So far as he could make out, the best month was October, both for Manila and Shanghai, and it would mean that Hongkong would have to make an effort to be in Shanghai in October. He thought if it was properly organised, Shanghai could do the same, and it would be made an annual fixture. Fortunately too, the Empress line had been speeded up between Shanghai and Manila, and he thought they could arrange to get up to each other quite easily, and thus they could play on the three courses in succeeding years. He said they were a little disappointed with the result, but Hongkong would have to bring the cup up to Shanghai in nine months' time, and then Shanghai would keep it.

After toasting the Hongkong and Manila teams, Mr. Pilcher presented cups to the Hongkong golf team.

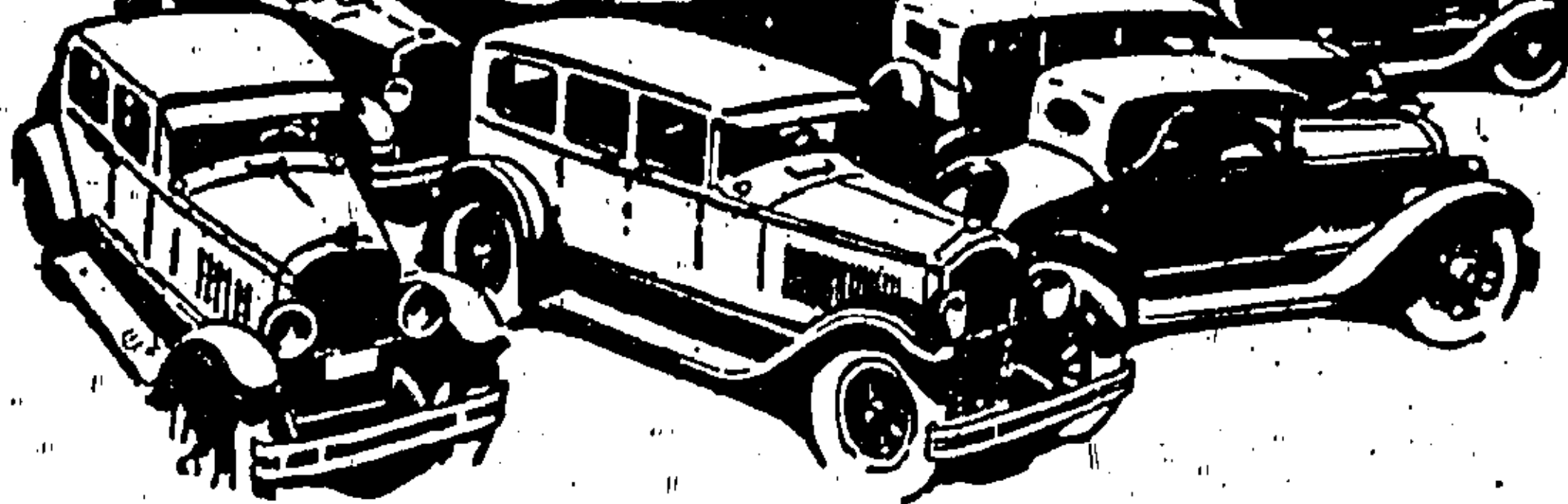
Manila's Appreciation.

Col. Parrott (U.S. Army) and captain of the Manila team, also acknowledged the toast, and said it had been very pleasant for them to come up to Hongkong. The Manila team had been a little handicapped in not having with them their open and amateur champion, but he wanted to say that he thought the Interport matches a very fine institution. They had had a very pleasant time and had enjoyed every minute of the visit. They had had everything they had asked for, and the course at Fanning had been just splendid. He would like to thank them again for their hospitality.

The evening was made the more enjoyable by an excellent musical programme, which was thoroughly appreciated by the company.

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Empress of Russia Apr. 8	Apr. 12	Apr. 15	Apr. 17	Apr. 26
Empress of Canada Apr. 30	May 3	May 6	May 8	May 17
Empress of Russia May 15	May 18	May 20	May 22	May 30
Empress of Canada June 4	June 7	June 10	June 12	June 21
Empress of Russia June 25	June 28	July 1	July 3	July 12
Empress of Canada July 10	July 13	July 15	July 17	July 26
Empress of Russia July 23	July 26	July 29	July 31	Aug. 9
Empress of Canada Aug. 7	Aug. 10	Aug. 12	Aug. 14	Aug. 22
Empress of Russia Aug. 20	Aug. 23	Aug. 26	Aug. 28	Sept. 6
Empress of Canada Sept. 4	Sept. 7	Sept. 10	Sept. 12	Sept. 19
Empress of Russia Sept. 17	Sept. 20	Sept. 23	Sept. 25	Oct. 4
Empress of Canada Oct. 12	Oct. 15	Oct. 18	Oct. 20	Oct. 27
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NAVY LOSE MATCH.

SOMERSETS WIN THE JUNIOR SHIELD REPLAY.

Meeting for the third time in the first round of the Junior Challenge Shield, the Somersets defeated the Navy yesterday on the Railway ground by the odd goal in three. The Somersets will now meet South China on the Sookunpoo ground on Saturday the 16th instant.

The Navy went down with flying colours, and in the last fifteen minutes of the game they fully deserved to draw level. They forced several corners, and during a scintillating goal area from a wall placed kick defender handled when the Navy wanted the goal to draw level.

The penalty was not converted, and the Navy tried hard to get the equalising goal, but the final whistle sounded without further scoring. The line-up was as under:

Navy: Langlands; Cordery and Howard; Hughes, Evans and Barrett; Thompson, Timberlake, Gray, Sorbie and Hancock.

Somersets: Verrier; Neil and Huish; Saviger, Mead and Legge; Palmer, Hicks, Early, Baggett and Evelt.

Referee, Sgt. Bunting. The first incident of note was a free kick to the Somersets near the halfway line. Mead sent in from the free kick and Langlands failed to hold the ball, Baggett turning outside. A corner to the Somersets was well placed by Palmer, and Early headed into goal to give the Somersets the lead.

The Navy got away from the centre and Hancock sent in a fast shot that Verrier did well to clear. Palmer got away on the right, and a scramble in the goal area ensued, Hughes being hurt and had to be carried off. He resumed play after a couple of minutes.

Mead sent in a long shot and Langlands cleared. Gray missed a fine opening from a centre by Hancock, and Sorbie was stopped close in, the Navy appealing for a foul.

Gray again missed by sending the ball straight at Verrier from inside the goal area. A free kick for the Navy twenty yards out was shot over the bar by Timberlake.

A free kick to the Somersets almost on the penalty line was taken by Mead and he shot wide. Sorbie was sent in by Evans but he also shot wide. Langlands fell in stopping a shot, but managed to clear. During a scramble in the Somersets area, Timberlake was injured and left the field. Hands against the Somersets sent the Navy in, but Huish cleared. Timberlake returned just as the

FANLING GOLF.

CHINA NEW YEAR MIXED BOGEY COMPETITION.

The mixed bogey competition at Fanling over the China New Year was won by Wing Commander and Mrs. Steele-Jenkins—all square.

The other scores returned were: H. G. Hegarty and Mrs. Murphy, Lieut.-Com. and Mrs. Taylor, Major Lucas and Miss Ware, J. Harpur and Miss Goodall and R. K. Hepburn and Mrs. Samerfelt, all three down.

Thirty-one pairs entered.

whistle sounded for the interval. Halftime, Somersets 1, Navy 0.

The Second Half.

Gray and Timberlake changed places when the second half started. The Navy were the first to attack, and Hancock was sent in but shot wide.

Cordery took up from the rebound and put over a long shot, Langlands slipping and the ball entering the net. Sorbie got through, but Neil charged down the shot and Hancock shot over the bar. A rush by the Somersets and a shot by Hicks was stopped by the goalie falling, and a free kick for impeding relieved.

Timberlake sent over to the right, but Thompson was offside. A free kick for the Navy was put in wide by Evans.

A shot from Sorbie was turned out by Verrier and Thompson sent back. Verrier turning behind, the flag kick was cleared, and the Somersets going down, Langlands was kept busy in clearing shots from Palmer and Early.

Palmer later cut in and tried a fast low shot, Langlands clearing. The Navy forced a corner, and Gray placing well, Sorbie shot and Verrier was beaten. Neil made a good effort to turn the ball out, but instead assisted it into the net.

The Navy pressed for a time, and cheered on by their supporters, they gave the Somersets defence a hot ten minutes. Another corner kick was well placed by Gray, and during the scramble a defender handled in the penalty area. Sorbie took the kick, and Verrier saved at the expense of a corner. The flag kick was fisted out by Verrier, and Gray with an open goal mis-kicked and the ball rolled over the line.

A shot from Timberlake next skimmed the bar. Gray had another chance, but shot wide. Evans sent in from a free kick, and Mead headed over the bar.

The game ended with a victory for the Somersets by two goals to one.

REPORTERS' HONOUR.

CLASH OF VIEW BETWEEN PRESS AND COURTS.

Johannesburg, Jan. 5.

Another newspaper reporter, named Cape, has now been arraigned with his colleague Louw for refusing to divulge to the police particulars of the illegal lottery drawing which they obtained professionally.

They are given until Wednesday to consider the matter, under the threat of recurring periods of eight days' imprisonment until they give the information.

Meanwhile, though the Court is sitting in camera and threats of actions for contempt overhanging them, the papers are publishing verbatim reports, while the Sunday Times today adds fuel by printing full details of a big sweetstake officially organised by the Labour Party.

It is divulged that an unnamed parliamentarian attended the lottery drawing, and the papers are pointing out that he has hitherto not volunteered information. A congress of journalists from all over the nation has passed a resolution fully backing Louw and Cape.

The Minister of Justice has broadcast a message from all radio stations announcing that the reporters must go to gaol if they continue to refuse to divulge the information. This message was not handed to newspapers.

HULUTAO HARBOUR.

HUGE CONTRACT SIGNED WITH DUTCH FIRM.

Nanking, Feb. 5.

A contract has been signed between the Chinese Government and the Netherlands Harbour Works Company, of Amsterdam, for completion of the Hulutao harbour project, for a sum of \$36,400,000.

The works are to be finished within five and a half years. Engineering activities will begin as soon as the weather permits.

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To YOKOHAMA via Shanghai & Kobe.

G. METZINGER ... 11th Feb.	PORTHOS ... 12th Feb.
ANDRE LEBON ... 25th Feb.	CHENONORAU ... 26th Feb.
PORTHOS ... 11th Mar.	ATHOS II ... 12th Mar.
CHENONORAU ... 25th Mar.	D'ARTAGNAN ... 26th Mar.
ATHOS II ... 8th Apr.	ANGERS ... 8th Apr.
D'ARTAGNAN ... 22nd Apr.	SPHINX ... 22nd Apr.
ANGERS ... 6th May.	G. METZINGER ... 6th May.
SPHINX ... 20th May.	ANDRE LEBON ... 20th May.

We can issue through tickets to Egypt, Syrian ports, East Africa, Madagascar by transshipment on our mail steamers at Port-Said or Djibouti.

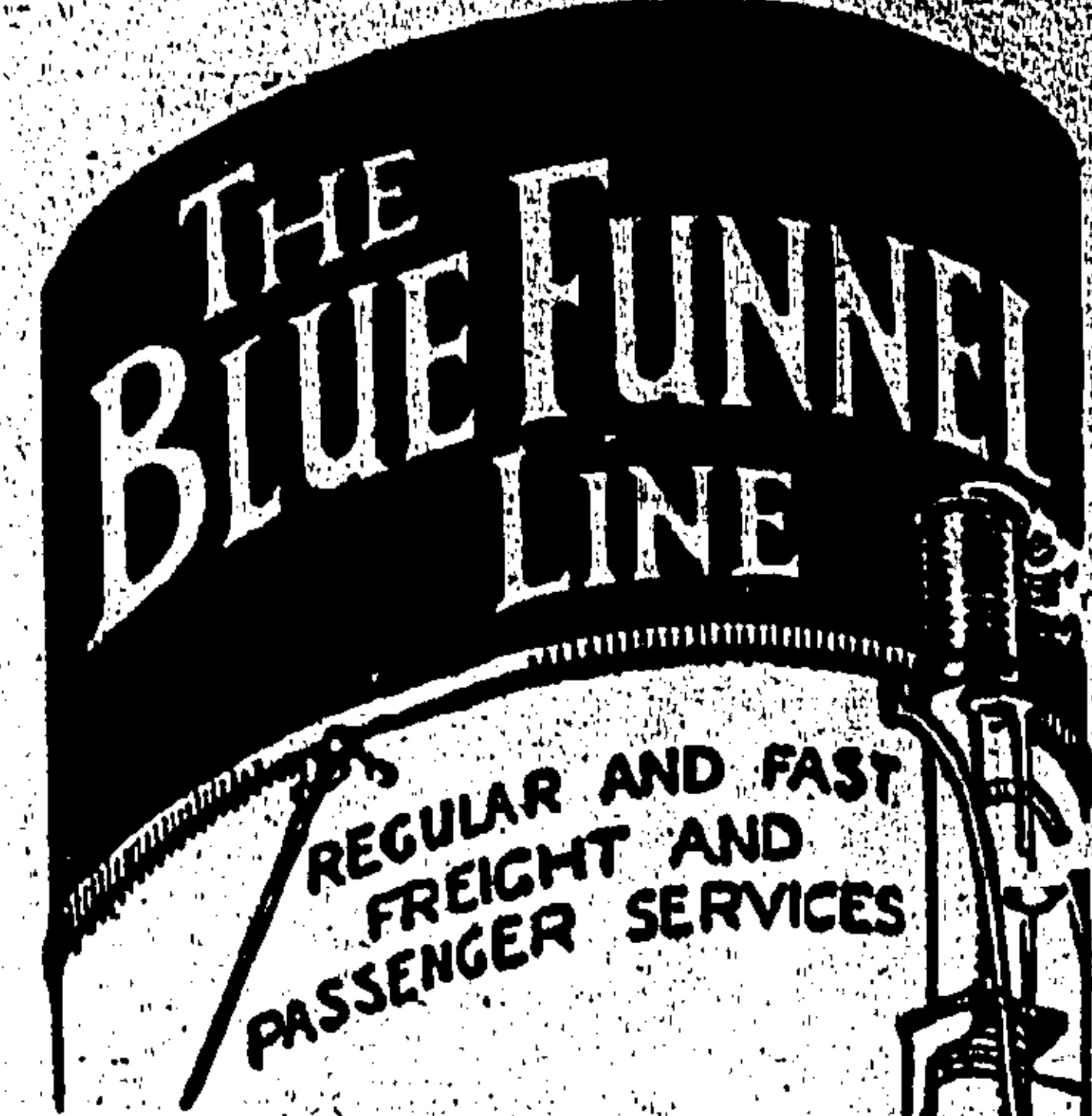
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LONDON SERVICE

"HECTOR" 10th Feb. M's, London, R'dam & G'gow.
"PHILOTTES" 4th Mar. M's, London, R'dam & H'burg.
Sails at Daylight.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE

"BELLEROPHON" 9th Feb. Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow.
"MENTOR" 20th Feb. Genoa, Havre, L'pool & G'gow.

NEW YORK SERVICE

(with transshipment at Singapore) Hongkong to New York 51 days.
Leaves H.K. Leaves S'pore Arr. N.Y.
"HECTOR" 10th Feb. "TROILOS" 3rd Mar. 10th Apr.

PACIFIC SERVICE

via Kobe & Yokohama
"TYNDAREUS" 15th Feb. Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle
"PROTEUS" 6th Mar. Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle

INWARD SERVICE

"MENELAUS" 11th Feb. S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"AENEAS" 4th Feb. Shanghai & Tientsin.

PASSENGER SERVICE TO SHANGHAI

"AENEAS" Sails 11th Feb. 5 p.m.

Also cargo steamers with limited passenger accommodation at specially reduced fares.

For freight, passage rates and information apply to

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Agents.

N.Y.K. LINE

REDUCED THROUGH TICKETS TO EUROPE VIA U.S.A. VARYING FROM \$23 TO \$120—ON SALE.

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu	Korona Maru ... Thursday, 6th Feb.
Shinyo Maru ... Wednesday, 19th Feb.	
SEATTLE, VICTORIA via Shanghai & Japan Ports	Siberia Maru ... Wednesday, 12th Feb.
Shidzuoka Maru ... Friday, 28th Feb.	
LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM via Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez	Hakusan Maru ... Saturday, 8th Feb.
Kitano Maru ... Saturday, 22nd Feb.	
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports	Kaga Maru ... Wednesday, 19th Feb.
Tango Maru ... Wednesday, 26th Mar.	
BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo	Tamba Maru ... Tuesday, 11th Feb.
Tokushima Maru ... Friday, 28th Feb.	
SOUTH AMERICA (WEST COAST) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico & Panama	Rakuyo Maru ... Sunday, 2nd Mar.
SOUTH AMERICA (EAST COAST) via Singapore, Capetown & Ports	NEW YORK, BOSTON via Panama
Kuma Maru ... Thursday, 13th Feb.	
Kako Maru ... Tuesday, 18th Feb.	
LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Constantinople, Delagoa Maru ... Monday, 17th Feb.	
Genoa & Marseilles	
CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon	Calcutta Maru ... Saturday, 8th Feb.
Malacca Maru ... Saturday, 15th Feb.	
SHANGHAI, KORE & YOKOHAMA	
Muroran Maru (Chemulpo Direct) ... Sunday, 9th Feb.	
Tsushima Maru ... Monday, 10th Feb.	
Cargo only.	

Reduced 1st class Excursion Rates quoted between Manila and Australia.

For further information apply to:—NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
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INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

Destination.	Steamers.	Sailings.
TO TSINGTAU via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	Kwaisang Foshing Hopsang Hangsang	Sun. 9th Feb at 7 a.m. Wed. 12th Feb at 7 a.m. Sun. 16th Feb at 7 a.m. Wed. 19th Feb at 7 a.m.
TO OSANA via AMOY, MOJI & KORE	Kutsang Yunsang Suisang	Wed. 12th Feb at 7 a.m. Tues. 18th Feb at 7 a.m. Wed. 26th Feb at 7 a.m.
TO SINGAPORE PENANG & CALCUTTA	Hosang Kumsang Namsang	Thurs. 13th Feb at 3 p.m. Wed. 19th Feb at 3 p.m. Mon. 24th Feb at 3 p.m.
TO SANDANAN	Hinsang Mausang	Thurs. 6th Feb at noon Mon. 24th Feb at 3 p.m.
TO TSINGTAU via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	Chipsang Cheongsang	Wed. 12th Feb at 7 a.m. Sun. 16th Feb at 7 a.m.

For freight or passage apply to:

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

Telephone 215 Central. General Managers.

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FRY'S CUBE BLOCK CHOCOLATE

Fruit and Nut Chocolate
Delicious plain chocolate, mixed with juicy raisins and crisp almonds.
Milk Chocolate
Made with fresh milk from English farms.



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Economic Deliveries
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SEATTLE

Short Route...

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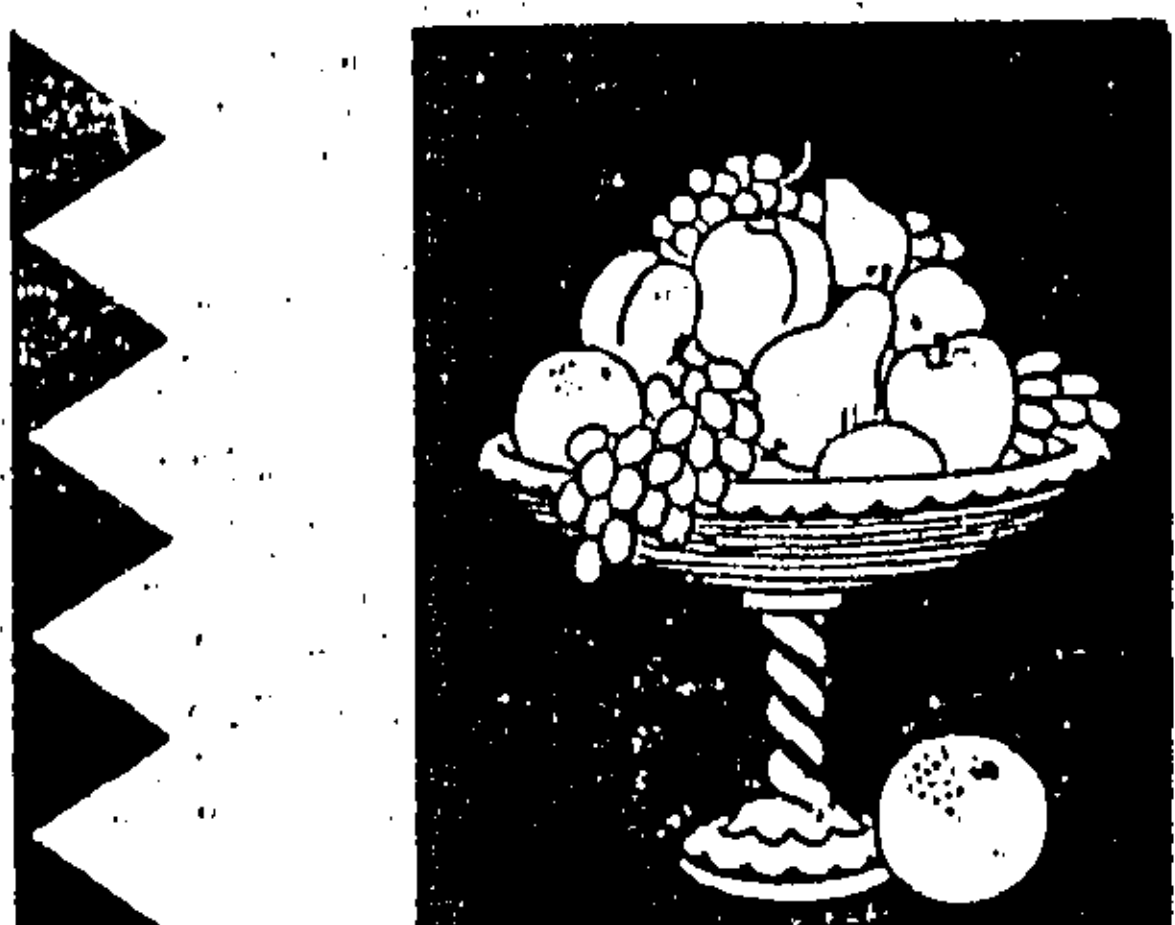


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Fresh Fruits and Vegetables from the States

Iced head lettuce. Celery Louis.
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Tomatoes. California Oranges and
Grapefruit. Washington Apples...
These are specialties on the
President Liners... That is one reason
why the experienced traveler
prefers this American Service.

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Via MANILA, AND THURSDAY ISLAND
Through Bills of Lading issued to all Australian, New
Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.
EXCELLENT & MOST UP-TO-DATE FIRST & SECOND CLASS
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION.
HONGKONG TO SYDNEY—19 DAYS.

STEAMER	DUE HONGKONG	DUE TO HAIL
CHANGTE	11th February	18th February
TAIPING	11th March	18th March
CHANGTE	11th April	18th April
TAIPING	13th May	20th May

For Freight & Passage, apply to—BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Tel. O. 36 Agents.

AN APPRECIATION.

PRESENTATION TO MR. AND
MRS. C. MAKEHAM.

How greatly Mr. and Mrs. C. Makeham's work for the Wesleyan Church and the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home has been appreciated was demonstrated last night, when they were presented with a black-wood cabinet and a silver hot-water jug at the Home in the presence of a large gathering, on the occasion of their recent silver wedding anniversary and forthcoming departure from the Colony.

Explaining why he was in the chair, Mr. W. H. Edmonds said he was sure they all regretted the indisposition of the Rev. J. C. Knight Anstey, but he was glad to say that he had just received a message that Mr. Anstey was getting better.

Continuing, the speaker said Mr. Makeham's work for the Wesleyan Church and the Home during the 30 years he had been in the Colony was too well-known to need any repetition. Mr. Edmonds believed Mr. Makeham was not here when the Home started but joined very soon afterwards, and had been one of its staunchest supporters ever since.

The chairman also referred to the Church magazine—the *Foreign Field*—which he said had been allowed to die a natural death. He had just heard that Mr. Makeham wanted to start it going again before he left, and asked all interested to give Mr. Makeham their support. Mr. and Mrs. Makeham had already celebrated their silver wedding, and were not leaving the Colony until the end of the year, but the reason why they were gathered there that night was because some of them would be leaving here soon, and before they went they wanted to present Mr. and Mrs. Makeham with a slight token of their esteem.

Among others who spoke of the kindness of Mr. and Mrs. Makeham was Mr. W. H. Smith, the manager of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, who said Service-men appreciated very much the welcome this couple had always extended them at their home in Pokfulam. He had been manager of the Home for about 18 months, said Mr. Smith, and in that time he had grown to know Mr. and Mrs. Makeham very well and nobody knew better than he how greatly Service-men benefited by having come in contact with them.

Mr. Makeham replied, thanking all those present for their many complimentary remarks, and said he and Mrs. Makeham would always remember the friends they would leave behind on their departure for Australia. Concluding, Mr. Makeham said, "I hope that God, in His goodness, may bless the Wesleyan Church and you all."

The following is the inscription on the blackwood cabinet:—"Presented to Mr. and Mrs. C. Makeham, by members and friends of the Wesleyan Wesleyan Church, Hongkong, as a token of their esteem and appreciation."

AN APPOINTMENT.

Nanking, Feb. 5.

Ho Chen-chun has been appointed Chairman of the Hupeh Provincial Government.—*Reuter*.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICES.

OCEAN STEAM SHIP CO., LTD.
AND
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Consignees per Company's Vessel
"KREMUN"

From UNITED KINGDOM via
SINGAPORE.

are hereby notified that their cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf Kowloon, where it will lie at Consignees' risk and subject to terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown on and after 4th February.

Optional cargo will not be landed here, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 10th February, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 24th February, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.
Hongkong, 4th February, 1930.

SHIPBUILDING.

A BETTER OUTLOOK FOR BRITISH YARDS.

London, Feb. 5.

In Lloyd's shipping summary for 1929 it is shown that, as compared with Great Britain and Ireland's production of over 1,500,000 tons last year, the outputs of other principal shipbuilding countries were:—Germany 249,000 tons, Holland 186,000, Japan 164,000, United States 125,000, Denmark 111,000 and Sweden 107,000.

The proportion of over 17 per cent. of Britain's total output was for owners living abroad, this figure showing an increase on the previous year.

The general conclusion drawn from the figures is that the shipbuilding outlook is brighter than in recent years, since tonnage on which work has just begun not only reaches a high level, but more than replaces the tonnage launched. Nevertheless, the capacity of British yards still largely exceeds the demand. This is due to the whole-sale manner in which they were extended during the late war, and the severe restriction of naval work since its end.—*British Wireless*.

ANCIENT VERULAM.

PREHISTORIC BRITISH CITY
TO BE EXCAVATED.

London, Feb. 5.

The ancient city of Verulam, which was the centre of English civilisation a century before London was built, is to be excavated.

Verulam stood on a site close to Saint Albans, and is known to have been one of the great tribal capitals of prehistoric Britain.

It was already a capital city before Julius Caesar landed.—*British Wireless*.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

OCEAN STEAM SHIP CO., LTD.
AND
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Consignees per Company's Vessel
"TYNDAREUS"

From NEW YORK via
SINGAPORE.

are hereby notified that their cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf Kowloon, where it will lie at Consignees' risk and subject to terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown on and after 4th February.

Optional cargo will not be landed here, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 10th February, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 24th February, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.

OCEAN STEAM SHIP CO., LTD.
AND
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Consignees per Company's Vessel
"TYNDAREUS"

From SEATTLE, VANCOUVER &
VICTORIA via JAPAN.

are requested to take delivery of Flour, and Lumber shipments as soon as the vessel is ready to discharge and are hereby notified that if their lighters are not placed alongside the steamer as required, their shipments will be discharged into Holt's Wharf Kowloon, at their expense, where the cargo will lie also at their risk and expense, and subject to the terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf. Steamer will commence discharge on the 4th February.

General cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf Kowloon, where it will lie at Consignees' risk and subject to the terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from the Godown on and after 4th February.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 10th February, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 24th February, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.

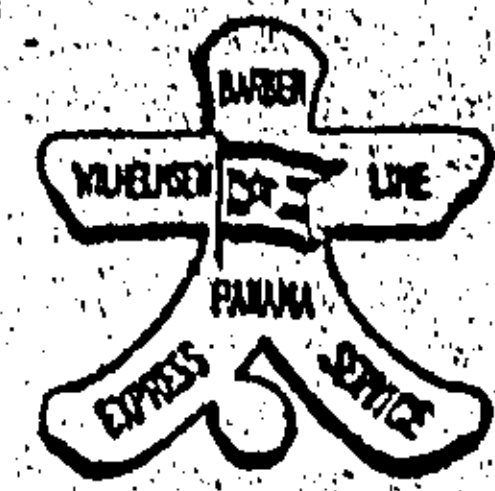
Hongkong, 4th February, 1930.

AVIATION CONTRACT.

CONFIRMATION OF NAN- KING'S CANCELLATION.

Nanking, Feb. 5.

It is officially confirmed that the contract between China Airways and the China National Aviation Corporation has been cancelled by the National Government.—*Reuter*.



BARBER WILHELMSSEN LINE.

THE PREMIER ALL WATER ROUTE TO
NEW YORK and other U.S. Atlantic Ports via
Panama.

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Europe etc.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
(UNDER CONTRACT WITH H.M. GOVERNMENT.)

S. S.	Tons	From Hong- kong (about)	Destination
KARMALA	9,128	15th Feb.	Marseilles, London & Hull
KIDDERPORE	5,334	19th Feb.	Straits, Colombo & B'bay
MACEDONIA	11,120	1st Mar.	Marseilles & L'don
MASHMIR	8,985	8th Mar.	M'les, L'don, Hull, H'bg, R'dm, & A'werp

†Cargo only.

Frequent connections from Port said for Passengers & Cargo to
Constantinople, Pyrus, Smyrna and other Levant Ports by Steamers of
the Khedivial Mail S.S. Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

TALMA	10,000	8th Feb. 3 p.m.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
SHIRALA	7,841	12th Feb.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TAKLIWA	7,936	25th Feb.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TILAWA	10,006	11th Mar.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TALAMBA	8,018	14th Mar.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta

†Calla Rangoon.

B. I. Apar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for
1st and 2nd class passengers. All steamers are fitted with
wireless and carry a qualified surgeon.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

TANDA	6,956	28th Feb.	Manila, Sandakan, Thum,
ST. ALBANS	4,500	4th Apr.	Island, Townsville, B'bane
NELLORE	6,853	2nd May.	Sydney and Melbourne.

†Calla Port Holland.

Regular Monthly Sailings from Hongkong to Japan and
Hongkong to Australia.
The E. & A. S.S. Co., Ltd. steamers will also call at Shanghai, Kobe,
Cebu, Kalambangan, Taiwan, Timor, Darwin, or other ports on route as
indicated on the cards.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following:—
The Union S.S. Co.'s Steamers to:—
The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London via Suez Canal.
The P. & O. French Service of Steamers to London via the Cape.
The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers to Southampton and London
via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

ALIPOR	5,273	11th Feb.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe
KALYAN	9,144	15th Feb.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yoko
TILAWA	10,006	20th Feb.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
TALAMBA	8,018	21st Feb.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
RAWALPINDI	16,619	28th Feb.	S'hai, Kobe & Yoko

†Cargo only.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

WIRELESS ON ALL STEAMERS.
Parcels Measuring not more than 2½ ft. x 1½ ft. x 1 ft. will be
received at the Co's Office up to noon on the day previous to sailing.
For Passage Rates, Handbooks, Freight, etc., apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
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GLEN LINE.

Fare Hongkong to London £2.

TO LONDON, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG via STRAITS & COLOMB.

Motor Vessel "GLENAMAY"	13th Feb.
Motor Vessel "GLENAPP"	13th Mar.
Motor Vessel "GLENBEG"	7th Apr.
Steamship "GLENIFFER"	4th May.

TO SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & VLADIVOSTOK.

Motor Vessel "GLENSHIEL"	13th Feb.
Motor Vessel "GLENLUCE"	6th Mar.
Steamship "CARNARVONSHIRE"	14th Mar.

For freight, passage and further particulars, apply to:

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
AGENTS: THE GLEN LINE, LTD.

THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.

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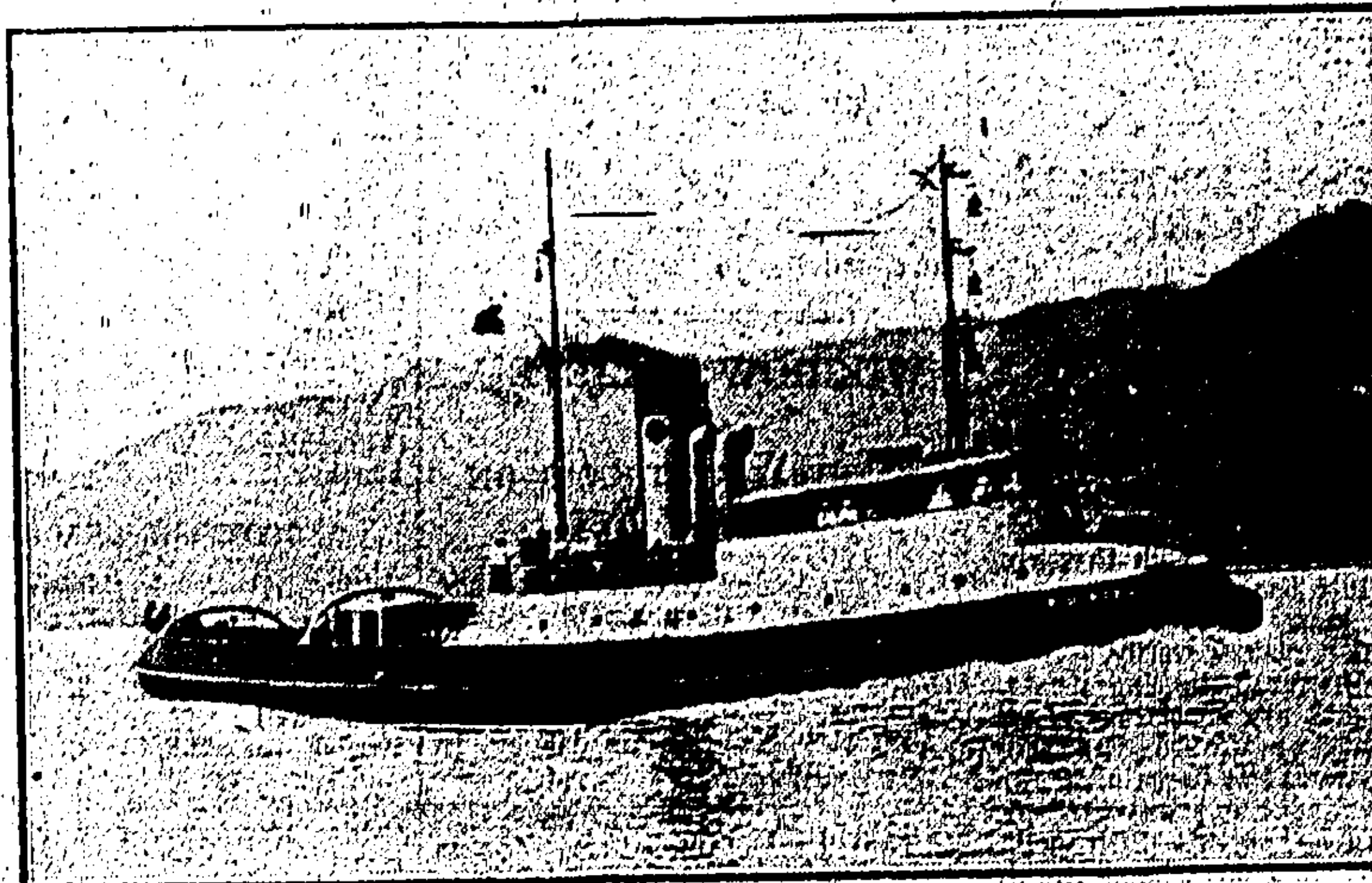
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The Company possesses six Granite Docks and Two Patent Slipways.

The dimensions of No. 1 Dock are 700 ft. x 80 ft. x 80 ft.

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STEAM TUG "FU PING".

Built to the order of the Kailan Mining Administration, Tientsin, for service in Chinwangtao

Dimensions:—Length B.P., 110 ft.; breadth mid., 26 ft.; depth mid., 11 ft.;

780 I.H.P. Mean speed 11.65 knots on trial.

Please address enquiries to the Chief Manager:

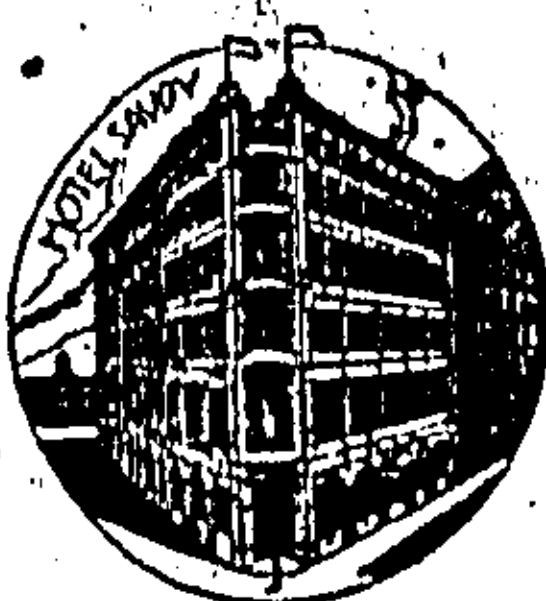
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A First Class Residential and Tourist Hotel with all the Con-
veniences of a Home. Under Entirely European Management. Open
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With beautiful private lawns to the Sea.

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George Goldsack.

CABLES—"RUNNYMEDE."

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at 2.30, 5.30, 7.20 & 9.20

THE ROUGH RIDERS
A Grandstand Picture

With a cast of thousands headed by
Frank Hoppe, the living image of
Theodore Roosevelt.

MAJESTIC
NATHAN ROAD, KOWLOON

MORE TRADE WITH RUSSIA.

NEED OF COMMERCIAL
AGREEMENT.

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS
APPROVES OF PLAN.

NO LOAN POSSIBLE.

On the motion of a lady La-
bour member, the House of Com-
mons yesterday agreed that
the Government should en-
ergetically explore every avenue
that would lead to an increase
of trade with Russia, and that
accordingly a Commercial Agree-
ment should be arranged be-
tween the two countries.

It was pointed out, however,
that in the present state of the
London money market, it was
impossible for the Government
to be responsible for finding
credit for any other nation.
This, of course, rules out the
question of any loan being raised
for Russia.

Need for New Markets.

London, Feb. 5.
In the House of Commons, Miss
Wilkinson (Labourite) initiated a
debate on trade with Russia. She
moved that in view of the grave
state of unemployment in this
country, particularly in heavy
industries, and the imperative
need for new markets for British
goods, the Government should
energetically explore every avenue
which would lead to an increase of
trade with Russia, and that, in
order to put this trade on a
stable basis, a Commercial Agree-
ment should be arranged between
the two countries.

Mr. Gillett, Secretary for the
Overseas Trade Department, reply-
ing to the discussion, said his
Department had done what was
often done by go-ahead business
firms. It had sent out representa-
tives to investigate the position in
Russia. The Government were
doing everything possible to in-
crease trade with Russia.

The Debt Question.

If Russia desired to raise credit
in this country, a settlement of
the various debt questions was a
fundamental necessity, if any
large amount of money was going
to be secured in this country.

When one looked at the position
of the London money market to-
day, faced with the recent finan-
cial crisis and the effect of the
great slump in the United States,
one knew perfectly well that for
any country at present there were
special difficulties in raising loans
on the London money market.
The Government had to bear this
matter in mind, and it was im-
possible to expect that, to any
great extent, they could be respon-
sible for finding credit for any
other Government under present
conditions.

Small Increase Reported.

There was evidence, said Mr.
Gillett, that a large proportion of
the business done with Russia
would not have been undertaken
without the assistance of the
Exports Credit Scheme. The
action of the Labour Government
in opening negotiations with
Russia had already resulted to a
small extent in increased export
trade, and what was equally or
more important, a better feeling
between the two nations which
was likely to lead to better results
in the future.

The Government hoped very
shortly that a Commercial Agree-
ment would be entered into be-
tween the two countries.

The motion was agreed to—
British Wireless.

CHINESE LAD TRIFLE TOO WARY.

AMUSING EPISODE AT THE
POLICE COURT.

"Which would you prefer, prison
or a beating?" asked Mr. Hamilton
of a Chinese lad who was charged
before him at the Central Magis-
trate's court this morning, with throwing
crackers into the air.

"How many strokes?" replied
the offender rather warily.

"Six," answered the Magistrate.
"And what are the terms of im-
prisonment?" questioned the boy,
but this attempt at bargaining failed
to find favour in the eyes of Mr.
Hamilton who replied:—"Oh well, I
make it 15 or 7 days," and the de-
fendant left the dock, his look sug-
gesting that he was aware that he
had made rather a mess of things.

The circumstances which led to
his arrest and punishment were told
by a Chinese constable, who said
that the defendant was using a
cigarette to light the crackers,
after which he threw them up into
the air.

AN OUTBREAK OF RINDERPEST.

200 CATTLE AFFECTED AT
TAI HANG VILLAGE

SITUATION IN HAND.

An outbreak of rinderpest at
Tai Hang village, near Causeway
Bay, will probably result in the
death of fifty per cent. of the
cattle there before the disease is
finally stamped out.

The outbreak has been wide-
spread throughout the village and
has already resulted in a serious
loss being suffered by the owners.
Interviewed by the Telegraph
this morning, Mr. W. J. E.
Mackenzie, the Colonial Veterinary
Surgeon, said that about 200
beasts were affected in the village
and that probably fifty per cent.
of the cases would prove fatal.
The outbreak is not of a very
severe character, but is fairly
widespread throughout the village.

Mr. Mackenzie added that as
soon as the first case was discover-
ed, special precautions were taken
to prevent the disease from
spreading. The cattle were isolat-
ed, and a "hospital" was establish-
ed. The beasts which have not
yet showed signs of infection are
being kept in quarantine.

Asked if the cause of the initial
case had been traced, Mr. Mac-
kenzie said it might have resulted
from infected food. Rinderpest,
however, appeared almost mys-
teriously and it was several years
since a case had occurred at Tai-
Hang village.

Mr. Mackenzie added that in
view of the early precautions
taken, there was no danger of the
disease spreading, and the worse
of the outbreak had now passed.
It was now only a case of a few
more beasts dying.

He also pointed out that rinder-
pest affected only bovines, such
as cattle, buffalo, deer and goats,
and stressed the fact that even if
flesh from an infected animal
were consumed by human beings
there would be no danger, as the
disease is not communicable.

Neither was there danger from
the milk supply from animals
which might have contracted the
disease. One of the early symp-
toms of rinderpest was when the
milk supply stopped. This was
generally the first indication of
the disease, and usually accom-
panied later by a slight increase
in temperature.

FOURTH ROUND OF SCOTTISH CUP.

RANGERS DRAWN AWAY TO
MOTHERWELL.

INTERESTING DRAW.

London, Feb. 5.
The draw for the Third Round
of the Scottish Cup Competition
was made to-day, resulting, as
follows:

Hamilton	v. King's Park.
Partick	v. Aberdeen.
Hibernians	v. Hearts.
Dundee	v. Airdrie.
Celtic	v. St. Mirren.
Falkirk or Queen	v. Leith.
Albion	v. Rangers.
Motherwell	v. Rangers.

Matches to be played on Febru-
ary 15th.—*Reuter.*

The tit-bit of the draw is the
meeting of Motherwell and Glas-
gow Rangers, and current form
suggests that the Glasgow team
will be hard pressed to qualify
for the next round. Celtic have
no easy task with St. Mirren pro-
viding the opposition, while Aber-
deen, one of the best sides of the
season, will need to produce their
very best form to overcome Par-
tick Thistle.

A curiosity of the draw is con-
tained in the fact that while only
four teams outside the First Divi-
sion remain in the competition,
two of them find themselves in
opposition. At least one, there-
fore, will be in the last eight.

WUCHOW RELIEVED.

NATIONALIST TROOPS ON
THE ADVANCE.

It is reported that troops of the
Nationalist Government have
reached Kung-How, which is
situated about 100 miles above
Wuchow.

Martial law is no longer in
force in Wuchow.

The Royal Observatory reports
that the depression has deepened
and moved to the N.E. of the
Bonins. An anticyclone central
over North China is strengthening.
Strong monsoon will prevail along
the S.E. coast of China, and
freshening monsoon over the
North China Sea. The local
forecast till noon to-morrow is—
N.E. winds, fresh; overcast; drizzle
and mist.

HOME FOOTBALL SURPRISES.

MANCHESTER C. LOSE
AT HOME.

POMPEY DEFEAT HOLDERS
OF F.A. CUP.

RESULTS AND TABLES.

London, Feb. 5.
A considerable number of the
English League matches which have
been postponed from time to time
owing to Cup-ties were played off
to-day, and there were some very
surprising results, including the
defeat on their own ground of
Manchester City, second from the
top, by the lowly-placed Everton
team.

Aston Villa also suffered defeat
at home. Three matches in the
Second Division produced drawn
games.

The Rangers made no mistake
in the Scottish Cup when they met
Cowdenbeath in the relay to-day,
winning by three goals to one.

The full results as cabled by
Reuter, together with league
tables, are appended:

SCOTTISH CUP REPLAYS.

Hearts	5	St. Bernard's	1
Cowdenbeath	0	Rangers	3

FIRST DIVISION.

Portsmouth	3	Bolton	0
Manch. City	1	Everton	2
Aston Villa	1	Burnley	2
Derby	4	West Ham	3

P. W. D. L. F. A. Pts.

Wednesday	26	16	6	4	68	30	38
Manchester C.	27	14	6	7	64	49	34
Derby	27	15	4	8	55	50	34
Leeds	26	14	2	10	50	37	30
Blackburn	28	12	5	11	69	65	29
Huddersfield	27	12	5	10	40	44	23
Liverpool	27	12	5	10	40	63	23
Aston Villa	27	12	4	11	54	64	23
Leicester	27	12	4	11	67	68	23
Bolton	28	10	7	11	60	67	27
Middlesbrough	28	10	3	12	58	65	27
Burnley	28	10	1	11	67	65	27
Portsmouth	27	9	8	10	47	42	20
Sheffield U.	27	11	4	12	56	55	23
Manchester U.	27	11	3	13	43	64	25
Birmingham	26	8	7	11	42	40	23
Arsenal	26	9	5	12	40	38	23
West Ham	28	9	5	14	67	60	23
Sunderland	28	9	7	11	43	51	23
Everton	28	7	9	12	49	58	23
Grimaby	28	7	8	14	46	60	20
Newcastle	28	9	2	15	47	69	20

SECOND DIVISION.

Reading	1	Oldham	1
Nottingham	1	Millwall	1
Barnsley	1	Bradford	1

P. W. D. L. F. A. Pts.

Oldham	27	15	8	4	61	30	38
Blackpool	26	17	2	7	60	51	36
Chelsea	27	12	10	5	48	27	34
Bradford	27	13	7	7	50	45	33
Bury	27	13	4	10	62	47	30
Southampton	27	12	5	10	53	49	29
Wolves	27	11	7	9	53	48	29
West Brom.	26	12	7	10	42	37	27
Charlton	26	9	8	9	39	35	27
Cardiff	27	11	5	11	37	37	27
Stoke	28	10	6	12	53	63	26
Notts. Forest	27	10	9	8	42	26	26
Hull	26	10	5	11	37	47	25
Notts. County	27	8	12	9	37	41	24
Tottenham	27	8	11	10	39	44	24
Preston N.E.	27	9	6	12	42	63	24
Bradford C.	26	8	7	11	39	47	23
Reading	28	7	9	12	34	45	23
Millwall	27	8	10	10	41	52	23
Walsall	27	8	10	10	40	60	22
Barnsley	27	7	13	15	35	48	21
Swansea	27	6	6	15	35	48	18

THIRD DIVISION (SOUTH).

Exeter City	4	Clapton O.	0
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P. W. D. L. F. A. Pts.

Brentford	26	18	3	5	61	27	39
Plymouth	28	15	6	2	57	21	36
Brighton	24	15	4	5	57	31	34
Northampton	24	15	3	6	41	22	33
Bournemouth	22	11	8	4	43	24	30
Warrick	28	12	6	8	55	49	30
Southend	25	10	5	10	51	33	30
Crystal Pal.	27	11	7	9	55	55	29
Fulham	25	11	4	8	50	48	28
Coventry	24	12	3	9	54	40	27
Queens P.R.	24	8	8	8	34	41	24
Walsall	25	9	5	11	48	48	23
Exeter	26	8	6	12	47	47	22
Luton	25	8	6	11	37	49	21
Swindon	26	7	12	4	41	47	21
Clapton O.	25	7	10	10	22	36	20
Newport	25	7	5	13	43	50	19
Watford	26	7	5	14	32	45	19
Torquay	26	6	8	14	38	59	18
Bristol R.	23	6	5	12	43	62	17
Gillingham	27	6	4	17	27	57	16
Merthyr	23	2	7	14	26	63	11

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

Celtic	1	Airdrie	2
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P. W. D. L. F. A. Pts.

Rangers	24	19	3	2	63	20	41
Aberdeen	27	17	5	6	64	41	39
Motherwell	26	16	8	7	61	39	35
Partick	26	13	4	9	50	45	30
St. Mirren	26	14	3	10	55	38	30
Kilmarnock	26	11	8	7			